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OUTTRE

BARRED BY P. BYRNE, GLAPTIC TRANSP.

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REPRIETED FOR THE AUTHOR.

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HE confusion of Amana subsided the regarded me with a look of compla cency and firmness. "Thou mayes ra ther," faid the in a frank tone, "defpile my lightness than condemn my rigou Stay," faid the (feeing me about to interrupt her) "I know, myfelf undefery ing of difdain, and therefore I fear is not In proving thy faith I fatisfy my pride and if thou comest unhurt from the wial A 2

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Amana

Amana can give thee her favour without a dishonour, and without a blush."

"Say only, dear lady," continued I, "that thy wishes go with me." "Thou art too importunate," replied Amana, covering her face with her hand. "One word only to soften the pangs of absence." "I confess then," said she, turning her head a little, "that if thou failest, Amana will not be too happy."

"Enough, dear lady—that transporting hint shall be as an amulet to preserve my fidelity—Farewell—may the bleffed hosts of faints and angels, guard and watch over thee until I behold thee again." I arose, pressed her snowy hand, no more reluctant to my lips, and quitted her presence.

I then gave orders to my fervants to prepare for our departure. All things were quickly ready, and I went in fearch of my confidence. "Dear Catherine," faid I, "to thee I commit the trust of my love

-repre-

fer her not to forget me keep of all intruding fuitors let them not deprive me of the prize of constancy." "Beware of suspicion," replied Catherine, "assure thyself of my care, and Amana's truth." We separated I departed instantly from the castle of Glencairn; and though some regret found place amongst my sensations, they were say from being painful or unpleasant.

Instead of returning immediately, to my own country, I visited the court of Edinburgh. My name was neither unknown nor obscure, and the length of my sojourn at the castle of Glencairn had rendered the cause suspected: every one hailed me as the chosen servant of Amana. Though I gloried in my love, I respected her reputation, and sought to stiffle those reports in their birth. But same, ever communicative and busy, carried them even to the ear of the Scottish Monarch.

A 3

Hen

He condescended to congratulate me on my approaching good fortune, and to felicitate himself on acquiring half the fealty of Montmorency.

Not content with this goodness, he would even order gallant shews for my entertainment—feasts, balls and tournaments took place.

I entered the lifts, bearing a shield, with the device of an armed warrior, holding a flaming heart, and underneath was written the motto of——" By this I conquer!"

The chief of Montrole offered himfelf as my first antagonist. Before we turned our horses for the encounter, he whispered in my ear, "remember we fight for Amana!" "Be it so," cried I, joyfully, "let us see who is most deserving of her smiles."

We had time for no more—the trumper founded a charge—we rushed against each other with a rude shock which unfixed fixed us both in our faddles. We recovered ourselves—we darted our lances
that of Mohirose broke into a thousand
pieces against any shield. At the same
instant pursuing my advantage, I unhorsed than. The spectators set up loud
shouts, and the judges of the field declared me victor.

My adversary, butting with rage and fliame, flatted up and drew his fword.

If thou art a man I" faid he, "let us meet hand to hand let us contemn this play of infants, and end our combat as becomes knighthood," "I accept thy offer," faid I, leaping off my horse, and drawing my sword also:

The judges interposed, and would have prevented us; but I, running towards the King, and bending one knee, belought him to suffer us to engage.

"Valiant Montmorency," cried he,
"I prize thy life, yet will I not refuse
thy request. Montrose deserves chastise-

A 4

ment

ment for being the aggressor Go and conquer."

I bowed, and returned to my, adverfary. "Well," cried he (mistaking the cause of my retreat), "has thy request speeded?—Have thy sears prevailed?" "Let this speak for me," said I, putting myself in a posture of desence.

The judges retired. We began our encounter. Montrofe, eager for my life, was thrown off his guard by fury. He laid himfelf open to my strokes, and thought not of defence. In the heat of the fight his foot slipped, and he fell backward. I turned the point of my fword to the earth, and assisted him to rife.

"Thou art a generous enemy," faid he, "but thus I thank thee." So saying he rushed upon me with fresh rage.

I was now equally inflamed with himfelf—We closed. At the moment he thought to have pierced my bosom, I wrested wrested the weapon from his hand.

"My life is at thy disposat," faid he, in a tone of confusion; "I life to the decute thy vengeaned." Thou knowst not Montmorency," cried I, delivering him his sword. "Come—if the angerie not yet glutted, let us magage again."

ting the weapon drops "Valorous knight! thou half conquered the foul of Montrole. Wilt thou accept his friend-thip as readily as thou didft his defi-

He opened his arms: I rushed into them; we embraced. The spectators repeated their shows "Thou only art worthy of Amana," stide he rid a downoise " accurated be he who prefumes to interrupt your loves!" and not one in The monarch commanded us to approach; we obeyed, said profrated ourselves before him and fallacts ment," cried he, "ye have equally manifested.

A 5, your

your valour and your generofity. Thou, Montmorency), and alltrue knight, and Montrole falls not fan below thee. Arife, and receive the rewards of your bravery. The Belle " where bright her

We arose. He pointed his finger to a fair troop of ladies, who were feated befide the lifts. Two of the most eminent for rank and beauty bound wreaths of laurel around our brows. We killed their hands, and were about to retire, when the who had crowned me took an embroidered fcarf from her shoulders, and threw out over my armidim sid benego off

Brave knight, cried flie, "wear this; though Amana poffels thy thoughts," That found and the action of her who fpoke, made me regard her with more attention than before I mor aquinomical

She was young, and of an exeraordinary beauty. But that beauty had not the modelt fweetness of Amena: it was bold and afforming. She bore my glances

with

with an unblutting affect; and feemed to accept them as a just homage to her charms. Her affired air difficulted me, but I consessed my difficulted under an appearance of respect, and making a love obeifance retired.

The tournament continued fome hours, and was concluded by a feast, at which all the principal nobles and ladies of the court affisted. I found her whom Eliave mentioned to be the daughter of Lord: Ruthwen, who had fallen in the same engagement which had brought me acquainted with Amana. Sole Reires of his extensive possessions, and uncontroused by any other guide than her own will, prosperity had corrupted her manners, and her heart.

The King obliged me to fit near him.
He looked at this lady and at the fearf—
"Ah!" faid he, in a low voice, "I fear the fater of Malcolm is forgotten." The fispposition filing my foul; I was tempted

me with contempt. But reason came to my aid, and restrained me from an act so rude and slighting. L determined however to wear this suspected, ornament no more.

Next day I appeared without it. The King observed me. "Thou art still constant," said her smiling. I bowed Nothing farther passed at that time.

then thought of returning to England.
I took leave of the King, and my friends, among whom Montrole was chief. The evening before my departure, a page put the following billet into my hands:

Montmorency, thou art believed:
brave and resolute. Prove thyself both,
by following the bearer of this whereever he shall conduct thee.

resolution was taken. "Lead on," said

I to the page, "Montmorency is inca-

There is no cause to fear," was the reply. He turned his steps, I followed. We passed through various windings, and at length came to the gate of a magnificent house. My conductor went in. I accompanied him. We entered a sumptuous apartment, and he lest me.

In a few minutes a lady appeared; covered with a long veil. Before I had time to express my astonishment, she raised the veil, and encreased it. It was the daughter of Ruthven!

"Thou art surprized," said the, "and perhaps wilt be more so at my discourse. But if thy soul be truly noble, thou wilt: esteem me for despising the little arts of my sex, and admire that frankness, which soorning disguise and affectation, reveals the feelings of my heart."

She held out her hand; mine met its not. I turned from her "Englishman," man," cried the, "affume not this ail of haughtiness 'till thou hast heard me.

I felt confused—"Pelhaps," said I to myself, "my own vanity has led me into a mistake of her meaning. That thought contributed to alter my behaviour. "Lady," said I, approaching her, "I pray thee pardon my rudeness—I attend thy commands." Alast replied she, in a softer tone, "miste are requests—not commands." She seated herself, and obliged me to follow her example. My doubts returned. She attempted to put on a look of modesty, but her seatures would not allow it.

"I mean," faid the, "to acquaint thee with a fecret that concerns my peace. Thou will wonder that to thee, a stranger, I introst it: but it is from thee alone I expect affistance and redress." My doubts vanished once more.

I love," continued file, I love an infentible, an ingrate. But flay, per-

Heaven

haps I accuse him without reason—perhaps he knows not the passion with which he has impired me.—All! if ignorance alone——

She paufed, but finding I continued

Theu that plead for me, noble: Montmorency. He is thy friend. Tell him O tell Him! - that my peace, my happinels depends on his fentibilitythat the first moment I beheld him kindled fuch a flame in my breaft, as even his Boldness cannot extinguish what I die if he is unkind; and will feel more than mortal felicity if he returns my love. Awake his compassion; represent to him my torments; paint them as exquifite, inexpressible : thou needest not fear being too extravagant in thy colouring -Call interest too to thy aid. Thou mayest tell him that the daughter of Ruthven is: not to be despised that her wealth is: almost inerheustible, her tank istustrious.

Heaven

Heaven has endowed her too with a moderate share of beauty. Of that say nothing; he has already seen it—he can judge."

"And to whom," faid I, "am I to make this communication? Is it to Montrole?" "O, no to a much nearer friend," "Good God!" exclaimed I, "fure thou canfinot mean Fitz Ofborne?" "I know him not," answered the daughter of Ruthven.

faid I, perplexed "Ah! infulsing blindness!" exclaimed the "learn than to whom thou must plead. Not to Montrole—not to Fitz Ofborne—not to any other but Montmorency."

"Proud Englishmen," cried she "dost thou foorn me?" "No, lady," replied, "far from scorning, I render thee my thanks for a goodness unmerited and undeserved. But I can no more. Another

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is already mistress of my foul. To her my vows, are paid, and I cannot retract them.

Amana! canst thou preser her to the daughter of Ruthven?" said she, haughtily. "Yes, thou dost choose her severity, rather than my love! Capricious!—ungrateful!" "Go," continued she, "go, crouch at the seet of Amana, deprecate her distain. Go—thou dost not indeed merit my affection; but thou hast well deserved my hate. Begone!—and dread its effects!"

I bowed—I advanced to the gate, and opened it immediately. A few moments carried me back to my lodgings. I entered them triumphantly. "I have facificed at the shrine of constancy !" faid I, in a joyful tone. The resection delighted me. Amana was present to my mind. I thought I heard her applaud the fidelity of her knight. I painted to my felf

portment. I compared it with the boldnefs of Lady Ruthven. My heart found and fimilitude between them. One excitcited my admiration, the other my liftguff.

Next morn I quitted Edinburgh with my retinue. On arriving in England, I flew to Fitz-Olborne, and acquainted him with the progress of my love. He participated in my fatisfaction, and encouraged my hopes. After spending some weeks in the sweets of unreserved friendship, I repaired to my own habitation. I was welcomed by my vasials with sincere demonstrations of affection. To thy fire I owed this affection: he had taught me to conciliate it, by kindness and beneficence.

My Emma was not forgotten. I visited the monastery, and beheld her more blooming and more levely than before. Nor was her mind less charming than her per-

fon.

fon. It was ingenuous, artlefs and unfurpeding a graceful and captivating simplicity, the offspring of innocent and modest worth, accompanied all her motions.

I resolved to wear, out the time of my probation in the society of this dear of ter, but my determination was changed by an incident, at once unexpected and delightful.

In returning one day from the cloyfler, a domestic gave me the following hillet:

"Amana is not unacquainted with thy gallantry, or thy generofity; the has

" heard of Montrofe, and the daughter

", of Ruthven; her heart approves and

thanks thee. But thou must quit idle-

" ness and obscurity; where there is no

temptation, there can be no relistance.

"Hie thee to court, expose thyself to

" the attractions of its beauties, fee if

-ne had f

" thou

"thou canst view them; with a steady
"eye, and an unshaken soul. Go and
"prosper—be resolute—be constant, and
"thy reward is certain."

I perused this paper several times, before my transports would suffer me to inquire how it came. At length I acquired
composure enough to do so, and my domettic replied, that a page in a Scottish
habit, mounted on a seet courser, had
given him the billet, and as soon as he
had performed that office, had rushed
away with the speed of the wind. I instantly dispatched messengers in quest of
this page. They returned unsuccessful;
he had left no trace of his course.

has commanded—It remains only for her fervant to obey. Yes, he will court temptation; he will brave the fiery ordeal, and come off unhurt; the idea of Amana shall be his protection—his shield, and his defence."

1 haften-

I haltened to court; I beheld its brightest fair ones, and still continued constant to my first enslaver.

Walter Fitz-Ofborne was then high in favour with the King; as the brother of thy fire, I could have loved him, but his behaviour precluded even efteem. Ambitious and defigning, he united the meanness of a parasite with the insolence of pride; yet the fire held him next his heart. I mourned his infatuation, but could not prevent it at less than the price of our friendship. Strange! that though possessing every virtue himself, he could not perceive the deficiency in Walter. But why do I fay strange? Noble minds are ever the least fulpicious, and the most liable to imposition from the unworthy and the artful.

I was foon enabled to give a fresh proof of my faith to Amana. The daughter of the Earl of Chester beheld me with favourable eyes. Her fire offered her to

Sim

me in marriage, with a confiderable portion. She was young, fair and gentle; but I rejected her.

My year was now nearly concluded, and I looked forward to my approaching happiness with joyful expectation—It terminated. I returned to my castle, took a hasty leave of Emma, and set off for Scotland.

How shall I describe my sensations, my transports on beholding again the mansion of Glencairn! Near thirty years of bitter pain and remorse have not obliterated them from my memory. If they were then exquisite, how were they encreased by the fight of Amana! no longer cool or reserved, but blushing, kind, acknowledging.

Why should I dwell on a scene, the recollection of which renders my prefent misery more intolerable! We were united in the presence of her friends and kinsmen. The Scottish King de-

fired

fired, to become a spectagor of our felicity, and we repaired to Ediphurgh, in pursuance of his invitation. That monarch solemnized our arrival with various sports and entertainments. My Amana was the delight and admiration of all who beheld her: the was my treature and my happiness—the solace of my life—the supreme good of my existence.

Lady Ruthwen had left the city on the first intelligence of our nuptials: I rejoiced at her absence, and my compassionate Amana sighed for the cause. The only bar to my happiness was the disappointment of Montrose, and the pangs I judged he felt in consequence.

He removed this bar. He defired me to introduce him to the presence of my wife, and to see by his behaviour, whether friendship had conquered love. I complied. He addressed Amana with a free and disengaged aspect.

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" Beau-

bast chosen well. In preferring Montmorency to Montrose, thou hast proved thy discernment. The rejected repines not he approves thy judgment, and applands thy choice—Ye are worthy of each other. May the curse of Heaven pursue that daring person, who shall attempt to interrupt your loves! For Montrose, he will not cease to consider your selicity as his own, and to pray for its duration."

Amana bowed and finited at his and

Generous friend!" exclaimed I, hear too the words of Montmorency. May that moment which impairs his confidence in thee, be the last of his happiness!—May that Heaven which thou namest, punish his doubts with mifery most acute!"

My wife shuddered: a tear trickled from her eye; it was the fatal presage of missortune. I heeded it not then, save as it afflicted her.

" Soul

"Soul of my life!" cried I tenderly,
"Why art thou disturbed? the imprecation is impotent, if I incur it not, and
of that I am well assured; banish then
these clouds of sorrow from thy brow—
smile as thou wert wont upon thy Montmorency." Amana brightened; she forgot the imprecation, and I was happy.

Montrose saw us every day while we continued in Edinburgh: he was the partner of all our pleasures, and the consi-

dant of all our thoughts.

It was at length time to depart. I was eager to prefent a fifter to my Emma, and a mistress to my vassals. The King gave us new marks of his goodness on our taking leave. After obliging my wife to accept many costly presents, he desired her not to forget she was yet a Scottish subject.

"Thou goest," cried he, " to acquire new friends, but be not unmindful of these thou quittest. Love thy spouse, Vol. II.

but forget not thy father, and thy King !? He extended his hand; Amana killed it respectfully.

Montmorency," refumed the monarch, "cherish thy spoule, and preserve some remembrance of Scotland. Thou must do more—thou must visit us frequently, for art thou not already half a Scot?"

I bowed, and assured him of compliance. We retired, and prepared for our departure. Montrose seemed strongly affected. He pressed my hand frequently, and bade me adieu with a faltering voice.

Beheld me now on my return to England. We croffed the Tweed, and Amana foon loft fight of her native hills.

I pointed out to her observation the fertility of the country through which we passed. She sighed. I enquired from whence proceeded that sigh.

"Pardon me, beloved spouse," she replied, "I confess, these plains, smiling

ing with plenty, form a fentible contract to the rude and undecorated appearance of my native mountains: yet, though nature feems there to threaten, not invice, the ftill has charms: her wildness pleases while it terrifies. These enamelled fields, this luxuriant corn, this affemblage of peaceful beauties, strike not the foul of Amana with the fame fenfations of wonder and delight, as the brown heath, which, agitated by the breath of Heaven, waves redundant on the highland's brow; as the tall fir which lifts its piny verdure to the clouds, and feems to mock the rage of rushing tempefts."

"Amana then regrets these scenes?" said I, in a tone of concern. "Ah! dear spouse," replied she, "but I will cease to regret them, for have I not Montmorency?" I pressed her to my bosom, and all was peace again.

In approaching the mansion of my ancestors, we were saluted by the joyful B 2 shouts faouts of my vassals; who, clad in their best attire, had come to welcome their new mistress to her dwelling. Amana was pleased: she seemed to forget Scotland from that moment, and to center all her happiness in home.

I brought Emma from the monastery.

I introduced those persons so dear to me to each other. A strict affection dom-menced between them. Amana regarded Emma with a maternal tenderness, and my sister's love for Amana was mingled with reverence and respect.

Our days rolled on in a ferene felicity, 'till my Amana presented me with a pledge of our union. We had scarce rejoiced for its birth, when we mourned its loss; two days after it beheld the light, it expired, and my wife and I experienced the pangs of parental forrow.

Fitz-Osborne, who was to have been sponfor to my boy, hastened to us, joined in our grief, and consoled it by participation.

cipation. Three years passed away, and in that interval two more boys were born to me, who shared the desiry of the first.

The frequency of these events, accustomed me to bear them with resignation. I blessed Heaven for leaving me Amana. But her health wasted insensibly. I was alarmed: I recollected my promise to the Scottish King, and hoping a change of scene might amuse her grief, took her and Emma to Edinburgh.

Montrole welcomed me with open arms. He sympathized in my concern for Amana, not with the servour of a lover, but with the sincerity of a friend. His society became necessary to my happiness. I entreated him to bear me company to England. He assented, but we continued two months longer in Scotland. We visited my wife's estates, cheared the hearts of her vassals, and returned to the capital.

B 3

-toold

Lady

Lady Ruthven had arrived there during our absence. I knew not of this circumstance till I beheld her at court. She answered the cold salute I made with a frown, and a look of scorn. My wife next attracted her notice, and her frowns redoubled. The gentle Amana shrunk from her scrutinizing regards; she caught my arm, "Montmorency," cried she, "let us avoid that woman—she shocks, she terrifies me."

The daughter of Ruthven observed her action, and assumed a malicious smile. Nothing farther occurred at this interview, and we had several more resembling it. One night we attended at a feast in the palace. My wife, Emma, and Montrose were separated from me by the throng: as I advanced to seek them, I selt some person pull me. I turned: it was Lady Ruthven! Surprize rendered me immoveable, I attempted not to break from her.

" Mont-

Montmorency," cried the, with a fostened aspect and tender voice, to hast thou ceased to be cruel?—wilt thou listen to the unfortunate daughter of Ruthwen?—thou mayest—the will not be importunate—thy sensibility would now be nothing to her—but Oh!—she cannot support thy aversion!"

"Lady," replied I calmly, "recollect what thou owest to thyself, and to homour."

"Ah! unkind and ungrateful!" cried the, "and to whom do I owe the forget fulness of my duties, but to thee? Hadit thou never visited Scotland, my heart had remained unsubdued, and my reputation unblemished; but now the despair that possesses the first, renders me careless of the last. Yes, cruel, I despise the censure of the world; I contemn its applause!—fame, honour, praise, are valueless to me, fince I have failed to gain thy affection—fince I have met thy hatred!"

Lady," faid I, penetrated with compassion, "Montmorency is not base; he cannot hate thee; he is grateful for thy favour, and anxious for thy repose."

"O Heaven! do I hear aright?" exclaimed the, with sparkling eyes, "are thou grateful—art thou interested in my repose?—Ah! Montmorency; delude me not—let not thy pity induce thee to sooth me with deceitful hopes."

She paused; the regarded me with a languishing air—she put her white hand on mine, and I felt it tremble. My good angel presented to me that moment the idea of Amana. I drew my hand away, and suffered hers to drop.

Her looks became confused, but it was the confusion of pride, not modesty. Too just were my apprehensions," said she, recovering herself, "too vain my hopes!—thy heart, flinty and obdurate to me, beats only for Amana."

"Lady," faid I, willing to conclude the conference, "we are observed.

Stander has many tongues let us avoid her calumnies." Inches das failt ad selling am

mossifthour wouldn leave me?" cried the haughtly ; whithou wouldn't leave mefor this idol-this wife perhaps thou dreadest her refentment?—Alas! poor wretche arenthou the flave of domeftic tyranny ?'ho nod gaivasliva adqueschoq

The taunt moved my mirth: I fmiled.

Tis well!" refumed the, "I ambecome too the object of thy ridicule? But beware that thou doft not thortly incur the feory of the world? Thou art atame bufband—thou art a convenient one too-Amana thanks thee-fhe is condescending, and Montrose is grateful." I flarted "Go," continued the Freturn to thy kind friend-to thy faithful wife."

Her eyes beamed with a malicious joy. I was undeceived; I faw that her words were the off-fpring of difappointment and revenge. That conviction made meelayr.

B 5

break

break from her with disdoin, and I joined my wife that instant.

Amana had observed my conversation with Lady Ruthven. Her seatures were expressive of concern, but it vanished at my approach. Her sival appeared no more that night: she had quitted the palace upon my leaving her.

Though my reason gave no credit to her infinuation, yet it took an involuntary hold of my thoughts. I watched Montrole narrowly, without meaning to do so, but could discern no cause for suspicion in his deportment. For from being assiduous about my wise, he attached himself solely to Emma. I perceived that she listened to his discourse, not merely with attention, but with pleasure.

I lost my anxiety. I determined to cultivate this growing affection, and fancied that in that purpose, I consulted only the happiness of Emma and Montrose.

they were tinctured with a tifing jealoufy—the bane of my future peace the fpring of my crimes—the directification of my crimes—the directification of my remorfed.

Willing to avoid any forther interviews with Lady Ruthven, and finding the purpose of my journey answered, in Amana's returning health, I determined to depart from Scotland without delay. Montrose held his resolution to accompany me to England. The innecent Emana could not conceal her delight at this tefolution; my wife was pleased, and I feemed so, but her pleasure destroyed my satisfaction.

Spite of myfelf, I began to treat Montrofe with coolness and referve. Sensible of no change in his own mind, he perseived not mine immediately. It foon became too evident to escape his notice; he expostulated with me on the apparent decline of my friendship, and Lappeared hurs.

denominals

hurt by the charge. To remove his fufpicions, I concealed my own. I evenaffected to esteem him more than ever. But my expressions were accompanied with an air of contempt which contradicted their tero ir.

Montrose perceived it, but mistook the cause. He seemed to consider my behaviour as the effect of caprice and fickleness. This idea concerned him at first, and then insensibly weakened his attachment towards me.

Notwithstanding the mutual distrust which possessed us, we did not separate. We quitted Ediaburgh, and reached my castle in a few days.

Amana, now wholly reflored to health, refumed the natural bent of her disposition, which was gay and cheerful. She uttered a thousand playful fallies of innocent mirth. She formed various plans for our amusement.

Her solicitude displeased me-"It is sor Montrose," said I to myself. I condemned Fitz-Ofborne foon added one more to our fociety—Alhamed of my fenfations, and afraid of his differnment. I concealed; them more carefully than ever. He was deceived—he congratulated me on a happiness I felt not. Pleasure feemed to pervade my dwelling—every thing smiled—all were at peace—but Montmorency.

Fitz-Osborne was called away by the illness of his fire. His absence, far from grieving me, seemed to remove a weight from my heart—I thought constraint less necessary when exempt from his observation. Again did care cloud my countenance—again did the gloom of suspicion resume its place on my brow. Amana perceived my disquietude—ignorant from whence it proceeded, her endeavours to allay it produced a contrary effect.

All things conspired for my guilt and her destruction. Montrose, at that time,

lost

absent, he entered no more into sprightly discourses, but spent most of his hours in solitude. My wife accused him of inattention to her and Emma—she would rally him in sport, and say he lamented some fair Scottish lady, to whom he had given his yows.

This ridicule appeared to hart my fifter. She would watch the countenance of Montrofe—if he fighed, the answered that fight with another—if he quitted the apartment, the would follow him with her eyes, and then fink into a deep and painful reverie.

I measured all these circumstances by the line of my jealous fancy. "If Montrose loved Emma," faid I, "why should he not declare his passion without fear?—that she loves him, is as evident as her unhappiness—and from whence should this unhappiness arise, but from his neglect?"

That:

That idea led to another, which was always prefent to ing mind, though the fenglis to differ in the least the least

"Ah!" refumed I, "it is most certain that he loves, and that my fifter is
not the object—what other then—if
Amana "in the sale of the country

I shuddered—I attempted to sty from my own thoughts—it was not possible. I now treated Montrose, not merely with coldness, but a strong marked aversion. His melancholy redoubled, but he spuke not of returning to Scotland.

Amana, encreased my torments. I had answered rudely to a question that Montrose had asked me, and he lest the apartment where we were, abruptly.

"Dear spouse;" said Amana, throwing her arms around me, "from whence
proceeds this change in thy featiments
and conduct? Montrose once possessed
thy esteem; how has he lost it?"

isomot Amon

"Ha!"

thou interested for Montrose ?? A Mys. husband!" exclaimed Amana, in an acceptant of surprise.

dyed my cheek. "Forgive me, dear partner of my life," faid I, embracing her, "am I changed? — I knew it not."

A tear started from Amana's eye — In kissed it off. "Indeed thou art changed," faid she, in a tone of tender reproof, "once thou wouldst have rejoiced in! Amana's smiles—once thou wouldst have listened to her expostulations without anger!"

"And I will do fo still;" cried I; pressing her to my bosom. She returned my endearments. We continued some time in the sweet transports of forgiving love, and my soul was again at peace.

Short was its duration. Amana feeing, my composure, spoke again of Montrose. "He has no longer thy friendship or thy considence,"

confidence," faid the, "were it not better that ye feparated?—let him return to his own country, and not by his prefence interrupt the happiness of an union of four years."

"And why should his presence inter-

"Ah! Montmorency," she refumed, "remember thy imprecation—beware of suspicion and distrust."

I started—she embraced me—I regard ed her circling arms as the folds of the serpent. Yet at the same time that my heart recoiled at this mark of her tenderness, I had affected to receive it with transport. To such baseness—such artifice, had jealousy reduced me!

"Why," faid I to myfelf, "why should she caution me against suspicion if she were innocent?—Ah! 'tis too plain!—they love each other—she would lull me to security, by desiring the absence of Montrose."

While

While I thus continued to torment myself, thy sire, by the decease of his father, became Earl of Fitz-Osborne. Filial affection induced him to lament an event, which another, less noble, had regarded with joy. I would have participated in his affliction, but my own eagrossed me wholly. He knew not the reason of my neglect, and resented it. I saw him no more—the crisis of my fate approached.

One morning in rifing from my couch, I perceived a paper lying upon my pillow. It would have escaped my notice, but that the following direction caught my eye: "To the injured Montmorency." I grasped it in my hand, and passed quickly into the anti-chamber, fearful of awaking Amana.

Great Heaven! what did I feel on perusing its contents? They informed me of what I had before too fatally conjectured. That my wife and Mon-

trofe

trofe entertained an ardent passion for each other—that the melancholy of the latter, his pensiveness, his defire of solitude, were assumed for the purpose of deceiving me, and furthering his interviews with Amana, which were frequent and fecret.

While I flood almost deprived of sense, my favourite domestic entered the anti-chamber. At the sight of the paper and my attitude, he trembled, and seemed much agitated in the paper and sense.

I perceived these appearances; it struck me that he was the intelligencer. I advanced suddenly towards the door, barred it, and held out the paper. He dropped on his knees, and manifested all the tokens of terror and consternation.

"Speak," faid I, faltering, " art thou the author of this caution?" "My malter!"—He paufed. "Proceed," cried I, (in a voice half cheaked with rage) " declare my shame!" "Parden thy fer-

vant

(assuming a terrified aspect) "to what has it reduced me!"

"By Heaven!" cried I, friatching up a fword, "if thou dost trifle more, this weapon shall be buried in thy heart!"

He arose—"I will satisfy my master," said he, "I was indeed the writer of that paper—satal since it has thus disturbed thee. Would to God my hand had withered ere—. Spare thy displeas sure," continued he, "I will tell thee all."

He then confirmed the contents of the paper, and added many more circumstances, any one of which was enough to agonize my foul.

" Curfes

"Curfes blast the wretch!" cried I,
"who has robbed me of my Amana's
love!—who has violated her innocence!
—May the wrath of Heaven overtake!
Montmorency if he punish not his perfidy!"

My domestic interrupted the effusions of my rage. He belought me to moderate my transports, and to follow his counsel.—He represented to me that Amana and Montrole were now too guarded in their conduct to furnish me with any proofs of their guilt-that it was better to encrease their security, by a feigned composure, and even to pretend a visit to Fitz-Osborne, but still continue concealed in the caftle. The idea of my absence, he said, would render them less careful of hiding their intrigue, and I might then have both conviction and revenge. wall treat were Tollmost selt sivill

Blinded by jealoufy 1 applauded this counfel, and determined to embrace it.

The

The idea of vengeance inspired me with a horrible joy; I doubted not whether it was just; I thought only of executing it. My domestic exacted a promise from me to dissemble 'till he gave the signal.

Seven days did I pass in agonies. During that time I observed, as well as my distraction would allow, that Emma had regained her wonted chearfulness, and seemed pleased and happy. Montrose appeared too, to have forgot his melancholy in some measure; Amana smiled; and all added fresh suel to my tortures. I imagined they had conspired to deceive my sister; that thought made me pant anew for the hour of vengeance.

It arrived. My domestic informed me it was now time to visit Fitz-Osborne. I told my purpose to Amana; she encouraged it. With difficulty could I restrain the rage of my heart. "Yet a little while," faid I, "and I shall be satisfied!"

I fet off, but returned at midnight My confederate admitted me unperceiv-I concealed myfelf in an unfrequented chamber, and continued there 'till the enfuing evening. At its close my domestic entered-" New!" faid he, and paufed.

It was enough. I grafped my fword, and followed his fteps: they led to the chamber of Amana. The door was half open. I beheld Montrole kneeling at her feet. I heard her fpeak to him in a tender voice; I saw him press her hand to his lips.

Fury possessed me-I rushed in ;-I plunged my fword in his breaft-He fell back, bereft of life-Amana shrieked.

" Ah! traitres!" cried I, (drawing my weapon from the body of Montrole). " thou shalt-die!" I pierced her bosom -O Heaven !- and yet I live!

Youth, thou art struck with horror: yet thou thinkest her guilty. What then

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wilt

wilt thou feel?—How wilt thou execrate me, when I tell thee, the was innocent, pure and undefiled!

While I hung, already repentant of the stroke, over my bleeding saint, Emma rushed in. She looked at the corse of Montrose—" O God!" cried she wildly, throwing hersels on the ground, "O God! my spouse—my betrothed—my beloved!" I started. "It is true," said the dying Amana, "my husband—some horrible mystery has deceived thee." "Hal" cried I, "say not I am deceived!—Was not Montrose thy paramour?"

"It is now my consolation," replied Amana, "that I have been chaste and faithful, since the first moment our hands were united. If I have strayed from my duty to thee, even in thought, may that Judge before whom I go to appear, punish my falshood with the sentence of eternal wrath!

"Then I am a wretch for ever?" exclaimed I. "But stay—did I not see him him at thy feet?—Didft thou not regard him with loving—with luxurious glances?

"Alas!" faid Amana, faintly, "thou fawest through the medium of jealousy. He loved—he was married to Emma; he implored me to intercede—"

She could no more; her voice faltered. The stream of life bubbled from her wound apace. I attered loud cries; my domestics came running in—"O Heaven's who has done this?" they exclaimed. Stupified with excess of misery, I spoked not.—They surrounded their mistress, attempted to starich her blood, and bore her to a couch. I slew to this couch; I knelt beside it—" Save her!" cried I, "I save her!—and take all the wealth of Montmorency!"

feel the approach of death, but I die fatisfied if thou believest me innocent."

She paused—" Look to the forlorn C Emma,"

Manage 3

Emma," added the, in an interrupted voice, "Ahd wretched maid her peace is gone for ever!"

My fifter, infentible to all around her, had continued intranced in forrow over the body of Montrofe. Amana's accents now firuck her ear; the raifed her head.

—"Ah!" cried the, "flows thy blood too, my gentle fifter!" She arole, rain towards the couch, and clasped my expiring confort in her arms: "What harbarian—what monfter"—"Thou feelt him before thee," faid I, in a voice of horror.

Art thou the murderer of Amana, and Montrole?" cried she, wildly, "then take one more victim—thou art not yet glutted with blood!" Quick as thought she shew to the fatal sword, seized it, raised her arm, and struck it with force to her heart. At that instant the spirit of Amana sted, and my senses for sook me.

I I was

I was referred to bear a fresh load of milery and remorfe. On awaking from this state thy mind was in a chaos of doubt, confusion and grief. My domestics had borne me to a distant apartment. I looked round for the afflicting objects that had last met my sight. If Where is Amana? Where is my sister? Where is Montrose?" cried I. and are above yet.

While I fpoke, Catherine rushed into

"Doft thou ask?" cried the, " thou who hast destroyed them? What infernal agent guided thy hand to commit to horrible a deed? Thou hast not only murdered thy wife, thy lister, and thy friend, but the own offspring—thelchaste pledge of connubiations!—thy wife was pregnant!" on assemble the base of the connubiations.

Youth, judge of my torments. No, thou canst not thy soul is free from stain. Excess of agony had given me an lappearance of calmness. Catherine mist took it for insensibility.

C 2

" What !"

What!" the exclaimed, "not one fight one tear—one groun? If thy hears is not formed of adamant, I will force it to feel. Know that one day fince, thy fifter and Montrole were joined in holy nuptial bands."

From my flupor.

"they were united in the chapel of the monastery. I was their considerate and their witness.—Montrose had observed thy coldness; he imputed it to the discovery of his passion for thy lister. From thence arose his melancholy, and Emma's forrow. They communicated, at length, to each other their mutual sensations.—Too strongly enamoured for prudence, they resolved to separate no more. My mistress was unacquainted with the secret of their marriage. This night Montrose determined to implore her intercession with thee."

mally S

-11 It is enough! cried b. in a tone of anguille II I have fined innocent blood But where is the wretch the devil who has undone ment hodo mais out can le

I named the traitor. My forvants flew in fearch of him! He was yet in the cafile; they dragged him trembling from his lucking place, and brought him to my prefence. "Lagori va no bafilair

1 had returned to the victims of my revenge, and his treacheryout was employed in mourning over them oin in precating curies on his head and in vown. when the mifcreant entered. Kired with rage, I would have forn away his life, but my domestics furrounded and referained me in the continue and in province

"Traitor !- moniter ! exclaimed I. " what has induced thee to urge me to a deed, which has dammed my foul? " Pardon !- pardon !" faid the wretch; dropping on this knees. " Lady Ruth ven"-" Ha! what of her?" interrupt-

C 3 Aldo selonostubed

nefs! she was the mover of this businefs! she bribed me to her interest; she commanded me to decrive thee. I obeyed her. Too fatal obedience!—I expected not—""

"I will have thee torn piecemeal! Thou shalt expire in tortures, great as thou hast inflicted on my heart!"

My brain fickened; madness seized me;
Host all recollection for several weeks.
Kind oblivion had it continued—but
no—I deserved it not. When my senses
returned, I learned that my wise, Emma,
and Montrose, had been interred in the
cemetery of the cloyster; that my deceiver had been punished with death, and
my pardon granted by the King.

appealable judge. Conscience suffered me not to rest. I resolved on a most bitter and unceasing penance. I determined to forsake the society of men, and all the hindulgencies of life.

" And

15 35 And did not my fire forget his rebentmenut linterrapted Alan "Did he not hy to alleviate thy affliction, and to ralter thy purpole?" and not some

"He was absent on the continent," anfwered Montmorency, 16 Ardent for glory, as his own country was at peace, he had fought it in another. The French monarch was then at war with the Count of Brabants I have learned that thy fire fignalized his valour in this war by many noble feats: But, youth, had he been prefent, he could neither have alleviated my affliction, nor altered my purpolethey were both too just aved I stadt to

I made over my estates in England to the monafleen which contained the remains of those of held most dear. I only required in return, that the holy virgins floulding perpetual requiems for their repose. Amana's poffessions I bequeathed tonher meareff kinfmen and then caufing a report to be spread of my death, forfook the world for ever.

One domestic only was in the secret of my retreat. By his care I am supplied with just enough of that homely suftenance (thou hast partaken) to lengthen my penance, by supporting my life.

Thirty years of painful existence have I passed in this cell. Every six months I quit it to perform a vow which I swore on the return of my reason, of making a pilgrimage to the shrine of Saint Thomas of Canterbury, twice each revolving year. Often have I thought of going to the monastery, and as often been deterred, by the dread of offending the shades of those I have injured. Such was my guilt! such is my penitence b Youth, is it too severe? Can it atome som the wild fallies of unbridled passions—for the desperate acts of black revenge?

Alan could not answer in pity and horror restrained his speech. A slopes

Montmorency clasped his hands—he looked up to Heaven. "Eternal Being!"

C 4

bairfook the world for ever.

ried he, "I have infulted thy precepts,
I have trampled upon thy laws! And
dare I hope for purdon. Oh! no it is
not for crimes like mine. Tortures alone
—agonizing tortures—now and here
after!"

preme!" interrupted the fon of Fitz-Ofborne. "Thou haft erred but His goodness is infinite. Thou art repentant; and thou art forgiven. He has not created to defire."

faid Montmorency, "haft thou received this confidence?"

From reason, from that light which. Providence has implanted in the breast of man, to guide his thoughts and to regulate his actions. This teaches ind to regard the Author of worlds, not as a fevere and inexorable tyrant, but as a mild and equitable judge. Not to reprefent him to myfolf, as swayed by the passions:

passions and caprices of humanity, but as possessing wisdom, clemency, and justice; the true attributes of Divinity."

faid the old man.

"And wilt thou not hope too?" refumed Alan, "Is he not merciful as just? and will not both incline him to pardon the wanderings of a finite being, the creature of his formation?" He is the Father of mankind; he will chasten his children, but he will not destroy them."

hand to the azure of the Heavens, "behold that immeasurable expanse, that radiant sun, which sertilizes and enriches the earth—Are these proofs of his power? —They are also proofs of his goodness of his parental care of the human race of his love—Confess them—trust in his beneficence, and hope for forgiveness."

Pious youth," cried Montmorency, 'I will hope—the Deity seems to speak from

Hom thy lips I will attend to thy counfelt, who appeared the mellenger of peace, and both chale delpair from my bolom—I will expect to rejoin my wife, my fifter and Montrole, in the regions of cromal happiness?" with home

Pleasure sparkled in the eyes of Alans in vonfoling Monthsorency, he forgot that he handelf was perfecuted, unfortunate, and a sugitive.

While they converfed, a stranger entered the cell. He seemed about the age of Montmorency, and Time had markled his looks with the same whiteness.

"It is the domestic I spoke of," faid the Baron. "Well Geoffry," continued the withou bringest my customary allowance with the baron of the state of

ing fome loaves and fruits.

Thou must increase and improve it, cried Montmorency, "I have guests, whom I mean to treat with hospitality?"

Geoffry

Geoffry, looked furprize of the feet refumed his mafter, thou doff wonder at my cheerfulnels, behold this youth, he has composed my foul "in I dooled

"May the beffing of Heaven follow him for that good office!" exclaimed Geoffny, "he is a young adviter," and beginning the state of the

"And wile as young," and wered
Montmorency, "But why camel then
fo foon? I expected thee not these two
days."

"I feared," replied the domestic,
"that thou mightest have met some straggling soldiers from the field of battle. I
trembled for thy safety."

"Venerable man," faid Alan, eagerly,
does Leicester still hold the Prince indurance?" "It is so reported," answered
Geossiry, "Eleonora and the Queen—have
they escaped his power?" "I know
not," returned the old domestic, "this
is but the fifth day since the battle, and
my station is obscure."

cellen 1

"Thou

rency of the royal house. I the love aid

departed library being and then departed library being and then

Alar would have obliged Montinorency to rest that night upon the rushes.

"No," said the Baron, " thou hast given ease to my mind, but I will not intermit the austerities of my penauce. Think them not too severe: custom has indredme to bear them, and I must perform my yow while I have life to do so."

In faying thus, he threw himfelf upon the flinty ground, and Alan finding he could not prevail, betook him to his ruffly couch?

The fon of Fitz-Olborne spent the night in ruminating on the recital he had heard. He perceived that the old man had fallen into a found and peaceful steep, and congratulated himself on being the occasion

occasion

occasion of that repose, From Thence his thoughts turned to a confideration of his own flate. He recollected Genrade. He examined his beart, and found infelt not the fensations that Montmorerrey had described. He tried it further : reprefented her as withdrawing her love from him, and conferring it on another. He dwelt on this idea; it pained him not. He accused himself of insensibility, as if it had been a crime. He would experience all the transports of an ardent pasfion-it could not be-pity alone difturbed his tranquility, while work

"Ah! ungrateful Alan," faid The, is not Gertrude worthy of thy love? how, has the lavished ther affection upon thee?-yet, hold-the daughter of Leicefter and the friend of Edward could never be united-fuch nuptials would be incongruous-monftrous.--- Yet thou couldst be unhappy—thou couldst despair -thou couldst weep-Gertrude does fo for. for thee—and thou returnest no more than a cold and insulting compassion?"

His reflexions were interrupted by some exclamations from Montmorency. He listened.

"Amana," faid the old man, "we meet—the Merciful, the Omnipotent has renewed our union!—We will join our orifons—we will laud his power, his glory, and his beneficence!—Hark! these feraphic sounds!—they strike my ravished senses with bliss inexpressible—Montrose, Emma—we will kneed to the throne of grace."

He slopped. Alan perceived he was under the influence of some delightful vision, and congratulated himself asresh. The satisfaction of conscious goodness, diffused itself in a pleasing serenity through his bosom. He selt the unmixed and exquisite pleasure of giving happiness to another, and praised the Almighty for making him the instrument of Montmorency's peace.

Piety

Piety and virtue! Such are the thoughts that ye inspire! Ye live in fraternal concord: favoured is that breast where ye inhabit, and rash the hand that would divide you!

Soon as rising morn darted her grey beams into the cell, Alan and his host arose. They greeted each other with chearful aspects; and Montmorency exclaimed, "Blessed be the hour that gave thee to my eyes! Thou art my healing leach—my physician—my comforter!"

Father," answered Alan, "I guess that last night thou didst experience joys of no common tenour."

"True, my fon—joys unutterable—unspeakable!—joys that exceeded the measure of my former misery. I wilk tell thee. Scarce had slumber closed my eyes, when I fancied myself on the brink of a horrid precipice, under which yawned a profound aby is.

Desperation urged me to throw myself forward—I was going to do so, when I felt

felt myfelf pulled back by a fuperior force—I turned, full of bitter thoughts against my preserver, and beheld thee. "Rash youth," cried I, "what has tempted thee to prevent my purpose?"

While I yet spake, methought thou didn assume the form of one of the children of light. A ray of glory encircled thy head, thy radiant wings shorting rable splendor, and thy resemblance sed. It was no more Alan, but weelestial Being whom I saw term on ideal since and

Seized with voverential awe, I profirated myfelf on the earth, and covered my face.

ferved thee boy seed to seed the pre-

opened, and presented a dreary waste to my eyes. A thick and gloomy mist hung over it. Innumerable spectres glided along, uttoring shricks of woe, and making

making distortions, expressive of agonizing pain—I shrunk with horror from the fight.

"Such had been thy fate," faid the angel, "had I not fnatched thee from it. The region thou feeft, is allotted for the habitation of those persons who infult the goodness of their Greaton by entertaining doubts of his mercy."

I shuddered. "Minister of Heaven."
faid I, "I perceive that my despair was
sinful—I will doubt no more." I modw

The angel assumed a smile of inestable benignity, "Look again," faid he I obeyed.

The precipice, the gulph, the spectres had vanished. A resplendent light had taken place of the gloomy mist, and presented a delightful vision to my enraptured view.

I beheld an extended country, decked with all the luxuriant profusion of adorning nature. It was skirted by lossy mountains,

mountains, crowned with leafy verdure, from whose fides issued translucent and refreshing tills; which wandering through the vale in untaught meanders, at length met to form a glaffy lake, whose polished furface reflected the beauties of the furrounding scene. The meadows were attired in never-fading green, and enamelled with flowers. Shrubs of various tinct woped the sportive zephyrs to ex! hale, their odoriferous scents through the circumambient air: While the winged choristers tuned their little throats, to notes of wild and pleasing harmony.

Bowers of intermingled amaranth and myrtle, were placed along the borders of the lake, and ftraight troops of ocleftial inhabitants iffued from them, uttering fongs of praise. I regarded this fcene of felicity with unwearied attention-My heart throbbed-I wished to experience what I faw: "Thy thoughts are revealed to me," faid the angel; " Fear

incode I morn

happinels—follow me.

He shook his glittering pinions. Methought I had wings granted me on the sudden. I followed him; we were instantly in this region of bliss.

My heavenly conductor led me forward: we approached the bowers; we mingled with their inhabitants—I beheld Amana: the was cloathed in flowing robes of fnowy whiteness. She rufied towards me; I opened my arms—we embraced! My spouse," cried the, "we will part no more!" Joy filled my foul, and locked my tongue. She beckoned to the groupe of happy spirits. Montrose and Emma darted from amongst them. Methought I selt a sensation of shame at the sight of my friend; but it soon vanished for pleasure undescribable.

I looked up. The heavens feemed to open—I beheld the glory of the Eternal!

I heard.

I heard these words. "Sinner, thou didst repent, and art forgiven." I bowed my head; I called upon Amana to join in orisons of thanksgiving. Immediately a thousand voices exclaimed. "Hosana to the Highest! on earth peace, and good will towards men?"

At that incment a peal of melodious harmony burst upon my ear, and intranced ed my senses. Successive glorious visions blest my remaining slumber. I awoke this more with sensations unknown before.

Montmorency ceased to speak, but his countenance well marked the satisfaction of his mind. Alan participated in ithe would have him regard his vision as a revelation from the Divinity. Both knelt, and offered up the most servent prayers to the Throne of Grace.

When they had concluded this pious exercise, the old man went out to perform his morning penance, and fill prohibited

bestidi (

hibited Alan from attending his fleps. He returned with a countenance of few renity, and they spent the remainder of the day in interesting converse.

Geoffry came to them the next Her brought a fupply of more delicate provisions, and a peafant's habit for Alan.

The youth clad himself in these rustice habiliments, but the nobleness of his air, and the grace of his motions, ill cornel ponded with the coarseness of the distinction of the distinction of the distinction of the distinction.

Montmorency smiled, (he could now smile). "Young friend," said he, that thou satisfied with the seeming change in thy condition? Confess—does not this lowly apparel disgust thee?"

"Father," replied the youth, with an ingenuous air, "were I capable of fuch fentiments, my foul had taken a tincture from my habit.——I have pride, but I know hot vanity."

" Moft

Most true," refuned the Baron thou are noble throughout. Pardon me for pretending to doubt of what was bed fore manifest. I meant only to draw forth the effusions of a spirit which Is equally admire and approve?

cried Alan, " may it fill delight day car, and gratify my heart!" hid in hearts find

Montmorency looked approbation, and Geoffry was charmed. He prolonged his stay in the cell till the shades of night warned him to depart, and even then took his leave with reluctance.

of Leicester. The fon of Fitz Osborne mourned his captive prince, the victim of filial duty, and that noble's artifice.

morency, and I believe it just A long and afflicting folitude has kept me ignorant of national occurrences. In my ex-

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I have

I have sometimes heard cursory remarks on the weakness of the King, and his vicious indulgence to favourites. But my own forrow rendered me indifferent to all other things; thy arrival has not only softened that forrow, but revived the love of my country. I pray thee to inform me of what in the recital of thy life, thou hast already slightly touched on,"

Alan obeyed: and though he fought involuntarily to conceal the most glaring foibles of Henry, Montmorency found enough to disapprove and to condemn.

"While I," faid he, "was a refident of the court, this monarch gave strong indications of a disposition to those follies and vices, which have disgraced the subsequent part of his reign. His fickle treatment of his best friend, the noble Hubert, had alienated from him the element of all worthy persons; but I still hoped that time and experience might fix his fortitude and improve his judgment.

ment. Unhappily for him and his fubjects, those expectations have not been answered. Flattery is a baneful mist. which court-fycophants continually raife between the prince and his people; it imposes false appearances on his understanding, renders him blind to their mifery, and his own defects. - Habitude makes him enamoured of delution. He would treat that friendly hand which should attempt to dissipate the cloud, as the destroyer of his happiness. Like a person who, labouring under the influence of lethargic stupidity, is displeased with the benevolent care, which, by aroufing his fenfes, would reftore his health. Alas! my fon, fuch is the pitiable flate of revalty! I fuch the flate. in the pursuit of which ambition hath deluged the earth in blood! "Would to heaven Montfort heard thee!" interrupted Alan. "And if he did," replied the Baron, " he would wrest my words Vol. IL

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to his own purpole. All men fland high in their own effects. He would join with me in condemning the infatuation of Henry, while he imagined himself fecure from the same error; not remembering that the very defire of usurping the rights of another, would render him unworthy of possessing them."

Thus, in instructive and entertaining discourse, passed their hours, 'till night again summened them to repose:

The enfuing day brought Gerald. It. was noon when he arrived. The fon of Fitz-Ofborne enquired eagerly for Alice.

"I have feen her," replied his fquire;
"I found her even diseased with excess
of affliction and anxiety. The news of
thy welfare hath restored her to health
and to peace."

"Thanks, good Gerald!" exclaimed Alan. "May fortune once more grant me to reward thy fidelity!" "I have my best reward in my master's acknowledgment,"

ledgment," replied he. Montmorency would not fuffer him to fay any more, 'till he had taken fome refreshment, and the humanity of Alan respited his our riosity.

The repair over, Gerald began his re-

"The fecond day from my ferting out," faid he, " I reached the estates of Walter. Mindful of the danger of difcovery, I avoided my paternal dwelling, and went immediately to the Caftle-gate. These weeds gained me ready admittance; I coined a lamentable tale of feigned diffress, and imploted charity. The domestics gathered round me, some eager to relieve my wants, and others impelled by curiofity alone; I complained of wearinefs, and entreated a night's lodging. Scarce had the words passed my lips, when the Gountels appeared. My auditors feemed fearful of her displeasure, and most of them dispersed. She entool " Front quired

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t,"

quired my business, with an unfeeling air.

"Alas, Lady!" faid I, "I have no business but to request the faccour of the charitable. Where shall I seek for alms but from the prosperous and the wealthy?" "Thou art bold," said she, haughtily; "I believe too thou art an impostor."—She turned, and chid her servants for suffering my entrance.

"Lady, faid I, "flut not thine ear to my diffress. Remember that Christianity enjoins thee to hear, and to relieve it."

She was enraged; called my importunity prefumption, and commanded the
domestics to turn me forth. They obeyed, with evident figns of compassion and
reluctance. I now seemed extremely
faint; laid me down outside the gate,
and declared myself unable to move farther. The servants lest me, but one of
them returned in a short time.

" Poor

"Poor creature," faid he, in an accent of pity, "I will not obey the harsh mandate of my parsimonious mistress to Come, I will carry thee to a place of repose and safety."

Affisted by his hand I arose. He conducted me to a remote shed, with which I was well acquainted; it was meant for the purpose of keeping wood. "Rest thee here," said the servant, "and presently I will bring thee some sustenance. Thou needs not fear disturbance. Thou canst remain in this shed to-night, and with to-morrow's dawn pursue thy journey."

"May Heaven reward thee," cried I;
"but I would not have my preferver
hurt: perhaps thy pity may be discovered and punished. How wilt thou procure me sustenance without incurring suspicion t"

"Fear not," replied he; I have told Alice of thy mifery, and the will affift me to relieve thee fecretly."

D 3.

This was to my wish. Who is this Alice?" faid I, feigning ignorance; "this humane, this generous Alice? may I not see her?"

"Thou shalt," replied he, " she means to visit thee when the family retire to repose."

"I concealed my fatisfaction at this news. He suspected not that I was actuated by more than gratitude. Mindful of his promise, he procured me a plentiful repast; and at the appointed time I saw Alice.

Where is this unfortunate?" faid the, entering. I approached her, and whifpered foftly in her ear the name of Alan. She started; seemed for some moments lost in wonder, and then addressed the domestic who followed her steps.—"Return thee," faid she, "and keep a watch, while I discourse with this pilgrim." He departed. As soon as he was out of hearing—"Tell me," cried she,

"hast about any intelligence to impart of him thou names? My child the pride of my sould does he dive?—Is he safe?" "Both;—both!" cried I, resuming my natural voice. She uttered a joyful cry—" Gerald, is it not?" she exclaimed. "The same," I raplied.

faid the. Then fuddenly correcting herfelf—"Ah, no!" added the, "let him not come! let him avoid this habitation of falthood and apprefice! But, Gerald, why doft thou not speak? Is he indeed fafe, or haft thou only sported with my anxiety?"

I began my relation; the interrupted it with frequent exclamations and enquiries. At length I finished; and the bleffed Heaven and Montmorency.

She then gave me a recital of her apprehensions and forrow, on hearing thou wert taken prisoner. She said they were encreased by the behaviour of Walters

D 4

Though

Though of the party of the King, he appeared fearless of Leicester's resentment; and to her questions about thee, answered with an air of mystery and referve, through which she could discern a secret satisfaction.

"This observation," she continued, "made me fear every thing for the life of my child. Fatal experience has taught me, that his danger is Walter's security. But thanks to the care of the Almighty, that usurper's hopes were groundless, and may they continue so!"

"Montmorency called him usurper too," faid I.

"Ah, if that were all—if he were no more than an usurper!" exclaimed Alice. She stopped. "Heed not my words," faid she, after a long pause.——"Good Gerald, heed them not; but bear this caution to thy master. Tell him to avoid these baleful walls—vice, treachery, and death, lurk within them!—Once inno-cence,

cence and peace were their inmatesthose days are long finde passed-Alas! can they ever return?—Gerald, Bid him not approach the dwelling of deceit and destruction !- let him fly it; as he would! the poisonous adder-better that we never meet than that we meet in death.!"

"The domestic returned while the fpoke: The morning had dawned upon us unperceived, and he came to warm Alice of discovery." Remember," faid: fhe, in going from me I bowed obedience-the domestic loaded my ferip with provision, and I depurted." the chamit

Gerald ceased to speak at these wordsi-His discourse had affected Alan with different emotions: While he felt grateful! for the affection of his nurse, the mysterious expressions the had unered perplexed and concerned him. "Is Walter: an ufurper?" faid he and is he: more ? The flinguise atdency of ! som

"Time will fatisfy thy doubts," faid! Montmorency-" for me I have none.

D 5

Do then, my fon, attend to the caution of thy faithful sturfe, and avoid the caftle."

"Shall I waste my youth in obscurity and idleness?" interrupted Alan—He paused—shame dyed his check—his heart accused him for wishing to leave Montmorency.

The Baron guessed his thoughts—he hastened to reconcile him to himself——Blush not, my son," said he, "I commend thee for preferring activity to indolence. Didst thou entertain contrary sentiments, far from approving, I should despite thee."

The fon of Fitz-Osborne lost his confusion. He talked of the Prince, and again lamented his captivity. From lamenting it, he began to form plans for his enlargement. He thought of feveral, rejected them and embraced them inceffantly. The fanguine ardency of youth lied him to consider schemes the most imprac-

implefticable, as reasonable and easy. He would travel through the kingdom—he would rekindle the smothered sparke of loyalty in the bosoms of his sellow subjects—he would persuade them to take up arms, and to execute the deliverance of Edward.

Montmorency admired the enthulialm of virtuous bravery; it recalled to him the fensations of his youthful days. He caught Alan's hand, and exclaimed—— "fo once would I have thought—fo would have determined—and for would have imagined my determinations possible!"

This exclamation taught the fon of Fitz Ofborne, that his were wild; he fighed at that conviction—reason conquered fancy, and he repined at her dominion—he wished to be still deceived.

One month passed without making any change in his sentiments or situation. During that time, Geoffry had not visited the cell—He came at its conclusion:

free .

The deligns of hierical."

Where hast thou been so long?" said the Baron. "In London," replied he. His master looked pleased—"Thou bringest us tidings then," said he. Alan waited impatiently for the reply—he held his breath, lest it should interrupt his attention. "I do," said Geossy, "the Queen and Princess have taken refuge with Lewis of France." "Heaven be praised!" exclaimed Alan, in a transport, "they are safe, and Edward will be at ease!"

The Prince is still confined," continued Geoffry, "and the King and his brother are so too. The bondage of Henry, less strict in appearance than that of the other two, is in reality, more humiliating, and more disgraceful. A weak and pusillanimous spectator of his own degradation, he is carried about from place to place, and obliged to give his name and fanction to acts, the most prejudicial to his own interests, and the most subservient to the designs of his rival."

"And

And Leicester ?" faid Alan.

"It is faid," refumed Geoffry, "that he begins to lay afide the mask of public virtue, as no longer necessary. He has already made large strides to absolute power. The estates of eighteen barons, he has seized as his share of the spoil, gained in the battle of Lewis; and has engrossed to himself the ransom of all the prisoners. The people murmur, but they have forged their own chains, and must submit to wear them."

Alan fighed. "Be not concerned," faid Montmorency, "tyranny, to be fixed, requires to disclose itself insensibly—Montfort has discovered his ambition too foon. He should flatter the people, before he attempted to rule them. By neglecting this maxim, he will destroy his power in its formation. It should seem, he knew not the disposition of the English; that he imagined they detested the person of Henry, and so the tyrant

enowit of feverity.

were changed, were indifferent to the tyranny. But he will find he has deceived himfelf with vain thoughts. It is true, that in their enthuliasm for liberty, they often mistake the means to insure it. But they will pierce through the delusion—Leicester himself will remove it. to his own destruction—they will burst hipon him with the fury of an uncaged lion, more terrible from temporary restraint—they will tear him to pieces, and he will have the repreach of meriting his liste."

faid Alan. At that moment fomething fail from his bosom to the ground. He stooped—it was the bracelet of Gertrude. The accident seemed a reproof for his wish. He took up the bracelet, and exclaimed involuntarily—"But he is the father of Gertrude—the husband of Isabella!"—"And the enemy of Edward, and his country," said the Baron, with can air of severity.

Alan

Alan hung his head, shalted. The old man faw the confusion of an ingentious mind; he was burt at the idea of giving at momentary pain. One word reflored the youth to confidence, and they converfed as before.

Another month passed without any incident of consequence occurring. Gooffry twice wished the cell, with a supply
of provisions and necessaries. At the lest
time of this coming, Montmorency bid
him take another journey to the capital.

The length of his absence convinced the inhabitants of the cell of his obedience, and they were not mistaken. He arrived, fraught with new intelligence.

Leicester, besides many other erbitrary acts, had ordained that a council of nine persons should be formed, who were to exercise all executive power; and these to be chosen by three more, namely himself, the bishop of Chichester, his brother, and the Earl of Gloucester.

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" Well,

Well, and are the murmurs encrealed?" faid Montmorency.

"They are," replied Geoffry. "It is reported that the French monarch is preparing to reinstate Henry in his dominions; and it is faid also, that Leicester sears a combination of all the foreigns states against his ill-acquired power."

"Youth," cried Montmorency, turning to Alan, "I charge thee mark my words; the usurper begins to totter altready. He will see his error too late; he will wish that his ambition had been more secret; and he will again seek to hide it, by some specious act of presented ed patriotism."

The event proved Montmorency's penetration. Leicester, to secure his power, was forced to have recourse to an aid, which of all others he had most reason to dread. This was the body of the people. He had formerly given them a share in the legislation by their representatives.

tatives, the knights of the shire, and he now confirmed it by extending the same privilege to deputies from the boroughs.

At this time, that appointed by Montmorency's vow, for his pilgrimage, arrived. Alan would bear him company, and Geoffry provided him with a habit, similar to his master's. Gerald was to remain in the cell during their absence.

Their journey commenced. They travelled three days, and reached Canterbury the fourth morning. After performing their devotions at the shrine of the saint, Montmorency proposed to return. Alan then discovered the chief purpose for which he had accompanied him.

"What!" cried he, "Edward is in Dover, and shall I not make one attempt to see him?" "It will be hazardous," faid the Baron, "and at best, must be unsuccessful."

"No matter," replied Alan cagerly,
"I may perhaps behold him through
the grates of his prison."

Montmorency shook his head. "Father," faid Alan, "I see thou thinkest
my purpose wild—but I beseech thee do
not prevent it. Thy disfussions are laws
to me—yet I hope thou wilt not—"

"Use any," interrupted the Baron smiling. "Well, my son, thy hope shall be answered. I will be an indulgent sather—perhaps, an indifferent one.

Alan thanked him, with the strongest expressions of gratitude. "I would not, however," he added, "harrass thy age: thou hast already performed a weary journey. Rest here I pray thee, sather, 'till my return."

"Thou wouldn't be a truant," replied Montmorency, smiling again, "But I will not trust thee from my sight. Youth, I would have thee know, that my limbs, though aged, are fitted for toil and travel equally with thine."

Alan

Alan now declined going, in tenderness to his old friend. Humanity had more weight with him than prudence. Montmorency observed it, and felt his heart cleave to him more than ever. He became now the urger of what before he was defirous to prevent. Also at length yielded to his intreaties. They proceeded to Dover without delay, and reached it without accident or interruption.

The fon of Fitz-Ofborne meant to enquire how Edward bore his imprisonment. Montmorency cautioned him againft it. "That," faid he, "would infallibly lubject thee to lufpicion, and perhaps discovery. We will go ftraight to the castle. Thou shalt satisfy thy eyes with beholding the place of his confinement, but I fear me, thou canft do no more."

As they advanced, Alan perceived a foldier, who had been one of those that Leicester appointed to guard him on the

Strongly

day

day of the battle. He whifpered to Montmorency, pulled his pilgrim hat over his face, and both passed the soldier quickly. The old man trembled with apprehension, and his companion sought to reassure him.

They arrived in view of the castle. The Baron approached the centinels, and demanded charity. They entered into discourse with him, while Alan stood a short way behind. They enquired who that youth was. "My soa," replied Montmorency. "We travel to perform a vow, and being poor and destitute, are obliged to require alms from the charitable."

They defired to know his story. He was obliged to forge one. While he amused them in this manner, Alan cast up his eyes to the grated casements.—He scrutinized them all, but saw not Edward. At length he perceived a man walking inside the battlements: It was the Prince!

Strongly

Strongly agitated, he could scarcely conceal his emotions. Luckily the soldiers were too much engaged with Montmorency to observe him. Edward chanced to glance a look to the spot on which he stood. Alan hastily raised his hat: he saw the Prince start with surprize, and then suddenly wave his hand, as if to bid him begone.

He again covered his face and rejoined, the Baron. Montmorency perceived by his looks, that they had nothing more to detain them. He took leave of the centinels; Alan followed his example, and they purfued their way. Montmorency would not fuffer his companion to speak till they had quitted Dover, so much did he dread discovery. At length he gave him permission, and Alan recounted what had happened. This furnished them with conversation for the remainder of their journey. They continued it, arrived safe at the cell, and Gerald wel-

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comed

comed them with a joy fincere, as hadbeen his apprehentions during their absence.

From this time Alan became more impatient than ever of retirement, and more defirous of doing fomething for the fervice of the Prince. His deference for Montmorency's advice was scarce sufficient to restrain him from quitting the cell, though he knew not whither to point his steps. But that venerable perfon, renewing his remonstrances, and enforcing them with the authority of a parent, Alan, who bore him equal affection and respect, ceased to declare his wishes, though he continued to feel them.

While they were in this fituation, Geoffry one day entered the cell, and brought them some pleasing intelligence.

He related that the parliament which Leicester had summoned, in order to fecond his views, had disappointed his

expec-

who had hitherto fledfaftly adhered to him, now joined the representatives of the people, in murmurs against his immoderate ambition, and openly declared for the re-cstablishment of the royal house. Geoffry added, that it was said the Earl meant to release Prince Edward from confinement immediately, in order to support his tottening power by some shew of justice. But that he could not youch for the truth of this affertion.

"It is most probable," interrupted Montmorency, "This step is necessary to sooth the discontented nation; yet will Leicester give only the shadow of liberty to the Prince, careful of with holding from him the reality.—No matter. Heaven, who smiles at the weak policy of man, will render his abortive. Hie thee to London again, good Geosfire, watch, observe, if thou findest my words true, return quickly."

Contract of

Geoffry

Geoffry delayed not to obey; he continued a long time ablent, and Monumorency began to fear fome accident had befallen him. Alan felt still greater anxlety; he dreaded that this messenger's dilatory stay, proceeded from some new missortune to the Prince.

Geoffry came, and relieved their apprehentions. He related that Leicester had introduced Edward at Westminster hall, where his freedom had been confirmed by the unanimous affent of the affembled nobles.

Alan could not contain his joy at this part—" Is my Prince free?" he exclaimed, " and shall I behold him again?"

"That freedom is no more than appearance, as my lord predicted," answered Geoffry. "Leicester, under pretence of doing him honour, has surrounded him with a guard of his own emissaries; who carefully spy into all his thoughts, and frustrate all his designs. But it is report-

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ed that Mentfort's prime confederate, the Earl of Gloucester, has manifested fome tokens of difguil, and take of religning his there in an administration which he considers as only calculated to aggrandize his allocate.

When Geoffy had done Tpeaking, Alan fell into a fit of deep muling, which lasted a considerable time—At length he raised his head, and perceived Montmorency's eyes fixed intently on him. Starting from his reverie, he caught the old man's hand—" Father," said he, "I have something to divulge in private to thy ear."

He made a fign to his fquire—the Baron beckoned to Geoffry, and they both paffed out.

"Now, my fon, we are alone," faid Montmorency, "declare thy thoughts."

"I fear," replied Alan, "that thou wilt again give them the appellation of wild. But an irrefiftible impulse urges

Vol. II.

me on, and I must give way to it. Thou hast heard the state of Luicester's affairs; thou hast heard also of Gloucester's reported disgust against that noble:—Is not this the time that the son of Fitz-Osborne should manifest his loyalty and his courage? "Father, I will hie me to Gloucester; take advantage of his present change; represent to him what he owes to himself and to his King. The theme will render me eloquent: I may touch his heart—Gracious Heaven!—if I should become the instrument of good to my Prince, and to my country!"

"My fon," cried Montmorency, "thy purpose is full of danger—Bethink thee how many obstacles intervene to its accomplishment—Leicester's emissaries may discover thee—I tremble at the thought."

"And if they do," replied Alan, can I die better than in the commission of a patriotic and loyal action? What is this trifling breath, in comparison with

with fuch a cause? The Almighty has given it me, not merely for myself; two duties he has ordained me to sulfil, those of a Briton and a subject. Shall I, actuated by base apprehension, neglect these duties?—Shall I, to preserve a frail and weakly being, desert the glorious posts he has assigned me?—No, father, let me live to virtue, or die with honour!"

"Thou art the son of my friend!" exclaimed Montmorency, "thou are also the favoured of the most High!—Grace, wisdom and sortitude, the emanations of divinity, inform thy sentiments, and dictate thy designs. Go, pious youth, sollow them: and may that Heaven, of which thy mind is the purest model, guard, prosper and protect thy life; the only tie that Montmorency has to earth!"

Moved by the affection of the old man, Alan's eyes gliftened; he put his E 2 hand

hand across them, to hide the starting drops of gratitude and delight.

"Conceal not those tears," said Montmorency, (while his own fell fast adown his furrowed cheeks); "Conceal not, but glory in them—They are [not the tears of abjectness, but of nobleness and fensibility."

The Baron now called in his domeftic, and Gerald.

"I go to London," faid Alan, turning to the latter.—" To London!" exclaimed Gerald, furprized. "Yes, but I claim not thy attendance, if thou feareft"—" Fear!" interrupted Gerald, "Have I fear, my mafter, for aught but thee?"

"Indeed I believe thou hast not;"
replied Alan—" Faithful creature! then
we will share one fate."

He now informed him of his intention, and Gerald, who imagined him the first, and most discreet of men, said nothing to oppose it.

They

They prepared for their journey. Alan was sufficiently disguised by his peasant habit, and Geoffry procured another for his domestic. The third morning from that of their discourse, they quitted the cell, pursued by the wishes and blessings of Montmorency.

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end weiged their approved it soing. ROWNING Winter had now reluctantly withdrawn his gloomy fceptre from the earth, and given place to his vernal conqueros. Nature, delivered from her icy thraldom, welcomed the gentle dominion of blooming Spring, with all her opening treasures. The modest primrofe, and the fragrant blue-bell, decked the ruftic hedge, and impregna-s ted the furrounding fluid with odoriferous fweets: the daify, with variegated? pride, powdered the green livery of the fields; while, from the quivering fprays, millions of feathered fongsters poured E 4 a strain

a strain of artless melody, as if to cheer our travellers on their way.

The scene was calculated to inspire hilarity and pleasure; they selt and enjoyed it. As they proceeded, engaged in familiar discourse, the sky lowered of a sudden; a gathering cloud obscured the light; it burst, deluged the ground, and wetted their apparel through.

Gerald murmured. "Where now," faid he (in a discontented tone), " are the objects that delighted us? the flowerests surcharged with rain, bend their heads and cease to emit persume; the music of the spray is hushed, the songsters sted; such and so uncertain is all human pleasure; the sport of accidents and seasons!"

Alan smiled. "Thy wet apparel, my good Gerald," said he, "has made a moralizer of thee, but of the sour kind.

Let us haste to yonder cottage; shelter will change thy sentiments. When the cause

cause is once removed; the effects will cease."

They repaired to the cottage; an aged woman fat within it; spinning. "Dame," faid Alan, "we are forced to interrupt thy labours; the storm has driven us his ther, and we require thy succour."

Ye shalt have it," faid the; throwing away her distaff. She went to the fire-place, fanned the dying embers, and put on more fewel. In a short time the hearth blazed chearily. Gerald beheld that sight with much fausfaction; he drew near and dried himself. Alan did the same.

"Well," faid he, to his companion, "if human tranquility is liable to evil, does not that very evil often produce a better good?" Gerald looked abashed. "Be assured of the truth, my friend," (pursued Alan) "that the miseries of man are intermingled with his felicities, and cannot be separated by his feeble ef-

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forts. Let us then, as we cannot avoid the cup, drink it without murmuring; and furely, if the ingredients are equal, we have no reason to repine, since one moment of true happiness overpays an age of pain."

"Bleffings on thy heart!" interrupted the old woman; "the Saint of Canterbury could not have spoken better!——. Happy are thy parents, and praised be thy instructor!"

"My dear Alice!" whispered Alan, to himself. He looked out—the storm had blown over—it was time to go. He thanked the good dame for her charitable care, called to his domestic, and they continued their journey.

Gerald had no longer to regret the filence of the feathered musicians. It feemed as if the short interruption to their warbling, had given it more sweetness, and more variety of cadence. Alan observed this to Gerald. He point-

ed out to him, how the face of nature was improved by that circumstance he had deplored as a misfortune. He bade him look at the vivid hue of the herbage; the sparkling gems which glittered on its spiry tops; the pure and serene sky; the encreased resulgence of the lucid eye of day, and then consess, that in the hand of Providence, seeming evil is indeed productive of real good.

It was evening when they reached London. They inquired the way to the Earl of Gloucester's palace, and were soon conducted to the gate. Alan, panting with impatience, bade the porter acquaint his lord, that a peasant, who had tidings of immediate importance to communicate, desired to speak with him. The porter carried the message, and returned in a short time with a savourable answer. He was accompanied by some domestics, who waited to conduct Alan to the Earl. After commanding Gerald:

to remain at the gate, he followed whither they led, and in a few moments was piliered into Gloucester's presence.

The native grace of his deportment attracted that noble's attention; he addressed him with affability, and demanded his purpose with a condescending air. "My lord," replied he, bowing his head, "what I have to communicate, requires secrecy, and we have too many witnesses." "I will trust to thy appearance," said the Earl, beckoning his attendants to withdraw. Alan besought him to bar the door. He complied.

"Now," faid the Earl, "I befeech thee, put me out of suspence. I do not suspect thee of treachery, but methinks the meanness of that habit suits thee not. Art thou of noble origin, or is my judgment wrong?"

"I know not," returned Alan, modeftly, "whether thy opinion favours me too much; but thy doubt is just,

I am

I am not what these lowly weeds declare

-My name is Alan Fitz-Ofborne

"Alan Fitz-Osborne!" repeated the Earl, starting; "what, the object of Leicester's hate!—I am ignorant how thou hast incurred it; but at this moment there are large rewards offered for apprehending thee. Rash youth!—why wouldst thou tempt thy sate?" "If to value my life no longer than while it is conducive to the welfare of my country, and the service of my Prince—if this be temerity," replied Alan, "I prefer the appellation of rash, to that of prudent."

"Young man," faid the Earl, confufed, "knowest thou not that I am of Leicester's party?"

"No," faid Alan, undannedly—
"thou are no longer fo—reason bids
thee choose a better cause—thou wilt
obey her voice—thou wilt do thy country such services as shall obliterate the
memory of thy hostilities."

The

The Earl feemed much perplexed!
He looked at the youth—mused—regarded him again, and at length spoke. "I am in doubt," said he, "whether I ought to condemn thy boldness, or applaud thy spirit. Thou appearest acquainted with my sentiments—who gave thee this knowledge?"

"Public report," answered 'Alan, and the confessed generosity of thy character."

Gloucester became still more embarrassed. His hesitation inspired Alan with the most lively hope; he spoke not, however, sensible it was better to let his own thoughts claim the merit of his change.

The Earl, who would have referred his importunity, was pleased at his filence Disgusted by Leicester's power and rapacity, he had before determined to quit the court; but he had been actuated to that determination only by private pique,

pique, and meant not to embrace the party of the King, whom he despised as much as he detested his oppressor. Alan's words started a new idea in his mind; he perceived, that by assisting Henry, he might effectually crush his rival. Thus did resentment act in the place of loyalty. He resolved these thoughts—he considered them repeatedly, and at length was fixed; but he still kept up the appearance of irresolution, in order to enhance the value of a surresasser.

"Youth," faid he, "thou fayes that public report, and the confessed generosity of my character, give thee the knowledge of my sentiments?"

Alan bowed gracefully.

"Tell me," refumed the Earl, "would it accord with this generofity to break my engagements? I have fworn to coincide in Leicester's government: I have promised to speed all his measures by my acqui-

acquiescence.—Say, will honour allow me to forget this yow—to forfelt this promise?"

Alan replied not; the integrity of his heart could find no folution for fuch doubts.

His filence disappointed Gloucester.—
He had hoped that the arguments of sophistry would have furnished him with an
excuse for yielding to his own wishes:
finding his purpose soiled, he determined
to use these arguments himself.

"It is true," faid he, as if recollectsing what had before escaped him, "that public virtue consists in a firm attachment to our country and its laws. Homour is but another name for this virtue. Leicester has openly insulted the laws, by assuming a power which contradicts their first principles. Honour therefore obliges me not to observe a promise which is contrary to its own nature."

—He paused; but Alan-still continued.

filent

filent. "Youth," faid he again, with a mortified air, "doft thou approve my words, or are thy featiments altered? Perhaps thy quarrel with Leicester is no more? Perhaps, to purchase his forgiveness, thou wouldst desert the interests of thy Prince?"

Alan started; the Earl had touched the very key which moved his feelings most.—" O, Heaven!" he exclaimed, "What!—I defert the interests of my Prince, to purchase Montfort's forgiveness!—No—I would die a thousand deaths rather than be guilty of such baseness."

"Yet thou didft feem difpleafed with my compliance," faid the Earl."

"Displeased!" repeated Alan, "didst thou say compliance?—O, noble Gloucester, accept my thanks, and my applause!"

The Earl, now fatisfied that his zeal was true, renewed his hefitations and his fcruples. Alan over-ruled them all, and obtained

obtained an open affent. They then mutually concerted what was next to be done. The result of their deliberations was, that Gloucester should quit London that night, with his household, and repair to his estate on the Welch borders, from whence he should give secret notice to all the royal party to join him. He proposed to Alan, to accompany him, and he consented; but first dispatched Gerald to Montmorency with information of his success.

Montfort no sooner learned the desection of his late associate, than he prepared to pursue him. Meantime Gloucester was not idle in routing the royal adherents: He also armed his own dependants, and put his castle in a posture of desence.

While these things were doing, Alanheard that the King and Prince had been, obliged to accompany Leicester.—He hastened to communicate the intelligence to the Earl. After acquainting him with

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ward with the means of escape, or all is lost. While he continues in Leicester's army, the people will be led to believe that he coincides in that usurper's measures. If we can accomplish his release, they will see that we are his true friends, and they will croud to our standard."

"Thou fayest well," replied the Earl:
"but much, difficulty lies in the execution."

"Suffer me to attempt it," returned.
Alan; "I have a plan already formed in my thoughts. We must however find fome person who will prepare the Prince to further our design. Would to Heaven my faithful Gerald were here!"

To his wish, Gerald arrived that very night. He brought numberless benedictions and counsels from Montmorency. Alan thankfully received them, and then told his squire the subject of his discourse with Gloucester.

"I am the mellenger," tried Gerald, with vivacity. "Employ—try me, and fee whether I am devoted to thy fervice. My master, to gratify one wish of thine, is to Gerald happiness extreme?"

ing his affection, proceeded to furnish him with instructions. Gerald set our next morning. He was provided with a seet courser, and arrived near Leicester's camp before the close of day.

When the centinels were in fight, he fourred his horse forward, and looked back frequently as if searful of pursuit. They observed his behaviour, and judged him a deserter from Gloucester.

"I am fafe," cried he, in a joyfult tone, throwing himfelf from his steed, when he had reached the advanced posts.

"Who art thou?" faid the centinels.

"A friend to Montfort, and enemy to Gloucester," replied he—" Is the Earl or his son in the camp?"

" They

"They are both here," answered the centinels. "Lead me to them," cried Gerald; "I have a message of importance to deliver."—He had no sooner spoken than his request was gratified. He was conducted to the Earl.

"I should know thy features," said Henry De Montsort. "Thou hast seen them," replied Gerald. "My Lord," continued be, prostrating himself before the Earl, "I am the squire of Alan Fitz-Osborne. He has justly incurred thy resentment:—He has also used me unworthily. I will be avenged of him, or die!"

"Ha!" exclaimed Leicester—" Alan Fitz-Osborne, sayest thou?"——" The fame," replied Gerald; "he is now with Gloucester: I come to inform thee of their measures, and to frustrate their designs."

"Now, by my best hopes, thou art welcome!" exclaimed the Earl; "but say, Tay, what has given thee cause of offence against thy master?"

"A blow," answered Gerald; "which if I forget—but no matter. "My lord," he continued, "Alan would have employed me to give notice to the Prince, of Gloucester's motions. I remonstrated against the danger of the attempt: He grew high in anger; called me mean, base-hearted peasant. Ill'language I could have borne—but a blow!——Yes, my Lord, he struck me; and from that moment I secretly vowed revenge. I come to execute this vow; I come to betray Gloucester, since by so doing I can also destroy the son of Fitz-Osborne."

"Do they expect our approach?" asked Leicester. "They do," resumed Gerald; "and are prepared for it." Well, we will meet them," said the Earl.

"Pardon me, my Lord," replied Gerald, "you will then do wrong." I overheard heard these words from Gloucester to his associate—" My friend," said he, " Leicester advances quick—he cannot avoid our ambuscade; if this measure succeeds, fortune is our own."

"Ha! we will disappoint him thenwe will not advance," interrupted Montfort. "But stay—what is this ambufcade? How is it to be formed?"

" I am ignorant," replied Gerald.—
" Alan, fince our quarrel, has treated me with referve and distrust. But three days have indeed passed fince then, and all things have been carefully concealed from me."

"Then thy information is defective," faid the Earl, with a discontented air.

Gerald put his hand to his forehead, and continued several moments in a musing posture—" My Lord," cried he, at length, starting from his reverie, " we will foil them at their own weapons. Suffer me to see the Prince; I will pretend

I will return to Alan, and persuade him, that to atone my fault, I determined to execute the service he would have employed me in, without his knowledge; resolved if I failed, to perish undeployed, as a just punishment for my offence.—Noble Earl, do I say well?"

"Thou art the prince of intriguers!" replied Leicester, in a tone of satisfaction; "Every thing shall be according to thy will: Bring me but Alan into the toils, and wealth shall shower upon thee, even to infinitude—"

"And if I deliver Alan into thy power," interrupted Gerald, "let no weak elemency prevail on thee to forget what thy revenge and mine exacts.—

O to infult him!—to shew that Gerald dares openly avow his hate!"

"Fear not," replied Leicester. "Do thou thy part, and dread not that I will neglect mine."

Gerald

Gerald appeared transported with joy. He ceased not to exult apparently at the prospect of approaching vengeance.

Leicester procured him immediate admittance to Edward, and in order to sull that Prince's suspicions, commanded that no person should interrupt their conference.

Edward instantly recollected Gerald:
"Where is thy master?" cried he, " and
what temerity brings thee hither?"

Gerald looked round, to see whether they were free from observation. He then took a paper from his bosom, and put it into the Prince's hard. Edward's eyes sparkled as he read—"Adventurous youth!" said he, on concluding the perusal, "faithful messenger! I will yet reward thee! But tell me, how hast thou been able to impose upon the crastly Leicester?"

Gerald told him in a few words. The Prince applauded his stratagem, and commended his courage.

Vol. II. F "In-

"Inform thy mafter," faid he, "that I will literally follow his instructions; and bid him be punctual." He took out his tablets—" It is necessary," faid he, that we should write something to shew Leicester." He wrote these words:

"Elward greets his friends, and offers up prayers for their fuccels.

He will not fail to urge Montfort to

advance, by pretending to diffusde

him. The usurper is well deceived."

Gerald received the tablets, and kiffing here Prince's hand, haftened to Leicester.

It is done, my Lord!" cried he, prefenting the tablets to his inspection.

"He calls me usurper," faid the Earl.
"Let him beware that I do not adopt an usurper's principles.—Gloucester once crushed, I shall have no other fear."

He now dismissed Gerald; who, when he had quitted the camp, made the utmost speed. He congratulated himself on his Aratagem, and anticipated the

Mean time the Prince practifed the instructions he had received so well, as to deceive Leicester effectually. The Earl resolved not to seek the enemy till numbers ensured him conquest: he accordingly dispatched Henry De Montsort to London for a reinforcement, and continued quiet in his camp.

Edward, who was accustomed to take the air frequently, accompanied by some of Leicester's retinue, one day led them insensibly to a considerable distance from the camp. Here he halted, and with a sportful air, proposed they should try the speed of their horses by running them one against the other.

His attendants, willing to oblige him, in what they imagined a matter of indifference, instantly consented.—The Prince formed them into two parties, headed one, and pushed his steed onward, as if eager for victory.

He purposely, however, suffered himfelf to be deseated. He would try again. He exhorted his party to better efforts. They renewed them: numberless races sollowed. At the moment they declared their horses unable to proceed from satigue, a young peasant mounted on a gallant courser, and leading another by the bridle, approached towards them.

It was Alan. "To whom belong these horses?" asked the attendants. "To my master," replied the seeming peasant. "And who is thy master?" they resumed. "No matter," said the Prince, taking the bridle from Alan's hand, and vaulting into the unoccupied saddle. "Farewell, sirs," said he, spurring his steed, I leave you for a time."

He rode off with incredible swiftness at these words, and Alan kept close beside him. His baffled attendants, mortified, and fearful of Leicester's anger, followed him as fast as their tired coursers would allow. Two hours had they kept

kept him fall in fight, when a body of troops with the standard of Gloucester, appeared in view, and put an end to the pursuit most of the standard of the sta

with loud and repeated shouts. He answered them with expressions of affability and acknowledgment. And then turning to the fon of Fitz-Osborne—" But how," faid he, " shall I address my deliverer—my hero!—In what words shall I speak the gratitude with which my soul is filled?—Yes, Alan—thou are indeed my friend:—my heart elected thee to that title from the first moment I beheld thee—I have chosen well—My judgment has not been deceived.—Thou are true and noble to the last!"

Alan made a low obeifance. His modesty would have disclaimed those praises, as unmerited. So ever does real worth shrink from the encomiums it excites, and renders itself still more conspicuous by that attempted concealment.

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The happy event of Edward's escape, was the signal for his adherents to declare themselves. His well known valour, the grievance which the kingdom endured from the rapacity of Montfort, and the power of the Earl of Gloucester, all combined to encrease their numbers, and inspirit their exertions. They docked to the Prince without delays and an army was soon established, sufficient from its strength, to make Leicester and his party tremble.

That proud, but imposition which had been practifed on his credulity. It was too late to remedy the error: He found himself unable to withstand the force of Edward, and retired to the rocky fast-nesses of Wales, there to wait the reinforcement of his son, and the London-ers.

Edward had intelligence of their approach; he advanced to surprize them by a vigorous march. The conflict was short,

the engagement, Henry De Montfort 'fpied Alan, and rushed furlously towards him. " Ab fugitive!" cried he, "thous shalt feel the effects of my despair!"

Alan thought of the bracelet, and would have avoided him. At that more ment Gerald advancing before his mafter, received a wound from Montfort, which made him flagger in the faddle. The danger of his faithful fquire banished all fost ideas from Alan's mind; he urged his horse forward, and received his adversary's second blow upon his buckler.

A favage joy animated Montfort's features. "If I die," faid he, "thy blood shall mingle with mine." These words were followed by another stroke. Alan warded it off as before. The son of Leicester, mad with rage and despoir, raised his glittering faulchion, and aimed to cut his enemy in twain; at that moment a soldier of Edward, piercing his

horfe-

horse in the breast, both steed and rider

Alan called aloud to fave Montfort, and leaped off his horfe. But the fury of war rendering his injunction diffegarded, the unfortunate Henry perished with a thousand wounds.

Their commander stain, his followers no longer attempted to defend themselves. The battle became a staughter; they were to a man cut to pieces, and the soldiers of Edward shouted victory.

Alan, infensible to the found, hung over the body of Montfort in a mourning attitude. The Prince found him so employed. Unacquainted with Gertrude's love, this appearance of grief surprized him. "What, my friend," cried he, "was not Henry De Montfort thy enemy and mine?"

"True," faid Alan, raising his eyes,
but he lives no more."

Prince, " If thou canst bewail the death

I lament the blood of my people!"——
He paused, cast a glance on the mangled corses which furrounded him, and sighed—!" O Heaven!" cried he, " these should have been my suture subjects—Inhuman discord!—When wilt thou cease to ravage my bleeding country?"

"Lament these deluded wretches!" they exclaimed. "They have deserved their fate—They who could raise their hands against a Prince so good; so merciful!—Let us haste to chastise the usurping Leicester; as we have done his son."

Edward fighed again, but replied nots
He disposed his forces in order, and advanced in search of Leicester, having first, at the request of Alan, caused the body of Henry De Mentsort to be borne to a neighbouring monastery, in order to receive the rites of burials

Not long after, the Earl passed the Severne, in expectation of meeting the London.

London army. But inflese of these troops, he soon perceived that the Prince was coming up to give him battle.

While Edward led a part of his forces to attack him in the rear, he commanded another body headed by Gloucester, to advance with the banners of the London army. Leicester mistook this body for an actual reinforcement, and made dispositions accordingly: at length, however, he became sensible of his error, and fame that his enemies were advancing on all sides in the most regular order. Struck with confessor and dismay, he exclaimed—"May Heaven have mercy on our fouls, for our bodies are doomed to destruction!"

All hope however had not abandoned bim. After drawing up his foldiers in a circle, he exhorted them to fight like men who had all to gain, or all to fuffer; then going strait to the King—" Think not," faid he, haughtily, "to triumph in the missortune of Leicester. If thy son,

will

will shed blood, thine shall satisfy him!'
Prepare thee to aid me against him."

At these words he commanded armount to be brought, and obliged the old Henry to put it on; then placing him in the front of the army, disposed it to meet! Edward's assault.

The battle foon commenced. Edward bore down on Leicester's forces with such incredible impetuosity, that they could scarce maintain their ground. The Earl ceased not to ammate them by his own intrepidity. Both sides, sensible that all depended on this day, fought with mutual courage, and ravenous death triumphed o'er the field.

The fon of Fitz Ofborne neglected not to fignalize himfelf. Already had his fword been floffied with many victims, and fill did he proceed to inspire dread and terror, when suddenly this exclamation struck his ear—" I am Henry of Winshester, the King!"

He turned, and beheld an aged warrior linking under the stroke of a soldier.
With the rapidity of lightning he darted
to the spot, and plunging his sword in
the bosom of the soldier, covered the
feeble King with his buckler.

Edward, hearing the voice of his father, rushed forward and beheld Alan's action—" My brave knight!" cried her Filial care would permit him to say no more. He raised the King, and had him conducted to a place of safety.

The forces of Leicester now began to give way, notwithstanding their general's exertions. His horse being killed under him, he was compelled to sight on foot. His situation seemed to give him additional valour. "Dastards!" cried he, to his slying men, "will ye desert your general?" They heeded not his words, intent only on pursuing the dictates of their sear.

Thus left alone amidst a host of foes, his spirit seemed to redouble. So the lordly

lordly lion, finding himfelf furrounded by the toils of the hunters, refolves to render the fast moments of his life more terrible than the preceding. He lashes his tail; erects his dreadful mane; his eye-balls glare with furious ire. He fcorns the darts of his affailants, opens wide his horrid jaws, diffained with livid gore, rushes upon them, champs, bites, and quits not his hold till his own blood is mingled with that of his enemies.

Such was the conduct and the fate of Leicester! He continued to maintain the fight, till ftrength forfook him. Afterhaving laid numbers of his adversaries breath less, he fell himself the last. His furious foul fled indignant, and left the traces of anger and desperation on his features. A grim frown fat on his lifeless counter nance; it feemed to menace even when revenge was impotent. His death merited more approbation than his life. The one had been tarnished by a wild ambi-18 42 in the series in tions

tion; valour and intrepidity rendered the

After his fall, the battle became a rout, and the victory of the royal party was confessed and decisive. Edward commanded his foldiers to desist from pursuing the vanquished—" They are Englishmen," faid he, "they are my children. He who has misled them is no more, and they will return to their duty."

Next morn the corfe of Leicester was found among the slain, and sent to the unhappy Isabella.

The King, whom advertity had failed to chaften, now breathed nothing but vengeance for his fufferings. Edward fought to moderate this vindictiveness, and to divert it for the prefent, spoke to him of Alan, and asked if he did not with to see his deliverer. The King replied in the affirmative; Edward hastened to feek his knight, and introduced him into the royal presence.

· Be-

Behold him," cried he, "to whom I owe the existence of a father!" Alan bent his knee to the King, and made a profound obeifance.

Youth," faid Henry, " to thee we are indebted for fafety, and for life.—
Speak—we fwear to grant thy request, be it what it may. That compliance is no more than what is due to thy fervices."

fhip of Edward, and the good opinion of my fovereign, are above my merits, but most grateful to my heart. I claim no other rewards; these are sufficient for my hopes, and beyond my deservings.—
Yet will I take advantage of my King's condescention, to implore something in behalf of persons who are innocent, though seemingly offending."

"For whom wouldft thou plead," in-

"For the unhappy Counter of Leic cester!" replied Alan, with energy.

Tow

" Ha!

"Ha! that infolent woman!" exclaimed the King. "She is the lifter of Henry," faid Edward:

Alan. "A claim sufficient to receive mercy.—Heaven, Q King, has placed beside thy throne a mild attendant, even soft-eyed Pity. She sees thee wield the sword of Justice—she would restrain thy hand—she would have it terrify, not strike. O listen to her dissussions, accept her mediation, and pardon the bold—ness of thy servant!"

King, in a tone of displeasure.

"Not bold," interrupted Edward."
but resolute in the cause of virtue."

Well," refumed Henry, with an half reluctant air, "we have indifferently fworn, and must fulfil our oath.—We pardon the Countess of Leicester, but she must not intrude into our presence; we ordain that she pass the remainder of her days in a perpetual seclusion from the world.

world. Let her retire to a convent. We give her the choice of her retreat; but our will is fixed and unalterable."

"And the helples Gertrude," said

"For her," replied the King, "we are indifferent: let her continue at court, or retire with her mother, as the thall choose."

Alan would have spoken again, but the Prince made him a sign for silence. Well acquainted with the disposition of his father, he knew that he united obstinacy with sickleness, and was sensible that contradiction would only serve to irritate and incense him.

Edward now prepared to dispose his troops in order for marching. While he was thus employed he beheld Walter Fitz-Osborne approaching at the head of anarmed band.—Surprized at this appearance, and displeased at his dilatory loyalty, the Prince received him with an aspect of coolness and disgust. Walter perceived

his

his refentment, but affected not to do fo.

After warmly congratulating him on his victory, and deploring his own tardiness, which had prevented him from being a partaker in that glorious action, he went instantly to the King, whom he expected to find more open to imposition.

He threw himself at the monarch's feet, and raifing his eyes, belield Alan. close beside him! That sight made him fart as if he had feen a bafilifk: but fuddenly recovering himself, with all thefacility of deceit, he gave to his confufion the appearance of pleasurable furprize. Seeming to forget, in his tranfports, the respect due to the presence of the King, he rushed towards Alan, and clasped him in his arms. That youth could not return the embrace; he was: merely passive. "Where hast thou been, wanderer?" faid Walter, in a tone of chiding kindness.-" I mourned thy loss -I dreaded thy death-Why wouldst thou give me fuch causeless forrow?-Kneweft

Knewest thou not that the bosom of thy kinsman had been thy most secure alvium? Ah! truant, I have thee again, and grief is no more!"

Alan could not liften to these essuions of salsehood, without betraying some tokens of contempt; the contions of Alice, and of Montmorency were not forgotten. Particular injuries could not move his soul to hatred, but fraud always excited his soul to distain, and while he scorned the dissimulation of Walter, he regarded him not with any increased references.

The King, ever swayed by flattery, received the adulation of his former savourite, with even more than usual facility. Walter soon obtained a greater influence over him than he had dared to hope, and Edward, whose dislike against him gained strength each succeeding hour, regrested in vain his sire's infatuation.

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The royal army now proceeded to London, on which city Henry resolved to inflict the most fignal vengeance, to much did he resent its rebellious forwardness to affift the interests of his opponents. The intercession of the Prince. joined with the supplication of its inhabitants, prevailed on him however, to content himself with depriving it of its military enfigns and fortifications, and with levying a heavy contribution on the offending citizens. These things done, he again took possession of his palace, formed his court, and dispatched ambassadors to France, to inform Lewis of his fuccess, and to escort the Queen and Princefs home.

The countess of Leicester, immersed in affliction and despair, received an order for retiring, soon after Henry's arrival in the capital. "Tell the tyrant," said she, to those who brought the commands, "that I would sly to the farthest verge of the earth, to avoid his sight!—His pretended.

pretended clemency in sparing my life, affects me not—I see, and despise the motive—Go," continued she—" tell him, that the daughter of John—the wise of Montsort, (who was, and deserved to be his master) despises his power as much as she detests his person—that she will haste to rejoin her spouse in the regions of eternal happiness—where he shall never come!"

The messengers of Henry were too prudent to bear him this reply; they contented themselves with informing him, that the Countess would obey his order. Alan, who was present, ventured to mention Gertrude.—"True," replied the King, softened by the imagined submission of his sister, "she has not offended us—we allow her, if she pleases, to remain at court, where we will provide her with an establishment as our niece.—Son of Fitz-Osborne, thou art interested for her—we permit thee to bear her information of our pleasure."

Alan .

Alan haftened to the manfion of the Counters. Her domestics were preparing for departure. As the mellenger of the King, he was instantly admitted to her prefence.

What a spectacle for his sensibility!—
Her appared was disordered, her countenance haggard, and her eyes inflamed with weeping. But another object touched him still more forcibly; Gertrude—the gentle, the loving Gertrude, drowned in tears, and prostrate at the seet of her mother. She raised her head, a gleam of joy brightened her countenance. "Alan!" exclaimed she, (with a faint scream) and arose. "Sweet, generous maid—my preserver—is it thus——" faltered the son of Fitz-Osborne,—he could no more—articulation ceased.

"Youth!" faid the Countels, "thou feeft us fallen low, from the towering fummit to which we afpired—Eternal Wisdom wills best—I submit—But, youth

upon me. I had then wealth, power, authority—I had then a fon—a noble and affectionate spouse—I have seen this dear husband changed into a mangled and unseemly corse—The companion—the stay of my declining years—he is gone for ever!—all is lost—nought remains to me, of my treasures, but this poor maid!—and she—what will become of her—diftressed—forlorn—oppressed? Ah! Gertrude, my fond imagination had predicted for thee, a more splendid sate!"

She stopped. A fresh shower gushed from her eyes. She regarded these tears as disgraceful, and attempted to conceal them.

It was some time before Alan's swelling heart would suffer him to speak: yet he condemned his silence, sancying the communication he had to make might check the Counters's affliction. At length, he assumed sufficient composure to relate Henry's words. Isabella looked

basisal

looked at her daughter. Gertrude em-

"No, my mother," cried she, "I will never quit thee—I will never enter the palace of Montsort's enemy!—My future days shall be devoted to the comfort of thy sorrow." "Alas! my child," interrupted the Countess, "it passes comfort—bethink thee, for a while—consider the offer of Henry—perhaps——"

"And can my mother doubt the refolution of her daughter?" exclaimed Gertrude. "Seeft thou this youth?" faid Isabella. "I do," replied the young Montfort; "and at the same moment I confess he is unutterably dear to my foul, I swear to sly him for ever!" Alan started!—the word, "cruel!" involuntarily burst from his lips.

"Youth," faid Gertrude, "thou miftakest compassion for love—yet didst thou entertain the most ardent passion for me, we could never be united. The daughter of Leicester must drink the cup of sorrow to the idressivity is the portion of her house, and the accepts it. The Barewell then, most beloved most valued of mans kind-farewell for ever to Religion shall if possible fill the place in they before thou shall have no other successor than the Almighty; in my orifons thou shale be remembered, perhaps without regret -never without effecti. Adieu-mayi thy life be and with," and it will roll on in uninterrupted shappiness!" She waved her handy as if to bit him depart. I Penetrated with tender gratitude, the could not obey that figual. He approached the Countefa, and belought berito move flet daughter to other lentiments: var had w

"It is impossible," faid Gertrude,
"my determination is fixed as fate; here
in the presence of Heaven, It declare
myself to perpetual maidenhood, and
pious sectifical will am mout an unworthy
sacrifice; title may tender me accepted,
by expunging from myoheart all mortal
love, son that of my Creaton: Against
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vow to for lake the world, and pass the remnant of my days with the daughters of religion: their chaste and peaceful society will reform my thoughts, and relieve my affliction. My mother, we will go together—together sing requients for my departed sire, and my unhappy brother—we will pray for their repose, and insure our own!"

"My noble child!" cried the Countes, embracing her. Gertrude again waved her hand. Alan respected the order—he passed out, agitated and distressed.

"Amiable maid," cried he, "then I lose thee for ever!—at a time too, when my throbbing heart—ah! too fure I love—these tumults—this regret!" He turned his steps. "I will go back," said he, "my entreaties were not urged with sufficient servency—the Countess spoke not—I will oblige her to second me—filial duty will sway Gertrude to listen to her solicitations." He stopped again. "Yet," resumed he,"

what have I to offer?—a stigmatized name, and dependant fortune—No I will suffer alone—How know I ntoo, but Heaven has elected Gertrude to a holy life?—and shall I seek to thwart its purpose?"

That thought determined him. He hastened to the King, with an account of the ill success of his commission. Walter and the Prince were present. The dejection of his countenance during his recital was remarked by his auditors.

The Prince imagined it a new proof of the fentibility and goodness of his heart. Walter thought he penetrated farther, and treasured up that fancied discovery to a future period, when he meant to use it to his destruction. Henry believed that dejection to be a tacit reproach of his own conduct. The idea displeased and offended him; he regarded Alan with an air of coldness, which rejoiced Walter, and concerned the Prince.

ole counties of Berle Pands Surry, with

In a short time the Queen and Electional returned to England. Their arrival gave new brilliancy to the court, and new happiness to Edward. The Princess, to whom Edward presented the son of Fitz-Osborne, as his deliverer, loaded him with acknowledgments, and obliged Gerald to accept of many valuable gifts. The Prince offered to procure a lucrative post for that faithful domestic, but he refused to engage in any duty which would interfere on his attendance on his master.

Edward, now relieved from every anxiety by the lafety of Eleonora, prepared to chaftile those who adhered to Montfort's principles, though their chief was no more. Adam Gordon, equally celebrated for the strength of his body, and the courage of his foul, continued refractory after the rest of his affociates were humbled. From his retreat in the forest of Hampshire, he ravaged the counties of Berks, and Surry, with

all the devaluations of Iwar. The Prince haftened to that part of the country, determined to put an end to the miferles of the kingdom, by the defeat of that Baron.

Adam, willing to fland on the defend five, intrehehed himfelf in an advantageous postus The Prince, with his usual in trepidity, led on his troops to attack his adverfary's camp. They were received with equal bravery. Transported with anger at the dollinare relitance of Goradon's men, and inflamed by the had of action, Edward, with more imperculary than brudence, lcapt over the trebeby followed by the fon of Ritz-Official (who hever deferted him) Gorald and a few more. They now found the interves. cut off from the reft of the appropriate determined to render their danger us hurtful to their enemies, as to them felves. Adam Gordon foon diffingulment the Prince, and met him hand to hand. A fierce and dubious combat enfeeds Edward at length prevailed; his adversary G3 received received a wound in the fword-arm, and remained at the mercy of the conqueror. At the moment he knelt for pardon, the royal army broke into the camp and rendered the victory compleat.

Fortune has deferted me," faid Gordon. " but it is for a more worthy favourite-I shame not in being subdued, fince Edward is the victor-his bravery is confessed-I doubt not of his clemency." " Valiant man," faid the Prince, 16 thy confidence is just arise if I can make a friend of an enemy, my arm has not been misemployed-fuch ever be the end of Edward's combats!" He took Gordon by the hand, raifed him, and commanded his men to give quarter to the vanquished. They obeyed this order inflantly, and he perceived Alan approaching; his fword yet reeking, and his armour spotted with blood.

Prince to Gordon—fee his nodding plumes—frown they not dreadful, as

the creft of the fabled Mars ?- Manual fury looks lovely in him; his enemies, at once impressed with terror and admiration, bow reliftless to his flrokes? " My tried and valued afficiate," added he, to the foo of Fitz-Ofborne, " come till I introduce thee to my new friend. the gallant Gordon !! helican or inwood

At these words, he joined their hands with his own, of So twined-for cemented," oried he # bewthe bands of four amity." Affected by the Prince's goodnefs, Alan's features quickly loft their martial sternness, for an expression of grateful fenfibility Gordon was frongly agitated " O generous Prince !" he exclaimed, if well don't thou deferve the praifes, and the love of mankind !- Adam. will prove himself not unworthy of thy condescention, by his future conduct. No longer hoffile; but faithful and fubmiffive Bowl blief "while's distributed the

Edward answered him with affability, and departing foon after with his forces, Hollow

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whom he had left at Guilford, adout your

During the absence of the Prince, Walter had infuled fulpicions of Alan's loyalty into the mind of Henry Careful to avoid an open acculation which might render his own motives diamated; hellaboured to render him fulpected, withour appearing to do for He began with hinting his nephew's pafflon for Gertrude, and lamented in with well feigned coprefficas of concern. As found as he found the King attentive, he proceeded to mention Leivester's ambition, Alan's captivity to that poble and his refentment for the treatment of the He Counteft and ther daughter, while in the power of prairies, and the love of mankind laying H

This flavoled the King othe seperied to his favourite, Alaris warm folicitations for the pardod of the Counters of 19301

"Ah, rash youth," cried Walter, as if involuntarily, "dost thou forget thy duty to Henry, in thy love for Gerunde?

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wouldn'thou, miguided by blind palled, again fcatter the feeds of rebellion!"—The pauled—he appeared hurt at the indifferetion of his words, and belought the King to forget them.

The request was calculated to produce a contrary effect. Henry, weak and scaling ful, sanctied another Montfort in the soin of Fitz-Olborne. He urged Walter to a more plain declaration, and was answered, as if reluctantly, with fresh thints; the more dangerous, for being mysterious.

Henry. Walter turned pale; he dieaded the penetration of Edward. May it please my sovereign," said he, to keep this matter secret; it may be grounded only in the apprehensions of as too ardent loyalry—My nephew—the son of my brother—"That circumstance: criminates him most," answered the King, for without strong cause, why shouldst thou accuse a person who is so

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near

near to thee in blood & One who has never injured thee, and one too, who has already added new honour to the name of Fitz-Ofborne, by his splendid actions." Shame, not the shame of generous minds, but the galling concomitant of guilt, dyed the countenance of Walter, with a deep and scarlet flush; dissimulation, ever at his call, foon banished this momentary confusion. The King observed it not; he renewed his defign of speaking to the Prince. Walter, finding him fixed in this purpose, changed his measures, and dared even to attack Edward himself. He befought the King not to mention him as the intelligencer. " Edward loves me not," faid he, " I have incurred his difpleasure," " How !" interrupted the King, " Thou haft incurred his displeafure?" " Most fure I have," cried Walter, and Heaven is my judge, not wittingly—he has construed my attachment to my Sovereign, as a jealouly of his. own power-Parlon, my liege, my rath tongue!

at his lest, and to thicked's for incipate

halt thou offended my fon to Licharge thee fpeak on the allegiance. The property of the state of

Walter had now entered to cofar to resede.) He perfuader his credulous auditor, that the Prince, related by his glory, would have all praise, and all power center in himfelby confidering the King as no more than k sypher, to whom his good fortune bad given forme estimation Though the constant and unvaried tenor of Edward's behaviour, well contradicted this infinuation, Henry believed, and selented what had no better ground than his favourite's malice; he loaded Walter with a profusion of unmerited acknowledgments, and promifed to guard him from Edward's anger, by concealing that the acculation of Alan had originated from him to the dance of the sail The par-

Such was the state, and such the such picions of Henry, when the brave Prince came at his feet, and to intercede for their doctor of his polloderalishes "please of their doctors of his polloderalishes "please of their doctors of his polloderalishes "please of the polloderalishes of his po

Unable to relatible urgent folicitations, Henry conferted, thought with evident relations of the content with a his high prevented for loss implored what the policition of his left are though all to be feetired to bind place por party.

Pled the King. If that the will browner to be our benefits with ingraticule ? The body

"I will answer for his future levalty with my life." "Thou art too fecure," faid the King: " perhaps already thy confidence has been misplaced, where thou hast most lavished it." "What means my fire," cried the Prince, with a look of surprize. "Alan Fitz-Osborne," returned Henry, "Thy favoured knight—I tell thee he is naught—contaminated with treason !"

Tome base incentiary— He looked would was present, avoided his eyes the Prince saw into his soul, and was latisfied of his treachery. He cast a threatening glabee towards him, and their turning again to Hehry; why satisfied has abused thine car. What hat thatice has abused thine car. What — Alan suspected of treason!—My hero—my validity allocate! It beleech thee, fire, to acquality me with the particulars of this false and horrid charge.

The indignation of Edward was now equal with his aftenishment. "Alan my deliverer, the preferver of Henry's

life

life, do this!" he exclaimed - ff Sire, continued he, "this charge, fo weak, fo improbable, and fo futile, moves me even to mirth. Grant that Alan were disloyal—has he ability to render his difaffection hurtful to us, or to the flate? Is not the house of Montfort buried in its own ruins? Would Alan, withour friends, without dependants, to retrieve a ruined cause, plunge himself into irremediable destruction? But the supposition is injurious. His clear and unfullied mind is Heaven's own mirror. No black images of treason, or deceit, blemish its purityit is unstained, and undefiled. Would the advisers of my Sire were equally free!" "And my Lord of Fitz-Ofborne," faid he, turning quickly to Walter-"Does not he burn with indignation at hearing his loved kinfman fo afperfed?"

The question, delivered in an; ironical tone, staggered him to whom it was addressed. He trembled; he perceived that his malice was discovered, and confusions

fusion overwhelmed him : and he knew not how to look, or what to fay.

The King spoke for him. "My son," said he, "the Earl of Fitz-Osborne, respects the words of his sovereign; he is too loyal, and too trusty, to put the ties of nature in competition with our safety."

"True, my liege," replied Edward, fmiling-" I fee by his struggles and constraint, the reverence he bears you." " Sire," added he, with a generous warmth, and kneeling before the King, " I will give my own honour as the pledge of Alan's faith. Recollect how he has proved it; think of that moment, when a facrilegious hand was armed against thy life, how the gallant youth rushed betwixt thee and the impending stroke-covered thee with his body, defended thee with his fword."-The King shuddered at the remembrance, "Thou ert affected, my father," refumed Edward, " If he entertained rebellious thoughts,

thoughts, if he were a traitor, would he have prevented thy danger, heedless of his own?"

"It is true," faid the King, irresolutely, "yet my suspicions are not groundless." Give me the author of those
suspicions," exclaimed Edward, "soon
shall the shame of convicted fallehood
overwhelm him!" I have promised
secrecy on that head," said the yielding
Henry. Thou wouldn't not have me
break my royal word!"

Edward. "But furely if this acculer were honest, he would declare himself in the face of day. Beware, my father, of the counsel that feeks conceasment; it is treacherous: Truth scorns disguise, but falsehood always wears one. Again I pledge my honour for that of Alan; will the King accept my furery!" "Be it as thou sayest," replied Henry. The Prince thanked him with transport.—
"Now I know my father!" said he, joy-fully.

fully mobbe vienewest this threression for Gordona The King ever in schurche, conferred to every thing he alkelt.

Edward pondered with himself, whether he flouid nevert the preceding difcourse of the state of the state of the state of friendship restained himpor sie was hurt at the idea of wounding his featibility, by even fuffering him in think the was fulpected, and determined to bury/this matter in eternal oblivionithold of the walter landing his artificial bendered abortive by the generation of the Prince. fubrated to necessity; and though he fill affailed the credulous blenry with frantifal hints, be diefully avoided rouning his difruit rob far! "Authoritme, his spoule being taken suddenly minthe defire of appearing to feel an affection which he did not experience, obliged him for whiles from telfacted and seliminal

cefter betrayed some appearances of difcontent. He complained that his ser-

vices had not been fufficiently recompensed; and at length broke into open rebellion. The Prince, with his usual celerity of conquest, foon dispersed his adherents, and brought him to Submission. He then obliged him to enter into a bond of twenty thousand marks, never to offend again, and thus once more restored the state to peace and fecurity.

Alan, foon after this event, made a visit to Montmorency. The old man received him with a paternal joy; congratulated him on his glory, praised his valour, and sympathized in his concern for Gertrude. Alan mourned the feclufion of that maid, and her unhappinels: "Now too," faid he, "when a growing paffion-"

"Ah! my fon," interrupted the Baron, with a tender smile, "this growing paffion arifes from the inhetent perverfenefs of human nature, from which even thou art not exempt. Whatever necessity places beyond our reach, though we conago i

fider

fider it as indifferent before, will acquire importance from the certainty of deprivation. Fancy ever dreffes distant objects in the most alluring colours; the charm vanishes as we approach. Thou lovest Gertrude now, because she cannot now be thine; were it possible that the obstacle which separates ye could be removed, thou wouldst find that thou wert enamoured of an idol which thy own imagination had decorated. The delusion would quickly be no more; thou wouldst cease to love!

"Father," replied Alan, "I may be deceived in the nature of my own fensations, but Gertrude owes nothing to the co-lourings of imagination—the is beautiful, generous, fincere."

"Was she not thus before?" asked

"I fee my error," faid the fon of Fitz-Osborne, with an ingenuous blush. "Respected instructor!—Thou hast laid open the mazes of my heart—Pursue thy work,

work, Arengthen, countel, and improve

"Thy foibles," faid Montmorency, "partake of virtue; were I to deprive thee of them, I should render thee less amiable—yet is not the name thou halt bestowed on me, more justly thy own right? Wert thou not my instructor, my guide to Heaven, and to peace? Yes, dear youth, to stee I own hope, resignation, and serenity. Should I then pretend to counsel thee, my guardish spirit, my monitor, my good angel?"

Thus did the feeming reproofs of Montmorency always end in praise the first were gentle and benignant, the last ardent and fincere.

Alan continued in the cell two days, and then departed. On his return to court, he found Walter and Lord William alfo there. The usurper had brought his fon, with an intention of opposing Alan in the favour of the Prince. He was not blind to the failings of the former, but

partiality induced him to consider them as unseen by others. He discovered his militake with vexation; the unworthings of Lord William could not be conceased, and only derved as an additional foil southerment of his kinsman. Walter, equally moved with anger and consuson at this new frustration of his hopes, considered how he should rid his son of a competition for dangerous, without incurring the terrors of his imagination, or the resentment of the Prince.

His invention foon fuggested a method, which might at once deliver him from the fight of Alan, and the fear of Edward, whom he now almost equally detested.

He again practifed upon the weakness of the King recontinually founding in his ears the Prince's good qualities and porpularity. Thus concealing the shafts of rancour, under the gilding of admiration, they took a more certain, because a more insensible effects of a rank boggs and

Heaven.

Henry

Henry loved not those endowments; in his son, in which he found himself deficient: from disliking, he began to sear them: His unworthy favourite encreased that sear, by added and exaggerated encomiums.

The King, one day, after listening to him with evident impatience, at length interrupted this strain of praise. "It should seem," said he, frowning, "that we are nothing in the scale with Edward; even thou, once our trusty adherent, appearest to think so?"

the hypocrite. "While Walter continues to breathe, he will regard the royal Henry, as the most gracious of masters, the first of Princes, and the most excellent of men." Henry appeared satisfied, and the deceiver pursued his work. "In applauding the virtues of the Prince," continued he, "I only echo the voice of an admiring multitude. He is the people's idol—they regard him as a deliverer sent from Heaven.

He

Heaven: They praise his gentle administration, his fortitude, his wisdom, and his temperance. They look forward with rapture Toour deathand his reign interrupted the King, haftily Walter looked down-" The people are fickle," faid he; " they are fond of change and claired Walter, with well countrillumns

"What!" cried the King, trembling would they divelt us of our power the moment we have regained it?" I vil this

Walter appeared confused; he seemed at a loss what to fay - Far be such thoughts from the King," cried he, after a long panie and Rebeltion it is too ter rible!-Scarce has the nation begun to breathe from its calamities. No, my liege—furely they cannot be fo blind fo imprudention, algunon, vilanons gun

While the spoke thus, he conveyed an expression into his countenance which contradicted his words. The artifice fucceeded. Henry, weak and apprehenfive, fancied rebellion already at the doors. gine

He forunk with feat, turned pale, from mered inarticulately, and at length faltered out——" Walter, thou haft been faithful—art thou fill for! Or doft thou too contemp the fetting for the rifing fant?" — most baskot

claimed Walter, with well counterfaited emotion, "am I suspected here I lay my bosom bare better thou pience it with thy sword, than with unkind suspicion!"

lieve thee hones," replied Henry, 16 I believe thee hones, but furely thou has
fome ground—"The Prince has given
thee cause." "My liege," answered
Walter, "thou knowest thy some he is
popular, young, and powerful. Prospen
rity generally corrupts even those hearts
which are best fortified with the principles of virtue:—but his filial duty—I allow that another in his fituation might
entertain a dangerous impatience to be
possessed of rights; which he would ima-

But the Prince the chas given from the proofs." and to sure and adults to be be better the proofs.

He stopped, as if he were uttering a falshood. "My liege," added the traitor, "Edward, though youthful, possession fees not the imperuosity of youth; he lays his schemes with caution, and executes them with prudence. My liege, thou art assured of his love, why shoulds thou fear him?"

This lattful discourse, which seeming to exculpate Edward, loaded him with suspicion, was calculated to deceive a person of more wisdom than Henry: it had therefore its due effect on this infatuated monarch. Experience, the common teacher of the human race, was by him disregarded; deceitful suggestions and present doubts swayed him more than the re nembrance of past events.—He feared all things, because his irresolute and wavering mind would six on nothing.

Vor. Hed ex land or villages Walter

DIM

Walter finding his purpose partly anfivered proceeded to confirm it. He obferved that the leifure of ambitious fpisquits was generally destructive to the state.
"While all around is tranquil," contimued he, "they have time to form and
resolve on designs of the most dangerous
tendency: Give them employment, and
they cease to be hurtful."

" Is Edward one of those?" faid the King.

Walter again affirmed one of his accustomed looks of fraudful mystery.

"My liege," said he, "the Prince is
valiant, and fond of glory.—If thou
doubtest him, why not convert an apprehended evil into actual good. The
stame of religious indignation pervades
the Christian world. The good and pious
Lewis has again assumed the cross, and
goes to chastise the enemies of our holy
faith."—Henry caught eagerly at the
hint—"And shall not the King of England seek equally to signalize his zeal?"

faid her willing to give a different appearance to his fensations, from what they were in restity. "Like true," he continued. I distribute it disposed against the followers of Mahomet, feeble age prevents us from wreaking on them the effects of our anger as we could wish. We will propose this matter to Edward in we will give him an opportunity of proving himself worthy to be our four, and the heir of our throne."

Walter understood his one: he affected to forget the tenter of the preceding conversation, and menter into the King's feeming sentiments, with ardour and enthusiasm. Henry, a dupe to his malice, imagined he deceived in his turn, and each remained well satisfied, though not with equal justice, of the success of his own duplicity. Henry soon sounded his son on the object of his wishes; he mentioned the pique expedition of Lewis; lauded his bravery and his zeal; and a

the bedship of his fait and again ar

watched the countenance of the Prince ance to his fentacions, from sort slide

Edward, inflamed with noble emulation, foon relieved his fears: The propoled the matter himself; declared his resolution to assume the cross, and repair to the holy land, as foon as he had fecured the tranquility of the kingdom. Ill w blues bw

Henry laboured to conceal his joy at " this resolution; and Edward, folely occupied by his own generous thoughts, fail-od ed to discern it. Eager for renown, he haftened to remove all the obstacles that impeded his defign. The flate being reflored to order, and the people to eafe," he prepared for his enterprize. A numerous and gallant army was foon levied. and the time of his departure drew near.

The King, now delivered from an evil which only existed in his own imagination, began to be fensible to the feelings of natural affection. Walter, his treacherous confidant, was acquainted with al, the workings of his foul, and again at

tempted

tempted to pervent thems in private he seafed not so hint the enprehing and dangerous popularity of them Pilines, while in public he loaded him with praises, and extolled his piety and courage, even to the skies.

Edwards who despised his adulation, received it with displeasures. This displeasures anxious than ever for the moment of his departure. In trying to hasten it, his dissimulation produced another effects which he had neither expected or desired.

Ope day as he lavished exaggerated encomiums on the intended expedition, in the presence of Henry, the Prince, Alan, and some of the principal courtiers, the King suddenly turned to his son, and pointing out Lord William, who was also there, recommended him to his favour, and desired he might be invested with some post of consequence in the army of the cross.

their

The Rolls on Magnin Ho Saist IT habbear The

The Prince, led by filal obedience, notwithstanding his distile to Walter and Lord William promised to comply. He then involuntarily cast his teye towards the former, and perceived that, far from appearing to rejoice, he seemed rather to lament the promise and the command.

They gave Lord William as little pleafure as his fire.—Mean, timorous, and
daftardly, he was cruel, but sould not be
valiant. Shame however operated influid
of courage. He placeded to accept with
transport, what in pired him with venttion and dread. Walter faw his indifferetion too late. Should be now attempt to
detain his son, that they would infallibly
contradict his former declarations. he
submitted therefore to recelling inwardly accusing the imprudence which had
brought him into such a dilemma.

When the time approached for the expedition of the croifades. Alan went to the cell of Montmorency, accompanied by Gerald. Their meeting was affecting, their their parting more for. The old man held the fon of Fitz-Osborne a long time frained in his arms.

"Go, beloved youth, "cried he, "continue to tread in the path of honour, and thou canff hot fail to acquire renown. I would have wished this hand to close my eyes; but Heaven calls thee to combat in its cause : I bow my head to its will. Perhaps in this mortal life we shall meet no more : my fon, hay prosperity overshadow thee !- May thy youth be glorious, thy age fortunate and peaceful! -May no rude cloud difturb the funthine of thy days; and full of years and honours, mayeft thou at length rejoin Montmorency in the regions of eternal joy, which thy counfel has enfured him to inhabit." "Youth," added he, to Gerald, "be attentive to thy mafter; let no perils remit thy diligence in his fervice, nor no dangers abute the zeal:-he is grateful; he deferves thy love, and will reward thy care. My fon," faid he, embracing

H 4

Alan

Alan again, "I feel a pang-but no matter. Adjeu-May the wishes of Montmorency for thy welfare be effected; may Heaven ever blefs, guard, and preferve thee!" "O, my father, my monitor, my friend!" exclaimed Alan, in an interrupted voice. He could no more, his emotions were too ftrong for utterance; he covered his face, and rufhed out of the cell. Gerald foon joined him; they mounted their horses, and in a melancholy filence purfued their way tothe capital. The fleet was to fail in a few days after. Alan determined to fee his dear Alice before he quitted England. Gerald fought to diffuade him. " My mafter," faid he, " remember her injunetion-the Castle of Fitz-Osborne; did fhe not flile it the habitation of vice, treachery, and death?-Did she not bid me caution thee to avoid it?" These words, far from conquering the intention of Alan, ferved only to give it ffrength. " And shall I suffer her," he cried, " to remain Gerald, I will fee her, I will perfuade her to fly from it. Montmorency shall provide her an asylum in the house of his domestic; I will propose this to her, and then dispatch thee to prepare our venerable friend.

Compose the sears of thy servant so far," answered Gerald, "as to let our journey be secret. I dread the matice of Lord William; already hast thou received sufficient proofs of its existence. I befeech thee, suffer not him or the Earl to-know of our expedition."

Alan, though a stranger to apprehension, gratified his squire by a promise of compliance.—Next morn they again: mounted their steeds, and set off.

The fourth evening they reached the precincts of the castle, and went immediately to the cettage of Gerald's sire; from whence Alan sent a trusty messenger to inform Alice of his arrival, and to require her to meet him in the forest as

foon as the moon flould have arisen to

This mellenger was the mother of Gerald. She performed her employment with diferetion, but the agitation of Alige was to great and to evident, as to have exerted fulpicion, if the had not fortunately received the intelligence without witnesses. The woman returned to Alan. and he waited with a beating heart the hour of appointment. It came at length. He flew to the forest, perceived his faithful nurse, and rushed into her arms. They funk gently together on the earth; mingled feelings of joy, affection, and regret, locked their tongues :- they looked at each other; gazed again as if their eyes were not yet fatisfied, and as if they had fill fomething to discover which had tefore efcaped them.

Alan first recovered himself—" Guardian of my tender years," he exclaimed,

"I see thee once more!—I hold thee
again

he

again in my arms—It prefs thee to my

"O, my beloved child!" cried Alice; "the pangs of absence are well repaid by the joys of meeting!"——She gazed at him again, drew back a little, and exclaimed—"Great Heaven!—how beautiful—how graceful—how manly! Fitz—Osborne himself!—Yes, thy fire lives, speaks, and moves in thee! Matilda, my sainted mistress—would that she too beheld thee thus lovely, thus all that her sondest hopes could have desired—Alas! dear injured lady!"——

She paused; her eyes filled and her bosom heaved with sad recollection—
"Thou goest, my child," she resumed;
"thou art my only comfort, and shall I lose thee? Thou goest far away; distant and hostile climes shall divide us:—Ah! how know I, if thou mayest ever bless my sight again!" "Let us commit surrure events to the will of the Almighty," answered Alan; "but my mother:"—

.diod

he hesitated—" Matilda was injured—
thou once—never will that moment be
erased from my memory! Thou once
didst imprecate curses on her murderer."
He paused, and regarded her with an expression of earnest inquiry.

Alice shuddered—" Dost thou remember?" replied she, in a faltering voice; "Ah! dear child, forget my words!—they were simple, they were indiscreet; perhaps thou didst mistake their tenor."

"O, no!" exclaimed he, falling at her feet; "my mother, recal thy promife; of one day unravelling a mystery which I feel concerns me most nearly. The years of infancy are elapsed—dost thou now fear my discretion?" "Alas!" replied Alice, "I fear all things, because I love thee! Thou art the only good I have left—Shall I risk thy loss, by rousing within thy breast the fell sensations of hatred and revenge?"

"Then," cried Alan, with vivacity,
this disclosure is to inspire me with
both

both.-My mother !- keep me not in fulpence—Is Walter the murderer of Metilda 2-1 quit my native land, perhaps for ever-and shall I depart in ignorance?-- fhalf not my hand avenge the blood of her who gave me life?"

As he spoke, his features assumed a flerner caft : fire flashed from his eve-he touched his fword involuntarily, and half drew it from the fcabbard.

"Too just were my fears!" cried the trembling Alice. "What temenity!-Wouldst thou in attempting the destruction of another rush blindly on thy own?" She threw herfelf into a supplicating pofture. " My fon," she resumed, "my treasure-my delight, have pity on me! ladjure thee by the bosom that nourished thee by the respected shades of thy parents-by all things facred and holy, to promise that thou wilt take no step to vengeance, 'till I allow thee, Give me this vow, elfe shall my lips be closed in everlasting filence!" think with location Alan

bleeding

Alan hestated. She re-urged him with uplifted hands and streaming eyes. He was melted: forgot every thing but tenderness, and complied.

"Now then, my fon," (cried the, arifing, and addressing him with a solemn
air) "I will tell thee all—follow me."
She advanced into the thickest part of the
forest. He followed her quick. "Behold," said she, stopping suddenly, and
pointing to a raised mound of earth,
behold the grave of thy mother!"
Alan uttered a loud cry. "This the
grave of my mother!—this," cried he,
"this the grave of Matilda!"

"Too fure!" replied Alice, with encreafed folemnity. "Under this simple histock, rest the remains of Heaven's best and fairest work! During fifteen years, each returning day has seen me wash this grave with my tears; it is the chapel of my orisons, and oft, if fancy did not delade me, have I heard the abcents of my mistress—oft beheld her bleeding

bleeding shade! Look at this diff—fie how I have preserved its verdure—No hoisome weed or bramble do I suffer to defile it—It is pure as was the breast of her who sleeps beneath it!"

Alan knelt; he bent over the facred repository of the dead, kissed the turs, and extended his arms across in "Oh Heaven!" exclaimed Alice, struck by his action, "Is this an omen of my vow's accomplishment? "So once," continued she to the son of Fitz-Osborde, so once did Heaven has elected thee for the minister of its justice!"

Alan heard her not. Buried in forrowful reflections, he neither changed
his posture, how raised his head. She
knelt beside him, and took his hand in
hers. He started, "Where is the murderer of my mother?" cried he, wildly.
"Give him to my sword!" "Recollect
thy vow," said Alice. "Ah! rash vow!"
he exclaimed.—"Why didst thou require

6 16

it?—Why am I restrained?—Must I suffer the wretch!—the caitiff! to live in peace?—But speak—name him—thet me at least know this object of my detestation!"

"May Heaven blaft him with unheard of curses!" exclaimed Alice.
"Learn, my son, that Walter Fitz-Osborne, the brother of thy sire, that he, even he, was the destroyer of thy mother, and the spoiler of thy birth-right?"

That name impressed Alan with horror; he had doubted before, but certainty confounded him. "What, the Earl B" exclaimed he, in an agitated voice.

heart!" interrupted Alice.—! Thou, my child—thou art the true Lord of these domains—Thou art the rightful heir of thy fire!—Compose thy spirits, and listen to my words."

ing to the Castle with his adherents; part

of this scene was yet buried in mystery. She developed enough however, to encrease the emotions of her auditor. In concluding, she took the tablets of Matilda from her bosom, and opening them, pointed out that page which contained the prayer for Walter.

Alan perused it eagerly. "Blest shade," said he, looking up, "why am I not absolved from my vow?—why cannot I avenge thee?—O," continued he, turning to Alice, "now while my heart burns with a just indignation, give me to requite my parent's wrongs on her destroyer's head!—Beloved Alice, say but one word—I say to punish!—Arm me with thy permission—O my mother—thou owest it to Matilda—She chides thy tardy confent."

"Mistaken youth," replied Alice,
"she would preserve, not destroy thee—
Is this a time for vengeance?—Bethink
thee of Walter's power—recollect how
high

Canst thou—unfriended—helples—pretend to cope with one of such authority?
—No, my son, in panishing, thou thyself
would be undone—Reserve thy sword—
it is engaged in the cause of Heaven—
Thou canst not without impiety now use it
for another purpose—Go—fight under
the banner of religion—establish thy
same by new renown—then seize the savourable moment—drag the usurper from
the den of his hypocrify—bare him to
the eye of day—accuse—strike—and revenge!"

While the spoke in an earnest and energetic tone, the forest became agitated with a tremulous motion, as if, the inanimate, impressed with facred awe. "My fon!" cried Alice, catching Alan's hand. Suddenly a female form clad in robes of light, stitted past them.

"It is Matilda!" exclaimed Alice "My mother!" cried the youth, flarting up, and rushing forward. The airy shade thade-cluded his purfair. He law in no more in ward appropriate the

tone of grief, "don thou fly thy fourbut one poor glance!—wilt thou not return—my mother!" "Peace!" interrupted Alice, "respect the dead!"

Alan again briew trimer sende the grave, folded his arms, fixed the eyes, and fell into a deep fit of midling. This companion rouled little from it. of Diffe thou mark the counterance of Matilla !" faid the. " Didft thou observe the stante of approbation the care rowards the !-Either fancy deceived me, or I beheld it. My fon her prefence was owing to no light chafe; thou were rath-happruteist. She came to warm thee from temerityto bid thee delay the hour of vengeance, to render it more fure. Follow her will withe is but the messenger of Heaven; let biery and filial love refrain thy limperustiny, and render thee compliant" "They shall," exclaimed Alan, "I will be

be jobedient, submissive! I will restrain my indignation, however hard the task. Good God! to do so, must I not become a dissembler? Alice, dear Alice, pity me—I must hide my feelings—I must wear the robe of deceit—how difficult—how humiliating!"

His companion foothed him. She represented that necessity rendered concealment laudable, not humiliating. She praised his generous spirit, hugged him to her bosom, and at length composed him.

They entered into conversation. He proposed to her an asylum in the house of Geoffry; she accepted it gladly, and they concerted that Gerald should shortly come to guide her to that place. As they discoursed, the morning broke upon them; it was time to separate.

throwing her arms around him. " Hill fee thee no more!—if this is our last embrace—" Sobs interrupted her voice;

the

The pressed him again to her heart, and werted him with her tears. on ton como

My fon !" file repeated, " If I fee thee no more !- Tolace of my woes! comfort of my afflictions !- flay of my declining years !- if I lofe thee-O God, avert that terrible judgment !--deprive me not of my joy, my hope, my delight !--- O, thou. Eternal, take not from me my only treasure! my

While the held him in a first embrace, Gerald advanced Haffily towards them." "My matter," faid he, "we must quick-" en our departure. As I kept watch on the verge of the forest, I beheld a man, firike through a path which led from this fpot. If I am not deceived, it was stall took this Maurice whom I faw."

" Ah! the traitor!" exclaimed Alice. "too fure, he has overheard our conference!-Fly, my fon!-fly this moment-flay not for treachery !"-"We will go together," replied Alan, Argulf. " there

"there is no fafety for thee in the Cafile;
—Come, my mother, this is no time for ceremony or delay." In speaking thus, he took her trembling hand, and led her to the verge of the forest where Gerald had tied their steeds; then assisting him to loose them, he placed Alice behind his squire, vaulted on his own courser, be and they rode off at full speed.

When at a sufficient distance from the Castle to defy pursuit, the son of Fitz. Ofborne halted in tenderness to his nurse, who faint from affright and satigue, defired to repose herself for a while. He assisted her to alight; they seated themselves beneath a friendly hedge, impervious to the heat of the sun, and Gerald took charge of the horses.

"My fon," faid Alice fondly, "how much am I indebted to thy oars! Barfay, what is thy purpose? Dost thou mean to go straight to the capital?" "No, my mother," replied Alan, "I will first lodge thee in safety with the venerable."

Arnulf.

Arnulf. From thence Geoffin shall conduct thee to his dwelling. When I have committed thee to his protection.

I will go to London.

"My master," interrupted Gerald,
"wilt thou pardon me for presuming to
give thee counsel?" "Speak freely,"
replied Alan, "I advise then," resume
ed Gerald, "that thou leave Alice to
my care, and hasten to the capital. The
slight of thy nurse, and the communication of Maurice, will not fail to alarm
Walter; thy presence may sull his sufpicions."

"True, most true!" cried Alice, eagerly. "O my son, I pray thee give heed to this counsel; it is discreet. My heart sickens at the thought of thy danger. Go, my child; relieve the anxiety of her who loves thee more than her own life!"

Her lips quivered with agitation, the regarded him with looks of supplication and affright. Alan, though unwilling.

to comply, could not relift these making folicitations: He embraced her, half and miled to be obedient to her will in all things.

It was enough. Delivered from apprehension, she now found room for forrow. They were to part; perhaps for ever. Could she support that parting! Bitter sobs, mingled with exclamations, proved the strength of her affection, and the depth of her woe.

Nor was Alan less affected. His friend, his instructress, his more than parent; so did he stile, and so lament her. At length they separated. Gerald directed his course to the cell of Montmorency, and Alan took the route to London.

Various and conflicting were his thoughts during that journey. But when on entering the palace, he perceived his usurping kinsman advance to meet him, with a smile of dissembled pleasure; his vow, the injunction of Alice, the apparition, all were insufficient to stiffe his

this the for the return this ted gration.

Farmed a sching has wond to the offered embreces because the return of the return of

Tensible he had deletived it, began to apprehend the allicovery of his guilt. Maurice stone doubt have beinged him, yet how, he had been dot; all was perplexizing and terror. As the anxiety of vice is more painful than that of virtue, to did the acuteness of his soments exceed the bitterness of Allan's seeings. The paided a restell slight, and next day apparent a mestenger to the castle of Pitz Oborne, with orders for Maurice to repair to him with speed to the castle of Pitz Oborne, with orders for Maurice to repair to him with speed to the castle of Pitz Oborne.

While he waited impatiently for the refult, Gerald returned to his maffer. Alan had fearcely rejoiced at the fecurity of his beloved nurle, when he learned that a favouring gate frammoned the foldiers of religion to the commencement of their enterprise.

Vol. II.

The

The Prince confirmed this intelligence "We go, my friend!" he exclaime "Our enliges wanton; proudly in the breeze; all is ready. Our thips are unmoored; Heaven calls us! My Eleonora waits to accompany her spouse."

Martial order inflamed, the breaft of our young hero, " My Prince!" he exclaimed. "We will fight and conquer! Victory shall crown the banner of the more painful than to the of the lead ber

The fleet was Mortly launched; grouds of generous warriors thronged the decks The Prince, his confort, Alan and a troop of young nobles haftened on board. Lord William made one of this number, and Walter had the mortification of feeing them depart before his fuspicions were refolved. refulty Gerald regurred offer

A concourse of spectators lined the shore; and put up vows to Heaven for the fuccess and good fortune of the gallant croifades. The mariners, faluting the multitude with loud and joyful shouts, unfurled furled their fails: the careful pilots fleered their rudders forward, and foon the pointed keels cut the bosom of the deep-A fwift and eafy paffage, carried them into the Mediterranean. They arrived at the African shore. The troops landed, and proceeded with the Prince at their head, to the camp of the French Monarch, which lay before Tunis.

They found it immerfed in mourning and difmay. Edward learned with grief that his expected confederate, the pious Lewis, had paid the debt of nature before his arrival. Philip De Aumale was the relater of this melancholy event-Big tears rolled down the cheeks of the venerable warrior, while he articulated that Lewis was no more. The Prince, though deeply concerned, was not difcouraged from his purpole. He deplored the loss of his august affociate, attempted to comfort Philip, and prepare to return to his fleet. is grapment diague ficence, b

Alan advanced to De Aumale—"Brave finan," faid he, "I would alleviate thy forrow were it possible; I know it to be affecting. Thou lamentest a master and a friend; may Alan never experience such a loss! Heaven shield the life of Edward, and avert all ills from his royal head!"

"Gracious youth," replied Philip,
"may thy prayer be answered, for the
fake of England's and thine own repose!
Knight, I thought to have followed my
master in the path of glory, and I bear
him to his tomb;—bitter and fad reverse!
—but he is happy; goodness has ensured him blis, and I ought not to repine."

In faying this, he renewed his former offer of amity to Alan, and that youth thankfully accepted and returned it.—
The Prince led back his foldiers to the fleet; they embarked without loss of time, and proceeded on their voyage.

and with leading applications

BOOK THE SIXTH

created purched in our

MONGST the ladies why attended Eleonora, Blanche, daughter to the Earl of Salifbury, was the most eminent in beauty and accomplishments. The young Earl of Pembroke, one of the companions of Edward, had declared himself her knight, and her fervant, and the feemed to regard him with no unfavourable eye. Her departure from England had been supposed to proceed from her affection to this noble; but the public opinion was fallacious. His superior merit obliged her to distinguish him from the rest of her suitors; but reason alone had extorted that preference, while her 1.3 heart Languagh T

heart continued free. The fon of Fitz-Osborne unwittingly subdued that infensibility: his same had reached her ear; before his person met her eyes. Prepared to admire, his demeanor exceeded her most sanguine expectations. She sound him all excellent, all charming; Pembroke appeared nothing in comparison. From considering Alan at superior to him, she proceeded to think him the first and most amiable of the human race.

Pembroke soon perceived that he no longer held the first place in her esteem; he complained of her coldness, and his importunity converted her indifference into dislike; whenever he attempted to address her, frowning and averted looks were the consequence. The young Lord, naturally proud, resented this apparent aversion, with incessant reproaches, and concealing neither his love, or his anger, vented both, even in the presence of the Prince.

Edward,

SCHOOL FALE.

Edward, who imagined her behavious the result of maidenty artified alone, rail lied Pembroke, and diverted historial with his anxiety. He would frequently call on Alan to join with him in ridicule, but that youthy even compassionate and tender, pitted the despited lover, and sought to persuade Blanche to a less rigorous deportment.

Eager to converse with him, though on a topic she disapproved, the daughter of Salisbury littened with midness to his pleadings, and facretly wished they had proceeded from another cause. He mistook this affability, for a presage of success, more warmly renewed his solicitations, and received the thanks and graff-tude of Pembroke, while he injured, though innocently, his love.

These matters produced food for mirth and divertisement to the Prince and his consort, during the voyage: it approached to a conclusion; the holy shore of Palestine appeared in view; the mari-

pers, expling, plied their pars, loud acclamations filled the air; all private conperns; were lost in the confideration of public and religious west.

The cables were thrown out, the valfels moored, and Alan first leaps lightly
on the beach. Growds of warriors followed. They joyfully builed the land,
which had been favoured with the immediate prefence of the Deity. Eleonora and her attendant dames were conducted on shore; the facred banner was
reared. Edward, laying his hand upon it,
knelt, and offered up his orifons. His
example was followed by the affembled
army: their devotions ended, they arose
with resolved and chearful aspects.

Amongst that numerous multitude,
Lord William alone betrayed symptome
of dread and apprehension; his pusillanimity passed unnoticed, save by the discerning Prince. He observed the eye of
Edward fixed upon him, blushed, and
would

would fain have affumed an appearance of fortitude and courage.

But though he inherited from his fire, the love of difficulation, the copy had not attained to such perfection as the original. Inclined to deceit, yet not possessed of ingenuity enough to hide that propertity, his artifices were generally detected, because easily developed. Too shallow, and too despicable to take essent; they inspired not bassed or fear, but disting and contumely.

The Croisades now advanced to the relief of Acon, which was belieged by a large army of the Infidels, commanded by Selim, Sultan of Babylon, a bitter and determined adversary to the Christian faith. Edward led on his troops to the engagement, baving first animated them with a considerand nervous speech. The unbelieving Monarch, confiding in the superiority of numbers, despited, what he imagined, an impotent attack; but the result soon continced him, that

firength weighs nothing in the scale with discipline and valour.

The victorious cross triumphed over the humbled crescent; Selim, bassled and disappointed, took refuge within the walls of Joppa, and Edward encamped before them.

The just praises which the Prince had bestowed on the son of Fitz-Osborne, for his conduct in the late battle, excited neither envy or displeasure, save in the breast of Lord William, that experienced both, and he could ill conceal them. Not daring to vent himself in open injuries, he sought to embroil Pembroke with his kinsman. Notwithstanding his natural stupidity, malice had lent him penetration; he discovered the secret of Blanche, and bluntly communicated it to her lover, at the same time loading Alan with the imputation of treachery.

anticipates proof, and takes doubt for confirmation. Pembroke, though he de

spiled the character of Lord William, gave an implicit credit to his assurance, and borned with reference against Alan and his mistress. Ignorant of his enemies machinations, that youth continued to employ all his instuence with Blanche in behalf of Pembroke. He took every opportunity to emertain her on this subject, and the unsuccessful lover believing he solicited for another interest, became instance with fresh rage.

Anger blinded him to decency and honour; he fought an occasion to quarrel
with his fancied tival; and at length, being transported beyond all bounds, infulted him publicly, by the opprobrious
name of base-born deceiver. This gross
treatment deprived Alan of his wonted
forbearance; he answered the indignity
with a blow, and pulled his sword from
the scabbard. Pembroke had already
drawn his; he rushed upon him, mad s
with jealousy and rage; the spectators
interposed, they separated them forcibly,

and 1

bus-

and at the same moment the Prince appeared.

Edward, struck with surprise, advanced towards them.——" My Lord of Pembroke!" he exclaimed—" What I and my Knight too? For shame! employ your swords to better purpose—difference them not with private broils—turn them against the enemies of Christianity!— Sall different interrupt our union?"

Alan, moved with an ingenuous confusion by this reproof, cast down his
eyes, unable to support the looks of the
Pringe. Pembroke, inspired with the
considence of anger, addressed Edward
boldly.

"When treachery," faid he, "is difecreared, it is no wonder that difected floolds follow.—That bale been drippling !—"I

"Peace, on thy life," intercupted Alan, aroused from his confusion, "already thou hast insulted me with that name—am I hase-born?—perhaps;"—He stopped, he recollected this yow.—"Be my birth

es it may," refused he, more calmly, "I em not a deceivered didft thou flile ma" and a deceivered by didft thou flile

Pembroke, forcely. With my lovered will I prove thy follood. I challenge thee to fingle combat." He threw down his gauntlet.

Alan took it up.... "Have Lany Prince's permission," daid he, carnestly. "I know not," replied Edward, still more amazed. "To what tends this haughty Lord's discourse? -- speak," said he, turning to Pembroke, "Of what wouldstathou accuse my Knight?"

" It is enough," neplied he, " that I know him to be a traitor—his own break can best inform him how. Let him accept my defiance, or by his cowardice merit mother kind of obastisement."

"Hall is it in thee to menace the form of Eitz-Ofborned" cried Alan, indignantly. "My Prince, (added he, falting at Edward's feet) if I am a deceiver, I deferve.

ferve not to serve thee. Suffer me to wash away the odious appellation in the blood of the insulter!—Grant me this boon, or spurn me from thy presence with ignominy. There is no alternative, either I merit to defend my same, or am unworthy of thy savour."

"Arise," said Edward, "I allow thy demand, not from consideration of Lord. Pembroke, but in deference to thee. He has insulted me, in daring to use rude and threatening language in my presence, and he may esteem himself obliged to thy supplication, that I do not otherwise resent his disrespect."

These words gave new vexation to see Pembroke. In a fullen and mortified tone, he bade the Prince fix the hour of combate, and also some lab was 1950

"I will it to be to-merrow," answered!
Edward; "I give thee the intermediate:
time to consider of thy offence to the son
of Fitz-Osborne, and to me: Perhaps a
little thought may incline thee to more:
noble:

noble conduct. If reflection disposes thee to repentance and submission, I will again receive thee as the Lord of Pembroke, my companion in danger, and my emulator in glory—At present, I know thee not." In speaking thus, he turned away, and bade Alan follow him, leaving the angry challenger to the stings of his humbled pride.

Pembroke soon after presented himself before his mistress. He asked in an ironical tone, whether her savourite had been to implore the affishance of her vows for the ensuing fight? A conscious blush dyed her cheek, and indignation heightened it. "If," replied she, haughtily, "thou meanest Alan Fitz-Osborne, he is indeed my favourite, in being thy advertisary!"

her predilection for a strippling, a traitor, one of stained birth, and dependant for-

Lodinic

- Shame Successor of the State of Shame

"Shame on thy ill mannered tonguel" exclaimed the Lady, "darest thou tax me with indiscretion? Must I love another, because Pembroke is the object of my aversion?—Begone insulter! Know me for the daughter of Salisbury. Dread the resentment of my kindred, though thou contemnest mine!"

Pembroke, who at her first words, was nearly penitent, became still more offending from this threat. After venting his rage in the most vehement reproaches, he rushed from her presence, overwhelmed with confusion and despite.

That evening he confined himself to his tent, and gave orders that no person-should be admitted but Lord William. This base confidant increased his tontures by the intelligence he communicated on entering. He said that Alan at that moment discoursed with the daughter of Satisbury, in a grove of palm trees, which shaded Edward's tent, and offered to conduct him to the spot, unseen. Pembroke, without

without speaking, made a sign of assent.

Lord William led him onward to the place he had mentioned. They concealed themselves in a close arbour, and shortly the objects whom they sought approached.

Pembroke attempted to burst from his retreat, but Lord William, whose cowardice equalled his treachery, dreaded the vengeance of Alan, and forcibly restrained him. That step, calculated for his safety, became the means of discovering his malice. The fon of Fitz-Osborne and Blanche now advanced so near to the arbour, as to render their conversation overheard.

The Lady spoke of her lover's inforlence with much indignation. What was the affonishment of that Lord, to hear Alan attempt to mitigate her anger, and plead for the person who had most injured him I. He renewed his attention, and watched impatiently for the reply of his mistress. BEAT THE CONTRACT

GO:

It was given with embarratiment: blushes suffused her countenance, while she hinted that jealousy had been the motive of Pembroke's conduct.

Alan, with an ingenuous humility, wondered why he should be the object; but far from joining with Blanche in condemning the suspicion, and its confequences, he would have her consider it as an extenuation of her lover's offence. He bade her recollect his former services, gently reproved her severity, and said that jealously, as an attendant of true passion, was more deserving of pity than resentment:

Overcome by this generosity, Pembroke suddenly shook off Lord William, and rushed out of the arbour. Blanche uttered a shrick of affright. Alan, impressed with surprise, but incapable of fear, waited with an undaunted air, the assault of the supposed enemy.

The action of Pembroke banished that thought. After standing some moments

in a fixed attitude of confusion, he advanced towards his miffres, " Lady," faid he, " though I much defire thy pardon, I must first feek another, more difficult to grant, because greater the offence." "Noble youth," he added, turning to Alan, " fee the defiance of Pembroke, changed into supplication -Thou wert my advocate even now, but who hall plead for me to thee?-Canft thou forgive the rath, and affronting fallies of wild passion? Behold thy late enemy, humbled by thy virtue, repentant of his offence, fuing for thy forgivenels, yet confessing himself unworthy to attain it." Note: salgadina a see reals and salebone

"Enough, generous man," faid Alan, extending his hands; "the submission of such a person as Pembroke is sufficiently gratifying, his amity defirable."

Pembroke eagerly accepted the offered hand. Alan immediately joined his with that of Blanche; the appeared displeased; and would have drawn it away; Alan detained.

detained it with a gentle force—" I, too, have a pardon to alk," faid he, gaily, "but I must continue to offend, even while I implore it. Dear Lady, enough has been given to decorum; let love now exact his share. Pembroke deserves thy affection; thou canst not withhold it, without being guilty of ingratitude. Will Blanche render herself llable to so soul a charge i—No. I perceive condescension in her looks; I perceive too, that Alan, begins to be an intruder." In saying thus, with a smiling air, and quick page.

The hand of Blanche still sentimes enclosed in that of Pembroke: lost in confusion and disappointment, the forgot to withdraw it. Alan was insensible to her love; he even required her to bestow it on another—how humiliating l—Anger for his indifference, pleaded more effectually for Pembroke, that his own solicitations: he neglected not however, to employ them, and mistaking her agintation.

fatisfied with his good fortune. Affected by his transports, and ashamed of her own sensations, Blanche sought by approving the one, to conceal the other: She beheld him with kindness, answered him with affability, and promised to hold him in the same esteem as before.

Pembroke, now at ease, recollected Lord William. Willing to excuse his own conduct, he acquainted Blanche with his infinuations, and breathing vengeance for his treachery, went to the arbour with an intent of pulling him forth. But he was disappointed; Lord William having stunk away the moment he had quitted him.

Pembroke returned to his militrels, led her to the tent of Eleonora, and leaving her at its entrance, went in search of the Prince; determined to make a public submillion to him and Alan, and to expose the deceit of Lord William. He executed his purpose. Edward, who

had

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had been prepared for that event by his Knight, kindly accepted the apology, and forbade the combat. Lord William reproved, shunned, and deserted by all, was obliged to content himself with the society of his own thoughts, always base, and now tormenting.

The fiege of Joppa was pursued with unremitting diligence. Selim made adesperate fally on those who were carrying on the works, at a time when they expected no affault. Before they could be relieved, he routed them from their posts, destroyed their machines, and returned triumphantly into the town, with a confiderable number of prisoners.

Edward, enraged at this infult, preffed the place with redoubled vigour. His fleet meanwhile commanded the harbour, and prevented all provisions from entering. The Sultan of Babylon, dispirited by the clamours of the samished inhabitants, at length implored a truce of fourteen days, promising, if not re-

lieved

lieved before that period, to deliver up the town to the Christians; and menacing, in case of refusal, to impale his captives in fight of their friends. The humanity of Edward, ever superior to the suggestions of his policy, obliged him to affent. The truce was proclaimed, and a short repose interrupted the toils of war.

The second night from the commencement of the truce, Alan being seized with an unusual melancholy, resolved to indulge it in solitude; and mounting his proud steed, quitted the camp, accompanied by the trusty Gerald. The moon had then attained her highest zenith, and threw a mild lustre on surrounding objects; no rude breeze disturbed the awful stillness of nature; Contemplation seemed to mark the present moment for her own.

Unconscious of any direction, Alan, and his companion wandered on. They had entered a large forest which skirted Joppa, before Gerald ventured to inter-

rupt the train of his matter's reflections: While he was perfuading him to vetor to the camp, by representing the many dangers which awaited his flay, a younh, habited in a rich Saracen dreis, paned them quickly. Alan, firtick by his appearance, heeded not Gerald's words, but continued gazing after him. The firanger, firiking into the midfi of the forest, was foon concealed from his view. He turned to Gerald, and was going to express his surprize, when the found of rude and boilterous voices affailed his ear, and at the fame time another cried aloud for help. Alan, ever ready to the call of diffress, instantly couched his lance, and spurred his horse towards the path he had feen the Saracentake. Gerald kept close belide him, and they foon perceived the ftranger hemmed in by a fmall body of retainers to the English camp.

Alan, in a loud voice, declared his name, and admonthed the alfailants to defit from infracting the truce. Intend of complying, they turned on him with fury, refolved to prevent him from becoming an accuser of their treachery.

Alan prevented their attack, charged amongst them with impetuolity, and Gerald failed not to fecond his valour. The ruffians were shortly obliged to defend themselves; their exertions were vain; already had the conquering arm of Alan obliged three of their number to bite the dust, when the young Saracen, finding himfelf at liberty, fnatched a weapon from the hand of one of his affailants, and plunging it in his breaft, flew to the fide of his defender. The three warriors, then united, and irrefiftible. foor compelled their remaining cnemies to fly.

My brave deliverer !" cried the ftranger, embracing Alan, "Thouart a Chriftian. I, though professing the faith of Mahomet, am not a foe to Christianity; and base indeed were my heart, if I could fuffer the difference of teligious Vola II. K tenets

generofity, fourning all distinctions, exposed thy own life in defence of mine, a stranger, and supposed enemy."

The fon of Fitz-Osborne, astonished at hearing himself addressed in the English tongue, stood for some moments silent; at length he exclaimed, "The language of my own country, in the wood, of Joppa!—and from a Saracen. Perhaps," said he, hesitating, "that habit may deceive me—perhaps thou art of English birth?"

"Thy doubt is natural," replied the stranger, smiling, "but not just. I am a native of Cairo, of the blood of the Mamelukes. Time presses, or I would be more particular; the russians who have sled, may return with more assistants; let us separate. To-morrow, at the ninth hour, if thou seelest thyself interested for me, as I do for thee, repair to this place. I now offer thee my friendship; I will then resolve thy curiosity."

ofity." At these words, not waiting for a reply, he ran rapidly away, and was soon out of fight.

Alan, marvelling at the passed scene, turned to his domestic; "We will depart," said he, "and to morrow."——His squire interrupted him with an aspect of terror. "Nor to-morrow, nor ever," said he, trembling, "shalt thou come to this place; if Gerald's disfussions take effect!"

"And why," asked Alan, in a tone of displeasure, "Why wouldest thou disfuade me?—Didst thou not hear the stranger?"

"Ah! my master," replied Gerald, "heed him not. Too sure he is an evil phantom who would lure thee to destruction. The unbelievers teem in enchantments and forceries. They have raised this spirit to mislead thee. My master, guard thee against their infernal arts:—avoid the wood of Joppa!—Let us enter it no more!"

The displeasure of Alan was now converted into mirth. "My poor Gerald," said he, smiling, "thy reason is disturbed. What enchantment, and what arts, are those thou fearest? Think a little;—thou art but a coward in imagination; I have seen thy arm act bravely."

The reproof confused Gerald, but did not rid him of his terrors; yet respect bridled his tongue; he spoke no more on a subject which he apprehended might move his master's anger, and they proceeded to the camp in silence.

Next day Alan forgot not his appointment. Gerald, notwithstanding his superassition, would not suffer him to go alone. Scarce had they entered the wood, when they beheld the Saracen approach, leading another person, who seemed to advance with timid and fearful steps.—

Alan immediately dismounted, and Gerald followed his example trembling.—

"My master," said he whisperingly, and pulling him, "Seest thou not that second

fecond person? Take heed! Alan smited, and unmindful of the caution, went nearer to the Saracen.

He beheld the fresh object of Gerald's fear, and found him more capable of informing admiration than terror.

He feemed yet in extreme youth: His blue eyes rivalled the azure of the Heavens, and were staded by dark lashes which gave them an air of inexprellible fweetness and femibility. A turban of transparent riffany restrained his luxuriant auburn treffes from flowing loofe, vet a few locks burning from confinement, wandered over his fnowy forehead, and appeared to pride themselves in the contrast. The bloom of the opening role, seemed a type of that delicate fuffusion which overspread his cheeks, and his lips of a deeper hue, were rendered still more charming by a dimple which played belide them. He was clad in a light robe of the filk of Ormus, bound around his graceful waift by a golden K 3 zone.

gems. His white ancles, round, flender, and polished, were decorated with bracelets of the sparkling diamond on a ground of black; and his tender feet were defended with embroidered sandals: In his long and taper singers, he grasped a pointed dart, which far from appearing meant for a weapon of offence, seemed to terrify him who bore it.

The fon of Fitz-Osborne, in gazing at this beauteous figure, forgot to salute his first acquaintance. But that youth was less unmindful. "My deliverer!" said he, accosting him. Alan recovered himself; he excused his embarrassment, by declaring the cause. The young Saracen smiled, and his companion blushed. "It is my brother," said the former.—"Is he mortal?"—exclaimed. Alan, "I should tather have taken him for an inhabitant of Paradise!"

The

The person of whom he spoke, seemed now overwhelmed with consusion. "Selim"—said the elder Saracen—"shrinks from praise, even with more than semale bashfulness.—For shame," (said he, turning with a laughing air to the timid Selim.) "Rid thee of this effeminacy.—Come, my brave preserver," he continued, "we will hie us to a more retired spot: this place is too liable to observation."

Alan inflantly made a fign to his domestic to remain where he was, and then
with the two Saracens, proceeded farther into the wood. The apprehensive
Gerald, restrained by respect, and yet
urged on by sear, could not literally
obey his master's command; he contented himself, however, with keeping them
still in sight, and approached not near
enough to hear their conversation.

Alan and his companions now feated themselves beneath some shady palms, and the elder Saracen addressed him thus.

K.4. "Christian,

"Christian, I engaged last night to satissy thy curiosity; I am now prepared
to do so: but first let me offer thee,
(what is not in my power to withhold,
even if I would) a fincere and perfect
amity. I am not ignorant that the badge
thou wearest, seems to warn thee from
holding any alliance with a person nurtured in the bosom of Islamism; but I
tell shee, that though thy faith should
urge thee to destroy the life of him
whom thou hast once preserved, his
gratitude shall render him resistless to
thy hostilities, and to thy sword."

"Youth," replied the fon of Fitz-Osborne, "I cannot resent thy doubt, because thou art unacquainted with my principles. Didst thou know them better, thou wouldst perceive that the zeal of Alan is honourable, not persecuting; that though armed in the cause of religion, he is alive to the feelings of humanity."

se production of the Pardon

"Pardon me," returned the Saracen."
"Thou are indeed truly noble; and to prove to thee that I am neither unworthy by my birth or fentiments, of aspiring to the friendship, know, that I am only some to the Soldan of Egypt—my name Mureddin—almost a Christian in belief, and wholly thy servant."

This disclosure gave Alan equal pleafure, and surprize. "As a follower of Mahomet," said he, "I could have esteemed thee, though deploring thy delasion; judge then, if in sinding thee inclined to the true religion, I return not thy amity ten fold? Tell me, I pray thee, illustrious youth, if the principles of this gentle Selim accord with thine?— Methinks I would not have him an unbeliever."

selim haltily exclaimed in a fweet and eager tone, "No-a Christian!—firmly a Christian!" The purport and the melody of his accents, charmed and affected the heart of our young hero; he present

K 5

his hand, and regarded him with an eye of speaking admiration. Selim, appearing abashed, drew away his hand. Alan, struck by that action, conceived a thought, which far from displeasing, delighted him. "If," said he, to himself, "if this is the sister of Mureddin, not his brother?"

He recollected the words of Mureddin; he had called himself the only son of the Soldan; conviction stashed upon him; he looked at Selim: the timidity, the consusion, the soft graces of that young person, confirmed him. "It is so," thought he again. "O, my blindness!—How could I fail to discover it?"—This loveliness is all delicate!—all feminine!"

Willing to be affured of what he wished, and yet searful of disappointment, he turned hesitatingly to Mureddin. "Thou art only son of the Soldan of Egypt," said he, and paused. "How then

then is this thy brother?" added he, fal-

Mureddin appeared to divert himself-with his perplexity. "Said I so?" asked he, after remaining for some time silent." Thou didst," replied Alan, eagerly. "Perhaps so," resumed Mureddin," "when the heart is strongly interested, the tongue may mistake. I assure thee however, that the parents of this youth are mine—he is also the offspring of the Soldan."

That answer, which neither authorized his hopes, or destroyed them, threw Alan into new doubts. So engrossed was he, by the contemplation of this mystery, that his curiosity on other subjects vanished: he forgot to inquire how Mureddin became acquainted with the English language and the Christian faith. The Mameluke reminded him of his neglect; and waiting not for its amendment, proceeded to inform him in the following words:

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"My fire," faid he, "after one of the former croifades, was presented with a female flave, of English birth, and exquilite beauty: her accomplishments. and the noble pride with which the fupported her captivity, and repulsed his offers, formed a fenfible contrast to the unembellished minds, and abject manners of the Affatic women. My fire finding her regardless of his power, or his menaces, threw slide the sternness of a master, for the gentleness of a supplicant. His entreaties had more force than his authority: fhe returned his love. and thou feeft before thee the fruits of their union. Still attached to her country, though torn from it for ever, the resolved to instruct her children in the language and manners fo dear to her; and thus flattered herfelf with pofferfing England even in Cairo. The Soldan, who fill idolized her person, prevented not that intention: but though a fond lover, he continued a zealous Musiulman,

and

and firially charged her not countil into our young minds the teners of a religion which the ceased not to profes, and which he accounted false. Too much at tached to Christianity for obedience, the fecretly inspired us with a love for its profesiors, and a respect for its precepts! By fome fatality, Selim, who was younger than I, continued longer under her care. As foon as the years of infancy were passed, I was put under the tuition of persons who were appointed to train me in warlike exercises, and to infiruct me in the law of the Prophet. A few moons fince, our mother fell ill of a diforder which threatened freedy death; the defired to fee me, and I was conducted to her presence. "My fon," (flid she, in a weak voice, and motioning her attendant flaves to withdraw) come near-receive the last fighs of a dying parent." I approached the fophs where the lay, in a mournful filence; the flaves retired, and the refumed. Wy fon. Lolling fee

fee with what refignation I bow my head to the inevitable firoke. Knowest thou the fpring of my ferenity?-I am a Christian !- Comprehend, and believe! -Behold," added the, pointing to Sellm, "behold thy guide to falvation!" A fatal pang interrupted her words; the breathed no more. When the first violence of filial forrow had fublided, a mecollection of the past scene filled my mind with doubts and confusion. Mindful of my mother's words; I required Selim to resolve these doubts. The Koran had till then been the director of my fentiments and conduct. Selim's reafonings flaggered my confidence in its precepts: I began to discover absurdities. where I had before feen nothing but perfections align the and it les to a result

While I continued in this state, the Soldan, for a particular purpose determined to send Selim to Syria. Unwilling to be separated from a person I so tenderly loved, I besought, and obtained my site's permission.

permission to bear him company. We arrived in the court of the Sultan of Babylon—followed him into Palestine—were present at the siege of Acon—and finally took refuge within the walls of Joppa, after the deseat of his army by the Christians.

The unoffending observers of that religion, who till that time had refided there in peace and fecurity, then felt the effects of the Sultan's ill fortune. Inflamed with perfecuting rage, he dyed the ffreets of Joppa with blood and flaughten. Selim, who possessed the art of subduing his relentless soul, on the first tidings of, those cruelties, employed his intercessions for the miserable: amongst the persons whom he had the happiness to rescue from the stroke of the executioner, was an aged and venerable hermit; the fanctity of whose manners had inspired even Muffulmen with respect. He had inhabited this forest during many years, and subsisted on the gifts of the pious and

the charitable, of his own perfusion. Selim obtained a remission of his sentence, and an assurance of security from any suture molestation. He returned to his retisement. We have since frequently resorted to him, and his arguments have added strength to Selim's; my attachment to the opinions of Marnism, are considerably weakened; in fine, as I have already said, I am almost a Christian."

Mureddin pauled, and seemed to wait for Alan's observations on his recital. That youth, whose doubts had been rather augmented than diminished, by the words of his new friend, was in no condition to make any: he ceased not to gaze at this wondrows Selim, who yet in the first bloom of youth, had become the minister of conversion, and softened the cruelty of a tyrant. He pondered on the foregoing relation. On considering it again, he found fresh matter for concluding that Selim was indeed a semale, and his

his heart confessed her to be the most lovely of her fex.

Mureddin called him from his reverie by fpeaking again. " In a vifit I made two nights fince." faid he. "to my venerable infractor, I perceived one of those ruffians, from whom thy arm preferved me, at the verge of the wood. Confiding in the truce, I regarded not the derutinizing air with which he beheld me; but I now conclude, that my defenceless state, and the richnels of my habit, at once awakened his avarice, and induced him to believe I mould become an easy prey. Thanks to the powerful Alla, and thy valour, his hopes, and those of his base companions were frustrated. Selim, to whom I described my danger and my deliverer, became infpired with a strong defire to behold the here. who had refcued his brother from to terrible a fate. Now, thou hast feen him," continued he, turning to that lovely perfon, "were my praifes too highly coo bisaniM loured ?

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loured?—Are thy expectations disappointed?"

"O no! but firongly furpaffed !" replied Selim; and then, as if confused at the ardency of the expression, he bent his love inspiring eyes to the ground Alan, still more convinced that his suspicions were well founded, could scarcely prevent himfelf from declaring them. At the moment he opened his lips to ask the question:- "Is Selim indeed thy brother ?" respect restrained him; he confidered that natural modesty, united to Asiatic referve, would be offended by the inquiry; delicacy bridled his impatience, but his looks, less guarded than his tongue, too plainly manifested what his filence would have concealed. The young Egyptian thrunk beneath his piercing regards: but that bashfulness seemed unmingled with displeasure, and frequently did a half-stolen glance prove to the fon of Fitz-Osborne, that he inspired the admiration he experienced.

Mureddin

Mureddin now turned to Selim; "We must go, my brother," said he. "Perhaps thy absence may give cause of distrust;" "But first," added he, addressing Alan, "let me know the name of my deliverer, and renew to him my assurances of unalterable friendship."

"I am called Fitz-Ofborne;" replied the youth, "and with my whole heart do I return thy amity—But I would have Selim included. Am I too importunate? —Will this amiable perfon accept my warmest esteem, and extend to me some share of his?"

"Can he with-hold it from fo much worthiness?" exclaimed Selim Mured-din smiled mysteriously: he quickly affumed a graver air, and bidding Alan farewell, promised to meet him the following day in the same spot. Then taking Selim by the hand, they both departed, leaving our young hero in a mixt tumult of perplexity and pleasure.

Geralds

Gerald, with anxious apprehention, had waited the event of this convertation. The tales that had amufed his infancy, then ferved to distract his imagination. He recollected all the fables he had heard—shuddered at the horrible images his own fancy pictured, and expected to for them realized every passing moment.

The peaceable departure of the Saracons relieved him from the weight of his terror. He now advanced to his mailter, congratulated him on his fafety, and belought him to quit the forest without delay.

Alan, plunged in thought, neither anfwered or arole. This filence again recalled all Gerald's fears; he imagined
that his mafter laboured under the influence of a necromantic spell, which reftrained his speech. Full of this idea,
he uttered a loud cry.—" Blind and fatal temerity!" he exclaimed, "Why
were the counsels of Gerald disregarded!
These curst magicians!—have they deprived

prived thee of understanding too, as well as language?"

Alan, aroused from his musing by these simple words, which at once inspired him with mirth and pity, hastened to relieve his domestic by speaking. "Heaven be praised!" cried the transported Gerald, "I hear thy accents once more!—My master, let us quit this gloomy place; the wizards may return a second time; they may be less harmless."

Alan interrupted him. "What chimeras are those that disturb thee?" said he. "What wizards dost thou speak of?" "Perhaps," (returned Gerald, somewhat abashed) "my sears are groundles;—but, my master, where thou art concerned—"He paused—Alan, penetrated by his affection, forgot all thoughts of ridicule, and determined to satisfy and compose him, by a recital of Mureddin's disclosure. While they returned slowly to the Christian camp, he made this

this relation; described the young Selim in glowing colours, but hinted not his doubts. Gerald, now perfectly at ease, far from attempting to disfuade his master, from the interview of the following day, felt himself interested, by curiosity, rather to forward than oppose it.

Alan spent that night in restless conjectures. " The lovely fifter of Mureddin." His wishes and his judgment gave Selim that appellation; it trembled repeatedly on his lips; his imagination entertained no other idea, and his heart looked forward to no greater good. Sometimes a rifing fear would interrupt the progrefs of his hopes. "Will the daughter of the Soldan," faid he, " forget her rank to favour the humble Alan? will Mureddin allow his fuit?-Ah! too fure-" While he spoke, the enthusiaim of new-born passion chased the apprehension, and cut short the sentence. "Does not the time approach," refumed he more confidently, " when the prohibition BUREAU OF

when Alan may again recover the rights, of which treachery has deprived him?—Then, not unworthy of this fair one's notice, perhaps he shall be heard without repugnance, answered with condescension." He pursued the idea; drew a thousand air-built schemes; at one time applauded them as certain; at another rejected them as vain. Alternately did the assurance of love, and the modesty of his nature contend for victory; one bidding him regard those expectations as just, which the other condemned as pre-sumptions.

When the hour of appointment drew migh, he repaired to the wood of Joppa, attended by his squire. Mureddin soon met them, but his punctuality ill consoled Alan for the absence of Selim, whom he beheld not; and forgetting to answer the salutation of his friend, he cast his eyes eagerly round the forest, with an involuntary expectation of finding the object which

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which he fought. Mureddin, instead of chiding his neglect, accosted him with an air of pleasantry, and smiling, inquired what he looked for. The question confused Alan. He murmured the name of Selim; hesitated; again attempted to speak, and again relapsed into silence. "I shall be jealous of this brother," refumed the Mameluke; "I fear he holds higher place than Mureddin, in thy esteem; however, usurper as he is, I will account to thee for his absence."

In faying this, he motioned to Alan to follow him; they went to the spot of their former conference, and again seated themselves beneath the palms. "Tell me," said Alan, no longer able to correct his impatience, "Tell me, I pray thee, by our new sworn amity—"he paused "What would my deliverer require?" asked Mureddin. "Perhaps," returned the youth irresolutely, "my words may meet thy displeasure?" "Can I seet anger against my preserver?" exclaimed Mureddin.

Mureddin. "But I will fave thee from a confusion, of which I already guess the cause. Thou doubtest that Selim is my brother?" "Most true," replied the youth, "another tie"—"Yes, noble Christian, interrupted the Saracen," I will not keep thee longer in suspense; another tie does hold us in alliance. That person, whom I have still called Selim, is indeed my sister, her name Zulima."

"O powerful Heaven!" exclaimed the fon of Fitz-Ofborne. Mureddin, not feeming to heed the interruption, continued his discourse. "I will now acquaint thee," faid he, "with the matter that brought Zulima to Syria. The fame of her beauty had reached the ear of Selimi. Sultan of Babylon: this monarch, naturally amorous, was inflamed by the description, and ardently defired to possess himself of what was delineated as so perfect. He dispatched messengers to Egypt. with directions to demand the alliance of the Soldan, if they discovered that same Vol. II. had

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had not been too lavish in the praises of These messengers were soon Zulima. convinced that report had rather diminished than exaggerated the number of her beauties. They performed the businefs with which they were entrufted, and the Soldan gave a ready affent to their demand. My fifter deplored this event with unceasing tears: her reluctance fprang from piety alone: Selim was described to her by the Soldan, as young, powerful, and possessed of all personal accomplishments; but he was a zealous Moslem, and a bitter perfecutor of Christianity. Her entreatles and her tears were equally unavailing. The Soldan gave her notice to prepare for her journey to Syria, and the was forced to comply. I, who loved her with an extremity of tenderness, already inclined to her faith, and moved by her forrow, perfuaded our fire, that I entertained an ardent wish to behold distant countries, and obtained

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tained his permission to accompany her to her elected spouse. Selim, on seeing Zulima, became deeply enamoured; but finding her cold to his love, and averfe to his vows; from a delicacy peculiar to true passion, deferred the celebration of his nuptials; hoping that time, and his affiduities, might at length induce her to give him her heart without restraint. Zulima, pleafed by his behaviour, regarded him more favourably, but fill with various artifices eluded giving an absolute affent to his hopes. In this state were her inclinations and his love, when he advanced to befiege Acon. The defeat of that enterprize, banished all soft ideas, for perfecuting rage. It was then that my lister, by her intercession, faved the pious inhabitant of the wood of Joppa; whose arguments and pleadings have fince rendered me still more inclined to Christianity, and averse to the law of Mahomet."

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"And why dost thou hesitate, "interrupted Alan, "to embrace with thy whole heart, truths so evident, so clear?"

"My reason (replied Mureddin) asfents, but habitual prejudices are not readily effaced. I conjecture," he added, smiling, "that the preserver of my person will conquer the irresolution of my mind; and unite me to him in the principles of faith, as already in the bands of friendship."

Alan, at that moment seemed inattentive to his words. After musing for a while, he suddenly exclaimed—" Is not Zulima become less insensible? Does she not forget that Selim is the enemy of her faith, in considering his tenderness and submission?" "Her sentiments towards him," replied Mureddin, "continue unchanged. She ceases not to deplore the fatal necessity, which will oblige her to give her hand to a person whose principles she abhors."

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"And is this necessity unavoidable?" exclaimed Alan. "I begin to think otherwife;" replied the Egyptian. "But come, my friend, another time I will be more explicit. Let me now introduce thee to the holy person, who has laboured so much for my conversion-Wilt thou trust thyfelf to my care ?" " Most willingly," replied the fon of Fitz-Osborne, giving him his hand. They arose; the young Egyptian led him farther into the forest. They arrived at a lonely spot, where stood a hermitage, confiructed with rude, yet not unpleasing architecture, of the roots of trees, cemented with clay and moss. On one fide bloomed a small garden, filled with vegetable flore; and at the entrance of the simple dwelling was placed a bench of matted reeds, on which reclined a venerable figure, who feemed immerfed fo deeply in contemplation, that he perceived not their approach.

Alan, struck with veneration and refpect, thought he beheld the counterpart

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of Montmorency, and could fcarce re-Brain himfelf from rushing forward, and imploring his benediction. Mureddin went nearer to the hermit. He raifed his head and faluted the Mameluke, with an expression of benignity and pleasure. Alan now advanced. The hermit no fooner perceived him, than he started, arose, and feated himself again, with all the marks of a strong agitation. " It is my deliverer, the brave Christian whom I told thee of," faid Mureddin. The hermit regarded him with encreasing emotion. "Tis ftrange!" exclaimed he, breathing a deep figh, and putting his hand to his breaft. His auditors heard him with furprife. "Appearances are often deceitful," he refumed, composing himself, and saluting the son of Fitz-Ofborne with an air of kindness.

All three now entered the hermitage; and the hermit feating his guests on a temporary couch of fresh gathered leaves, took from a rustic shelf a small vessel of palm

palm wine, and some dried dates and almonds, which he set before them, with hospitable entreaties to partake of his homely, but refreshing viands.

As they were engaged in chearful converse, Mureddin chanced to address Alan, by the name of Fitz-Osborne. At that found all the hermit's agitation returned. He looked eagerly at the youth.—" Art thou the Earl of Fitz-Osborne?" faid he, faltering. "No," replied Alan, "I am but his kinsman—Pious man, knowest thou aught of the house of Fitz-Osborne?"

"Once I was not uninterested in its welfare," returned the hermit, somewhat more composed.—"But say, what character bears the present Earl?"

Alan cast down his eyes, with an air of consusion, but replied not. His silence seemed to grieve the hermit.—" Then he is unworthy?" said he, in a concerned tone. "Not so worthy is he should be," replied Alan. "His sire's example was useless then," said the hermit, indignant-

ly.—" Ah! base recreant, should not the name he inherited, have served as a perpetual monitor to warn him from disgracing it?" These words were followed by a long and pensive pause. At length he seemed to recover his former ease, and they conversed with the same chearfulness as before.

The discourse turned on points of faith; Alan treated these topics with such a strength of understanding and discretion, as delighted the hermit, and gradually diminished the remaining doubts of the Egyptian. The speeding hours called upon them at length to separate. Father Anselm, (by that appellation was the hermit known) on taking leave of his guests, besought Alan, with much warmth of entreaty, to pursue his work, and repeat his visit. The youth promised to comply, and with the Egyptian, proceeded within a few paces of the spot where they had lest Gerald.

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Here Mureddin stopped. "Our interviews must be frequent," said he. "Thou art the brother of my soul, and my guide to truth. While the duration of the truce allows us to meet in safety, I conjure thee, turn thy steps often to the wood of Joppa, and thy expecting friend."

"Will Zulima come no more?" faid the youth mournfully. "I know not," returned the Egyptian, "whether modesty will not retain her, when she learns that her sex is revealed to thee." "And why need she learn it?" cried Alan, eagerly. "True," replied the Egyptian. "I will observe thy hint, and Zulima shall still be Selim, when thou sees her next."

This answer transported Alan, but his countenance soon assumed an air of sadness. Mureddin inquired from whence it proceeded. "Alas!" replied Alan, "I am courting my own unhappiness. I will reveal my thoughts; pardon their

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Presumptuous tenor : this beauteous

"Spare thyself the pain of stelling what I have already discovered," interrupted the young Mameluke. "Yes, my friend, I yesterday perceived the emotions with which the fight of Zulima inspired thee."

"And dost thou not resent?" cried Alan. "No, my friend," resumed Museddin, "I do not resent, but approve; thou art a Christian and a hero—Thou art worthy of Zulima, and she of thee; if her heart is not more averse to thy suit, than that of Mureddin, thou hast no cause to fear for its success.

"O generous friend!" exclaimed the fon of Fitz-Osborne, "how have I merited thy kindness? But Zulima, the daughter of the Soldan, the elected Queen of a mighty Monarch—can she descend from that proud height?"

"Vain height, and vain diffinctions!" answered Mureddin. "Are not those of virtue

virtue and of piety superior? At the moment, when after our first encounter, I appointed to meet thee again, my thoughts pointed thee out for the foouse of Zulima: To bring about my delign, I painted thee to her; as my gratitude and truth inspired. She became inslamed with eager curiofity: I encouraged her wish to see thee, and trusted in the effect of her charms. I will now inform thee, that the Sultan; grown impatient of her referve, is become importunate, and: menaces that he will no longer wait for a confent, which appears every hour more diftant, but take the advantage of his own power, and our fire's will, to pollefs himfelf by force of a happiness which he cannot obtain by perfuation."

"Ah! the infolent!" cried Alan, "dares he menace Zulima?" "To confess a truth to thee," replied Mureddin, "his threats and tenderness for my lifter, induced me, almost equally with thy merrits, to fix on a protector more suitable

to her inclinations, both by his endowments and religion. I felt a fecret pleafure in the idea of humbling this haughty monarch in his dearest hopes, from the moment he presumed to insult the blood of the Mamelukes, by his proud threatenings. Add too, that his bigotry, and his cruelty, confirmed my anger, and enforced my design."

"O fweet hope!" cried Alan, "I will welcome, I will cherish thee! But fost—is not this the illusion of some pleasing dream? Seems it not contrary to reality, that Mureddin, the heir of a powerful empire, should with such unparalleled generosity, take the humble Alan to his friendship; destine him to an unheard of happiness; yet unknowing whether his birth may not be obscure, or his qualities undeserving."

"I will confess," answered Mureddin, "that thy doubts seem just, and that my conduct wears a face of imprudence; nay, when I consider it myself, I am led

to conclude the same. But youth, a secret impulse urges me on, I cannot controul it, I cannot cease to regard thee, as a person of dignisted birth, and many virtues; thou art also a Christian—I am now wholly so. To that name the son of the Soldan, appears comparatively mean."

"Perhaps," replied Alan, with an air of modest dignity, "thy confidence may not be misplaced."—He paused; he considered it was not yet time to disclose the events of his life. After a silence of some moments, he turned again to the Saracen, and proposed to meet him the sollowing day at father Anselm's hermitage. Mureddin eagerly affented; they made one another fresh professions of esteem, and departed each his several way. Mureddin took the path which led to Joppa, and Alan rejoined his squire, with whom he returned to the camp.

The fensations of our hero were now exquisitely delightful. His glowing imagination

gination hung upon the charms of Zulima: he recalled her looks, her timidity, her enchanting softness; consessed her to excel what he could have conceived of semale perfection, and blessed Heaven for creating her so lovely. The idea of Gertrude suddenly intruded itself on his memory; he sighed; accused himself of ingratitude, in suffering that heart, which had resisted her benefits, to be subdued by one, who had not an equal claim. But love, facile in excusing its own caprices, soon gave him other thoughts.

The ensuing evening carried him to the hermit's cell. He found Mureddin, and the still disguised Zulima, already there. Confiding in her assumed character, er, the pretended Selim, though not without kindling blushes, thanked the son of Fitz-Osborne for vanquishing, Mureddin's doubts.

Alan, thrown off his guard, by the fweetness of her acknowledgment, exclaimed in a tone of rapture—" What glory,

glory, what happiness is mine, since Zulima approves!" At these words, confused by his own temerity, he bent his eyes fearfully to to the ground.

Zulima cast a glance of reproach at her brother: far from seeming disconcerted at the incident, it appeared to give him more pleasure, than apprehension. "My sister," said he, smiling, "forgive;—I have betrayed thee, but not from any ill intent." Zulima overwhelmed with confusion, made no reply.

"Friend," faid Mureddin—"I have to quarrel with thy indifcretion; however, forgetting my own refentment, I will plead for thee here. My fifter," continued he, "banish thy anger, or referve it for more sufficient cause." "Ah deceiver!" interrupted the daughter of the Soldan; she paused. Mureddin took advantage of her irresolution; he embraced her. Her gentleness could retain no resentment; she pronounced his pardon,

and

and he called on Alan to share in their reconciliation.

That youth bent his knee to Zulima; "Fairest of the human race," cried he, in faltering accents, "most lovely!—most respected!—behold me, a willing victim to thy displeasure—if thou canst entertain any for an involuntary offence."

"Arise," said the confused Zulima,
"If thy offence was involuntary, it merits not displeasure."

The pardon rendered him heedless of the command: He continued still in his former posture, gazing in the face of her who spoke, with enamoured glances. At length his admiration expressed itself in words: He gave vent to the rapturous essusions of his heart, and less guarded than ever, hinted the cause from which they sprung. The gracefulness of his attitude, the fire of his eyes, and the eloquence of his tongue, sufficient to melt obduracy itself, failed not to make an impression on the soul of Zulima; but actuated

tuated by the pride of modesty, she concealed her sensations under the veil of pretended displeasure.

Thus passed this interview. Many succeeding meetings bound Alan yet more strongly in the soft chains of love, and Mureddin, at length obliged his sister to confess, that she was neither insensible to his merits, or his passion. The son of the Soldan, afterwards informed his friend, that Selim exasperated, by the ill-success of his submission, had already, (in spite of Zulima's tears and reluctance) fixed the very day on which the truce should expire, for the solemnization of his nuptials.

"There now," continued he, "remains but one resource to save my sister from misery.—Swear to become her spouse, and we will escape with thy assistance to the English camp. There thou mayest fulfil thy vow, and a large treasure shall await thy acceptance.—For me, I will quit for ever the hopes of empire, and

and the pride of command; thy faith is already mine, thy country shall be mine also. I will relinquish the vain ambition of ruling over a nation of slaves, to become subject to a government where civilization and liberty go hand in hand. Thy friendship shall be to me, in the stead of authority:—Thy society, and that of Zulima, my requital for deserting barbarous splendor and uncouth magnificence."

"O Mureddin!" cried Alan, giving him a glance of gratitude; "What language can express my acknowledgments?

—But Zulima—does she too ratify thy words?"

"The will of Mureddin is mine;" anfwered the blushing lady.

It was enough; Alan experienced all the exquisite seelings of a favoured lover. He turned again to the son of the Soldan. "I will repay thy generous considence," said he, "by my sincerity.—Approaching night now bids us separate; but on to morrow's eve I will relate to thee the particulars of my life with a scrupulous exactitude. From that recital thou mayest judge whether I deserve thy alliance and esteem. Thou wilt learn that missortune frowned upon my infant days; that though treachery (if I err not) has fixed a stain upon my birth, meanness or vice have never discoloured my actions, or defiled my thoughts." At these words he bade Mureddin, Zulima, and sather Anselm sarewell, and lest them impressed with fresh admiration of his noblemes.

But the execution of the promife was suspended by an incident which affected our here with the sincerest forrow and disquiet. On the very morn of that day, the close of which had been appointed for his narration, the life of Edward, his master and his friend, was exposed to the most imminent danger. Some short time before, a person had arrived at the English camp, with letters, which he afferted.

afferted, were written by the Sultan of Babylon, and which contained propofals for a negociation, on terms feemingly the most advantageous to the Christian cause. The Prince, unsuspecting deceit in what bore fo fair an appearance, demanded time to confider of these propofals; and mean while fuffered the meffenger, who was conversant in the French language, to have free admittance to his presence at all hours. He had in reality no commission from the Sultan, but was one of that tribe, known by the name of Assassins, who inhabited an inaccessible mountain in Syria, and were subject to the fway of a gloomy enthusiast, called by the Christians, the Old Man of the Mountain. Several years of the Solon Mis

Resolute to destroy, and searless of danger, he had sworn to accomplish the death of a Prince, who was deservedly the terror of the Mahometans; and blinded by surious zeal, expected to attain eternal

eternal happiness by the commitment of so flagitious an action.

Alan, willing to indulge himself in contemplation, had retired to a fmall diftance from the camp, and was engaged in deep reflection; when Gerald, running towards him with an air of consternation, cried out that the Prince was murdered. At that dreadful found, all recollection of Zulima, of Mureddin, and his intended recital vanished. Striking his hands together in distraction, he waited not to inquire particulars, but flew with the speed of the wind to Edward's tent. To what a pitch was his affliction encreased to fee his royal friend bleeding, and extended on a couch; while the melancholy looks of his attendants, and the piercing cries of Eleonora, gave every reason to apprehend the most fatal event.

The extremity of Alan's grief, deprived him of speech or motion: He stood silent and immovable, his countenancel impressed with the pallid hue of horror,

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horror, and his eyes almost bursting from their sockets. The Prince perceived him. "My Knight," said he faintly, making him a sign to approach. Alan, aroused, ran forward, and threw himself beside the couch. Still were his emotions too violent for language; he seized the Prince's hand, pressed it to his lips, crossed his own upon his breast, and sobbed aloud.

"My young friend," faid Edward, in a foothing voice, "take courage; Heaven's high beheft is not to be disputed or set aside by the vain clamours of mortality. I die in the midst of a glorious career; in the zenith of reputation, and the fullness of renown. The actions of my life have been so directed, that I look forward to the moment of its loss, without dread or repugnance. Youth, I conside equally in the mercy, and the equity of my Judge." "But thy survivors—" exclaimed Alan.

Re-and billing out drive bollergff i True,"

"True," replied the Prince, "my beloved—"He looked at the agonized Eleonora. "To thee," said he, addressing the son of Fitz-Osborne, "I commit the charge of alleviating her forrow."—"And who shall give me comfort?" interrupted Alan. "O my royal master, is there no hope, no shadow of relief?"—"My wound would be trisling in itself," replied the Prince, "had it not been insticted by a poisoned dagger."

Alan started! He recollected that father Anselm had mentioned an herb of healing quality in such cases, which he cultivated for charitable purposes. Without speaking his intention, he arose, rushed out of the tent, and sought Gerald, whom he commanded to get his steed in readiness on the instant. This was no sooner done, than he mounted, and rode with incredible swiftness to the wood of Joppa; hastened to the hermitage, communicated in a sew words the accident that had happened, and his demand.

Father

Father Anselm quickly provided him with the herb, which he again affirmed to be an infallible remedy, and gave him instructions how to apply it. Alan, not waiting to thank him, grasped it eagerly, again mounted his horse, and in still less time than he had taken in coming, returned to the camp.

He entered the tent of the Prince immediately. "He shall not die!" cried he, in a mingled tone of joy and wildness, holding out his hand. "I bear him health and life!" So saying, he produced the remedy, declared its powers, and commanded the wound to be opened, with an air of authority, which at once manifested his considence, and his love.

Edward, touched by his affection, defired the surgeons who attended him, to comply with his Knight's injunction.—
The wound was opened: Alan inspected it, and following father Anselm's instructions in applying the salve, ordered every person present to retire, and leave the patient

patient to repose. Eleonora, who fill then had continued feemingly inattentive to the passing scene, now fuddenly caught Alan's arm. "Wilt thou fave him?" cried she, " Will thou save my affored fpoufe?-Bleffings, eternal bleffings on thy plous care!"-Alan respectfully cautioned her to keep filence. With a speaking look of heart-felt gratitude, and kindling hope, the complied; Teated her felf on the couch, and fupported her confort's head on her knees. Alan mean while, placed himfelf near; attend tively watching the effects of his remedy. In a short time the Prince, who at first feemed to feel excessive pain, became gradually compoled; and at length funk into a quiet and refreshing slumber.

The former tumult of the camp had now subsided into the stillness of sufpense. The soldiers thronging around the tent of their beloved commander, waited in fixed and mournful attitudes the moment when their anxiety should Vol. II.

be resolved. No sound was to be heard, save now and then a whispering ejaculation, and a half-stissed sob.

At length, after many hours had elapfed, the Prince awoke. Alan eagerly inquired whether his royal patient. found himfelf free from lassitude or pain? Edward replied in the affirmative; and the inquirer, forgetful of his own cautions, fet up a shout of joy. This was instantly re-echoed by the expecting multitude without. The officers and foldiers (regardless of distinctions) mingling promiscuously, pressed over one another to the door of the tent, with tumultuous clamour. Alan, now reminded of his imprudence, by the emotions of the Prince, went forward, and at the fame time that he encouraged their hopes, re-urged the necessity of filence. In a few days, (during which no other, ideas had entered his imagination, than those which concerned the object before Lucal retains about and very bim)

him) he pronounced his patient wholly free from danger.

These words were received as the immediate fiat of divinity. An unbounded joy took place of exhausting gries. The camp resounded with exclamations of gladness; and the soldiers, thronging around Alan, saluted him as their preserver, hailed him as the savoured of Heaven, and devoured him with their looks.

Eleonora, (in whose countenance grief yet strove with satisfaction, for the mastery) could scarcely believe the certainty of an event which promised her such rapture. She gazed earnestly at her confort; watched every turn of his features, and still appeared to doubt of what she wished the most.

Alan had now leifure for the concerns of his love. He recollected his breach of promise, but the cause prevented him from lamenting it; he trusted too in father Anselm's kindness to excuse him

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for that unavoidable neglect, and took the first moment of Edward's confirmed health to repair to the cell. Beyond his hopes, he found Mureddin and Zulima already there. The young lover threw himself at the feet of his mistress, and had no difficulty in procuring pardon, for what she deemed rather deserving of praise than resentment.

Mureddin then inquired into the particulars of the late horrible attempt. " My royal mafter," replied Alan, "was fitting in a retired apartment of his tent, alone, and unarmed, enjoying the refreshing breeze, when the infidel (who had free admitance at all feafons) entered. Intent on his deteftable defign, he looked eagerly around; when finding no person present to prevent him, he advanced, pulled a dagger from his breaft, and attempted to pierce the facred bosom of my Prince. He, ever resolute, brave, and prudent, faw the miscreant's intention, and raising his arm, received on it the the stroke, which had been aimed at a more vital part. Perceiving the assaffin about to repeat the blow, he struck him suddenly to the ground, and wresting the dagger from him, buried it in his breast. His attendants now hearing the noise, rushed in and dispatched the already expiring traitor, to the reward of his persidy."

Here Alan ended, and his auditors manifesting satisfaction at the happy event of what had promised so terrible a conclusion, congratulated the reciter on the share he bore in preserving a person to whom he was attached by the united ties of loyalty and esteem.

Father Anselm now reminded him of a promise, which the delicacy of Mureddin and Zulima would not have exacted. The youth prepared to perform it, but at the moment he was going to begin, the sate of Matilda, at once obscure, afficting, and full of horror, rushed upon his memory. "My mother!" cried he,

M 3.

in a voice of emotion, "how long shall thou be unaverged?" His auditors waited with eager curiofity till he should speak again. At length, with more composure in his looks, and greater ease in his delivery, he commenced his narration.

"I am born of a house," said he, " which honour, wealth and virtue have contributed to render illustrious and respected." "True," interrupted the hermit; he paufed, and the youth refumed. " My fire degenerated not from the qualities of his progenitors; yet was his fame contaminated with one flain, which I have cause to think reached not to his heart, but had its origin in the deceitful artifices of another. That flain extends . to me." " And who," cried father Anfelm, again interrupting, "who was this traitor?" "One, whom I blush to name," replied Alan; " his nearest kinfman-his most approved confidanteven his brother !"

"Ha! take heed," cried the hermit, angrily, "the perion of whom thou speakest—I knew!—His foul was unacquainted with deceit!" "Pious man!" continued Alan, "I know not why thou shoulds undertake his defence; but I have myself received indications of his vileness, and I have learned strong pre-sumptions of his guilt." "Guilt!" cried the hermit, yet more indignantly, "I swear thy words are false!"

Alan, moved with shame and resentment, by this injurious charge, looked at Mureddin and Zulima; perceived them struck with assonishment, and regarding him with equal scrutiny. This appearance redoubled his anger; but he considered the age of the accuser, and restrained himself from expressing it.

While these three persons continued as prey to different, yet distressing sensations, the hermit appeared to regain more temper. "Pardon me, youth," said he, "I thought my affections wean-

M 4

ed from all human occurrences, but I find myself still subject to the passions of mortality. Forgive the rudeness of my words—Perhaps," he added, hastily, "thy affertion was not unjust—but that person—" He paused, and again resumed—" Pursue thy narration, youth—I will not interrupt it more."

Alan could not so readily compose his thoughts; yet eager to exculpate him-felf to Mureddin and Zulima, from the charge of falshood, he continued his discourse, though still agitated and embarrassed.

"Alan Fitz-Ofborne, my fire—" refumed he. "Merciful Heaven!" exclaimed father Anselm, grasping his hand, "art thou—say art thou son of Alan Fitz-Ofborne?" "I am," returned the youth. "Holy man, I thought thou wert not unacquainted with my parentage." "Too sure I was!" cried the hermit, grasping his hand still harder than before. "Thou, the son of Alan Fitz-Ofborne?

Ofborne ?-Speak !-confirm the words! O, Eternal Difpofer of events do my lenges fall me is this an illusion?"

Alan, frongly affected, knelt before the Hermit. Some mystery labours under thy expressions," cried he. " Pious man, T know not why, but my heart bounds at thy accents - Relieve my fufpenie, I pray thee the tell me how thou art interested for Alan Fitz-Osborne, or his offspring?!"

Mon nearly !- men highly !" 'execlaimed the hermity folding him in his trembling arms. "He thou namelty. looks at thee! - fpeaks to thee! -- em braces thee! My fon! behold thy father Painurior O-ton flowers wells

Or O, Heaven !" cried Alan, in a fuffocated voice, my fire !-- does he live? -and art thou he?" Another embrace affured him. Tears filled his eyes. "That name, for tender," cried he, "that name for long unknown-O, my/ father !- why fo long concealed ?" vadi money to should M.5. no and if Firz-

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Fitz-Osborne, who had held him strained to his breast in silent transport, now started, and loosed his hold. "Knowest thou not the dire—the shameful cause?" said he, indignantly. "My father!" cried Alan, tenderly, look more kindly on thy son, so lately sound—Can he have already merited thy displeasure?"

"O no!" returned Fitz-Osborne, a gush of tears bedewing his time-worn cheeks-"O no!" faid he, renewing his endearments-" my fon !-my pride !-my bleffing !- how couldn thou offend me ? -Bitter remembrance alone-perhaps thou knowest not-O torturing recollection!" added he, again relapting into his former attitude. " My father 1" faid Alan, hanging on his arm, with mingled looks of pity, affection and fuspense. Fitz-Osborne could not resist those looks; he folded him again to his bosom, and they continued fome moments absorbed in all the melting fensations of parental and

and filial love. Mureddin and Zulima beheld this Icene with wonder and emotion. Drops of fentibility diffined the beauteous eyes of the fair Saracen. In that moment the feelings of Alan feemed her own; the felt as if the had discovera parent too. Her bosom heaved with exquisite, yet painful pleasure; the held her breath, left the (at once tender and awful) effusions of nature should be interrupted.

At length, the Earl, raising his head gently from the shoulder of Alan, broke this affecting silence.—"My son," said he, looking fondly at him—"My son, what happiness have I denied myself, in knowing thee no sooner!—But soft, didst thou not say another possessed the ritle of which thou, in case of my supposed demise, were only rightful heir?—Who is this usurper?" "Walter Fitz-Osborne," replied Alan. "My brother!" repeated he again. Alan bent his knee—"Am I indeed

indeed thy rightful heir?" faid he in an earnest tone; " or does a prior claim to that of Matilda De Burgh Subvert this right to The stain of illegitimacy has been affixed to my birth.—It remains to thee to declare if jufly."

The name of Matilda feemed to bring back to the Earl all his former sternness: but the attitude of his fon, the purport of his question, and above all, his supplicating looks, foon changed that expression into one of mixed tenderness and perplexity.-" I am ignorant why thou inquireft," faid he, " but know that thou art as truly the heir of Fitz-Ofborne, as thy mother-She thou namest Matilda De Burgh-O torture !- was undeferving of fuch a fon as thee !"

Matilda undeferving?—My father, correct thy words."-"I tell thee she was falfed difloyal ! an adultress!" cried the Early, fiercely,

" Respected shade!" exclaimed Alan, (flarting from his kneeling posture) A AN

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"Bleft and sainted spirit! give to thy desender's lips, the gift of persuasive truth; let conviction seal his words, and clear thy same!" In concluding this apostrophe, he put the tablets of Matilda into the Earl's hand.

He flarted, trembled, opened them apprehensively, and on seeing the characters of the Countels, uttered a loud cry, and let the tablets drop. Alan refpectfully replaced them in his hands.— "To what purpose," said he, in extreme agitation, " to what purpole doft thou give me these?" Alan knelt again. "My father," faid he, embracing the Earl's knees, " peruse the words of Matilda; they will inform thee, of her truth, and Walter's falshood." Fitz-Osborne, still. irrefolute, now looked at the tablets, and then averted his eyes. At length, grafping them firmly, and forcing himfelf into resolution, he read the pious prayer: of his injured confort to the end. No fooner, had he concluded it, than he threw

threw himself prostrate on the ground, with manifestations of horror and despair. Alan, and the two Savacens attempted to raile and sooth him: he resisted their efforts—"Leave me to die!" cried he, in a frantic tone.—"If Matilda be innocent—O God, can aught but death af-

fuage my torments?"

Anguish now stopped his utterance: deep and heart-rending greams issued from his furcharged bosom; he tore his reverend hairs, and clasping his hands together in mute agony, seemed for a while to have forgot all sensation in the extremity of woe. At length his torpor vanished—"This recreant!—this deceiver!—this infernal machinator!" cried he, wildly; "give him to my rage! "My father," said Alan, embracing him, he is a victim due to my sword—the arm of Alan shall avenge his parents!"

"Avenge, didst thou say?" exclaimed the Earl, "What vengeance can pay me for these pangs? But say—distract-

hast thou proofs of Watter's fallhood?—
My brother—my cholen friend—did he deceive me?—Was the guilt his own, of which he accused Matilda?—These lines—weak testimony?

Be composed, my father," replied Alan, "and I will tell thee alt of which I have attained the knowledge." At these words he took the hands of the agitated Earl in his, and detaining them with a tender force, again refumed the natration of his life. Fitz-Olborne listened to the tale with increased disturbance in his looks, but did not interrupt it. Our hero, passing over the love of Gertrude, and the story of Montmoreney, concluded with an account of his last interview with Alice, her disclosure, and the appearance of his mother's shade.

The Earl at that period, no longer able to constrain himself, gave vent to a thou-fand cries of forrow, and imprecations of vengeance. "My fon," said he at length,

length, "I thought to have quitted for ciety for ever; but I will re-enter it for the purpose of revenge—The traitor shall be branded with shame—Conviction shall overwhelm him; and then shall my arm draw the black blood from his detested heart!—I will this night accompany thee to the Christian camp, and implore the justice of Edward."

Alan approved, and confirmed the refolution. He would then know from his fire, what accident had given rife to the report of his death, and what motives had induced him to conceal himself for carefully. The Earl shewed him the artful letter of the treacherous Walter. and then proceeded to account for his retirement, in the following words: (Zulima and Mureddin, ranging themfelves beside him, with marks of deep attention). " After receiving this letter," faid he, " fo calculated to torture me with doubt, and to afflict me with remorfe, I experienced both. My i agination: Amusl

nation at one moment represented Matilda innocent, and the next involved in guilt; that last thought confoled me not: whether pure or defiled, the was still lovely; still the object to whom I had paid my fondest vows, the fole treasure of my heart, and the foftener of my toils.—Unable to support the idea, that I had commanded the dagger to pierce her breaft, who fo long had been my happiness, and my delight, I became reckless of life, and fought to lose a burden I was weary of. Thou haft heard of the engagement, in which it was reported I had fallen. The field of battle lay not many furlongs distant from this spot. Urged on by despair, I rushed into the thickest of the fight; and exhausted equally by my own feelings, and the wounds I received, fell at length, feemingly devoid of breath, at the feet of my opponents. In this state, furrounded by heaps of flain, I continued feveral hours. A pious hermit, who then

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then polletted this cell, impelled by charity, as foon as the shades of night took place, passed through the field, with an intent to succour those who were not yet beyond his care. He chanced to come to the spot where I lay stripped and senseless, and stooping, discovered that I still breathed. In pursuance of the purpose for which he came, he took off some of his garments, and wrapped them around my mangled limbs; then forcing me to swallow some drops of healing cordial which he carried, soon perceived his charitable exertions answered in my returning life.

Far from being grateful for his care, I reproached him for bringing me back to an existence I detested, and madly attempted to tear off the bandages with which he had bound my wounds. The venerable man saw I was under the pressure of some deep affliction, and unoffended by my unthankfulness, used all the gentle arts of persuasion to console, and

and footh me. At length his pious arguments moved me to other thoughts; I confented to accompany him to his cell, if my weakness did not prevent. The benevolent hermit rejoiced at my compliance, affifted me with his supporting arm, and though our walk was often interrupted by my feebleness, at length conducted me to this fpot. The wounds of my body were speedily healed, but those of my mind still bled. The idea of Matilda was ever present; sometimes regarded with refentment, but never without pain. I related to the anchoret those events, of which I ceased hot to think with horror and remorfe, and he encouraged me in a resolution I had conceived of embracing the afcetic life. He would have had me, however, fill keep up fome correspondence with my friends and country. But that country, (pardon me, my fon) had no longer within it, any thing to attract my attention, or to weaken my regret. Sometimes.

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but my confidence in the traitorous Walter suffered me not to feel any apprehensions for thy safety.

In one year after I had taken the habit of an anchoret, my preserver expired. I interred his remains in this forest, and fince that time, my steps have never wandered from this cell, but to procure the fustenance necessary to support frail nature. Time at length meliorated the acuteness of my grief, into a soft melancholy, and apathy succeeded. But, my fon, thou hast taught me to feel againthou hast awakened the vulture of remembrance-Alas! how keen, how bitter its inflictions!-Matilda, my wifemy happiness !- yet could I cast thee from me-yet could I bid the dagger drink thy blood !"

Fitz-Osborne paused: a gush of sorrow burst from his eyes; he slung himself again prostrate, and again gave way to all his former agonies. Alan, strongly moved, stood now fixed, now irresolute, Impressed with filial awe, he respected the grief, and the transports of his fire; now would have them sacred and undisturbed, and again by interrupting, sooth them.

The Earl started suddenly from the ground, "Give me the salse one," he exclaimed, "Give me the deluder!—I will tear away his base heart—I will riot in his pangs! No," added he, with still more sierceness—"No," it is Fitz-Osborne himself, weak, credulous, cruel—it is he who merits punishment!—And does he not meet it?—Can all the torments of inventive barbarity, equal the anguish of his soul?—O God!—afflict me not with life!—Put a period to my woe, by ending my existence!—Let the cold, the silent receptacle of the dead—"

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[&]quot;Ah! my father!—" cried Alan, with an expressive glance.

The Earl drew him to his bosom—
"Pardon, my beloved," said he, fondly,
"I forgot that I yet had thee—O, my
fon, I forgot thy claim, and that of vengeance!"

Thus, by turns a prey to rage, Tegret, and tenderness, did the unhappy Fitz-Ofborne waste the passing moments. Mureddin and Zulima at length arole The Earl, who fince the difto depart. covery of his fon, had feemed infentible of their presence, now perceived the mutual feelings of Alan and the fair Mameluke. He stepped after Mureddin, and bringing him and his companion back, introduced the topic of Alan's love .-Zulima gave a blushing affent to his difcourse; the fon of Fitz-Osborne threw himself at her feet in an extacy of pleafure, and the Earl himself joined their hands.

"My children," faid he, melting with tears, as he hung over them, "my children—be ye happy—ye are yet in the bloom of your days—may no rude blast—" blaft-" He stopped; a deep figh burst from his bosom; he dashed away his tears with an unfleady hand, and again addref-" My children," he refumfed them. ed, " Heaven has formed ye alike fincere, virtuous, and lovely-ye are fated for each other :- Suffer not your mutual confidence to be interrupted;-let not treacherous infinuations-" His voice faltered; a fecond paule of longer duration than the first enfued. He attempted to firuggle himfelf into composure. "Look at me—the victim of credulity, the tool of deceit," faid he, endeavouring to speak calmly; another burst of woe interrupted his words, and mocked his endeavours.

The fair Saracen bowed upon his venerable hands. "My fire," cried the, touching them to her forehead, "My fire, my friend, and my instructor; favoured by thy admonitions, can Zulima fail?"

"I will be her furety!" exclaimed Alan. "Will the beauteous mistress of

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my wishes extend an equal mark of confidence to her servant?"

The daughter of the Soldan beheld him with an air complacency. Her heart whilpered-" Can the who loves thee, deny thee her confidence?"-but the delicate and enchanting referve of modelty, prevented the founds from illuing at her lips. Fitz-Osborne pressed his real off-fpring, and his elected, alternately to his breaft; called them by every endearing appellation, and articulated a bleffing on their heads. Mureddin would share in these reciprocations of affection; he would be the fon of Fitz-Ofborne too. and participate in the benediction. At length, after a fuccession of tender incidents, they agreed to form a plan for their future conduct. It was refolved that Zulima and Mureddin should repair the following night to the hermitage; from whence Alan should conduct them to the Christian camp. Then arguing the necessity of separation, and yet inventing new pleas for delay, with relactant tongues and unwilling fleps they bid each other farewell, and purfued their feveral toutes

Alan, ever duteous, obliged the Earl to mount his horfe, and with anxious care kepticlose by his side on foot aptwithflanding the folicitations of the effort nished Gerald; who, not able to comprehend what the appearance meant non yet fatisfied to behold his mafter in that fituation, incellently belought bis make who of his country Pinding his entreaties of no effect, he determined to follow so example he had before diferproveds and differenting quickly, place ed him fallow that other fide of the Barly leading his herfe by the seins. As Alan, mindful of his fire's age, proceeded with flow and cartious flops, they reached not the campatith their usual expedition.

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It was shen within an hour of day, and the moon had funk beneath the horizon; Darkness shrouded the earth. The star-

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of morn, had disappeared, and Gerald's preternatural terrors returned with added strength. At length the grey dawn dispelling that nocturnal obscurity, reassured him; he regarded the supposed father Anselm with eager curiosity, but carefully confined it to his looks.

They entered the camp, waited impatiently for the moment of the Prince's ariling, and when it arrived, Alan, having previously requested a private interview, conducted the hermit to his prefence.

Edward, struck by the poble air of this venerable person, and with the resemblance he bore his Knight, expected, in suspence and filence, some extraordinary event.

"Is this he?" faid the hermit, turning to Alan. "Thou feeft," replied the youth, with sparkling eyes, "my Prince, my patron, and my friend!"—

44 Who

"Who art thou?" faid Edward, with encreased surprize.

"Once," replied he, extending his arm—"Once I was subject to thy father; illustrious by my birth, esteemed for my loyalty, and happy in my fortunes and my love.—Behold me now—fatal reverse!—Behold me—deceived, calumniated, acquainted with misery, loathing life, and cherishing the hope of vengeance as my only good!—In fine—know me for the fire of this youth—for the brother of a traitor—know in me, the true Earl of Fitz-Osborne!"

"Do I hear aright?" exclaimed Edward.

The Earl, with a half indignant, half fubmissive air resumed. "I know not," said he, "what action of my former life, tinctured my same with treachery.—
But surely some such there must have been, else would my sovereign have required a greater proof than the light accusation of a villain, before he had N 2 wrested

wrested from my son his right of inheritance, and from me the spotless robe of unsullied honour?" "The contract—" interrupted Alan.

"It was not enough," returned the Earl still more indignantly, "It was not enough to load me with the imputation of fraud—to despoil my son of his genuine rights!—Henry should have deliberated; he should have considered the tenour of my life—Did he ever know me base?—Did he ever discover me unworthy?—At a time too, when obeying his commands, I deserted my country—my wise—my infant. Fatal obedience!—Mistaken loyalty!"

Alan gave his fire a timid and befeeching glance. The Prince understood its meaning. "Fear not, my friend," said he, addressing the youth, "I am not offended—I respect the privilege of forrow;—I would alleviate the affliction of thy sire—would to Heaven, I could banish the cause from his remembrance!—But since that is impossible,

possible, I swear to reducts his wrongs, and thy injuries, with all my exertions, and with all my power."

That promile feemed to penetrate Alan with gratitude, and in some meaning to pacify the Bart, he now address set the Prince with less haughtiness, but equal amotion. "Moyal Edward," refumed he, "knewest thou my injuries—knewest thou the vileness of that traitor who has undone me, thou wouldst not resent my hastiness, but weep my mise ry." "I do not resent, noble Earl," replied the Prince, made affected: "On the contrary, I renew my assurances to acquire thee redress."

Fitz-Ofborne was softened, even to tears, by this condescention. "These become not a warrior," said he, dashing them away. He now related the progress of Walter's treachery, as well as his agintation would allow. "I will write to the King," said Edward. "I will unfold to him the baseness of his favourite,

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and Fitz-Osborne shall again enjoy his possessions." The Earl mused for a moment. "Prince, thou shalt not write," he exclaimed—"The caitiss must not escape me!—Let him continue in his fancied security 'till the storm bursts at once upon his head! I, even I, will be the messenger, and the executor of just retribution!—I will rush upon him!—Convict, terrify, and strike!" "My father," said Alan, "let us not embrace the principles of Walter while we condemn them—Let us meet him in the face of day—I will dare him to the field!"

"No," interrupted the Prince, "thoughalt not meet him—he merits not a treatment so honourable—he is an adver-sary unworthy of thy sword. Neither shall the Earl stain himself with the blood of so base a recreant—He may accuse and convict, but he may not strike. The wretch shall be driven with ignominy from a society he disgraces. The hoot-

kootings and revilings of all men—the reproaches of his own confeience will continually good his contured friend.

He shall be felf-punished Property and A

This determination, which the Fart did not wholly approve, he could not dispute Alan fill revolted against the thought of a clandesting vengeance, the praised the last words of the Prince, and hinted his own withes. To thefe Edward totally objected, and our young hero, actuated by respect, forbare to un him farther He now, with an ingenuous confusion mentioned the two Saracense spoke of his friendship for Muredding and his love for Zulima. Edward, delighted with the communication, obliged him to relate, more than one time, the adventure which had brought him to the acquaintance of these persons. He sympathifed in the feelings of his young friend; led him to talk of the beauties of his mistress, and smiled at his enthusials tic description. He offered an escort for the:

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would fuffer no person to have with him
in the service of Zulima.

After converting for a confiderable the Prince led Fina-Ofborne forth: reduced him to his confert by his trie threes and to take nobles who antitled im. by the appellation of father An felm. Bis refemblance with Alan was too firshing to pass tinnoticed; every one observed it, but all concluded it to be mo more than one of those osprides, whi which Nature, fametimes in althousive mood, diverts herfelf As the furpolet father Anfelm paffed through the camp in company with his fon, Lord William bovering near, feemed to eye them with a forminizing readistings . Fita Oborne appeared diffurbed bas The for of Watter, is it not?" faid he, after a paule of Some continuance. Lord William overheard the question and the flunk away abrupily and to bolim har fordim and sk defertation. Hy office is an effect that As foon as night weiled the carth, our hero, accompanied by his faithful Gor-ald, vilited the wood of Joppa

He approached the cell with a beating. heart: his imagination preliged a thoufund ills. The Sultan of Bebylen might have discovered Zulima's intention - he might have prevented it Ah! if this dear—this adored mistress had fallen is victim to her jealous lover's rage! - Such were his apprehentions. On entering the hermitage they vanished. He be beld Mureddin and Zulima waiting him with anxiety equal to his own. Overpowered by excess of fatisfaction, he threw himfelf into the arms of the Mameluke, and murmured the name of his mistress. Little time was spent in congratulation. Gerald, who feared every thing, haftened them to depart. Alan, with more than usual confidence, pressed the fair Saracen to his bosom; the had no leifure for refentment a Gerald renewing his instances at that mo-N. 5 ment.

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ment, the transported lover bore his beauteous burden out of the cell, and placed her on a gay caparisoned palfrey, which his squire led: Mureddin mounted another horse, and they all hastened from the wood of Joppa, never more to nter within its shades.

The Prince and his confort received the fugitives with the most gracious affability; they were accommodated suitable to their rank, and Eleonora took to herfelf the charge of providing the lovely Mameluke with garments besitting herfex.

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mankind an image of jis own perfection. H'T'N A'VE of AH T' 'N'N' AND LINE OF TO NOT THE TO NOT TO NOT THE TO THE TO NOT THE TO NOT

portment;—a candour which described integrated in guide, yet a tioxidity, which gave a describe factor for this frankite();—a tender

NEXT more, the native charms of Zulima flore forth with additional graces; habited in feminine apparel, her beauty, before transcendent, because now irrefifible of landard male

The turban was displaced for a coronet of mimic flowers, composed of spark-ling gems. The diamond, the ruby, the topaz, the amethis, and the emerald twined amidst her adburn tresses, which seeming to mock the aid of ornament, sell in a wild and pleasing consuston even to her slender waist. Fair, beyond the nin of colouring of luxuriant states, the appeared one of those sources.

which Heaven fometimes creates, to give mankind an image of its own perfection.

The qualities of her mind difplayed themselves in her intelligent countenance. Dignity of thought and humility of deportment;—a candour which scorned difguise, yet a timidity which gave a delicate shade to this frankness;—a tender sensibility for foreign woe, and a noble fortitude in self-assistance. Such were the traits of Zulima's character, the destinct bride of our young here, and the admiration of Edward's court.

Alan hastened to feast his eyes with the reality of those charms, whose seeting resemblance had blessed his steeping visions. He found Mureddin, with the mistress of his heart, yet insensible to every thing but that supereminent object forgot to answer the greeting of his friend. While he continued gazing at the blushing fair one, Mureddin put a casket in his hand, and bade him inspect the contents. It was sometime before Alan could either attend

the caffet, and discovered what would have inspired a more mercenary foul with unbounded fatisfaction.

It was filled with the most precious jewels of the East, and Ieemed a fource of inexbaustible wealth. Alan forveyed these riches with a cold and unconcerned air; then putting down the easter, and looking at Zulima. Behold my treaffer!" faid he, rapturously.

"The daughter of the Solden mould carry a marriage portion to her spoule," faid Mureddin. Alan muled — "Was not this meant for Selim?" demanded he, as if struck by some forcible idea. "In truth," replied Mareddin, "the Soldan intended it for a suprial present. Thou art in the place of Selim; and to thee it is now due."

"Ah, friend!" exclaimed Alah, "I beleech thee fend back these jewels to the Sultan-Poor compensation for the good of which I have despoiled him!"

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Fitz-Osborne, who was present, and an attentive auditor, now embraced Alan. "My son—my generous, my noble son!" he exclaimed, "Praised be the Being who has informed thy breast with such sentiments!—and bless the Providence that sent thee to sweeten the cup of my unhappiness!"

Alan replied, by a fimilar return of tenderness, and again urged Mureddin to fend away the casket. The Mameluke looked doubtingly at his fifter.

A beautiful confusion sat upon her features, and in accents more melodious than the song of the night warbler, the approved of her lover's resolution.

"My brother," faid the lovely maid,
"the fon of Fitz-Ofborne over-rates my
defervings, but shall I withdraw an illufion so advantageous?—No, Mureddin;
fince he regards Zulima for herself alone,
and despites the adventitious decorations
of wealth, she will appear worthy of the
preference by coinciding in his wishes—Let

Let Selim possess the casket: Zulima deems it not disgraceful to accept an obligation from the person whom her heart esteems, and whom her judgment approves."

Alan testified how much these words affected him, by ardent and rapturous acknowledgments; and Mureddin no longer hesitating, dispatched the casket to Joppa, accompanied by a letter to the Sultan, in which he represented his own and Zulima's slight, as proceeding from religious motives.

On the morn of the day which preceded the expiration of the truce, Edward received a new defiance from the Sultan, who had received the fuccours he expected. The Christians, not dispirited, advanced to meet an army which he sed from the town. That monarch, inflamed at once with the hatred of Christianity, and the rage of disappointed love, rushed on the adverse party with a sury impetuous and terrible.

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Mureddin was not in the engagement, he sould not to foon arm this hand against a person to whom he had been bound by the ties of hospitality and antient altiance.

Edward, Rill incapacitated from the tion by his wound, committed the conduct of the battle to Henry De Almain, his med experienced general; and as pointed Alan and Lord Pembroke negrin command. Those three persons againtained that day the afull fuperiority of the Crofs. Selim, perceiving forting adverse, caused a parley to be condet. and both armice, as if by common confent, defilted from their mutual bolis ties at the fignal. The Sultan then defired a conference with the Christian gomeral, and he affenting to the request, advanced into an open space, accompanied by his two affociates! Selim met them. The Christians and Infidels waited with equal suspense the event of their discourse.

"Chief," faid the interpreter of Solim to Henry De Almain, "my mafter, the mighty Sultan of Babylon, vicegerent of the commander of the faithful, the prophet, and the Tervant of the law which came from fleaven, defires this conference, not from any motive of fear or pufillanimity, but to remonstrate with thee on the fraudful conduct of the prince of England; who, contrary to the rules of honour, detains within the camp the daughter and the fon of the Soldan-one the deflined bride of Selim, the other his affociate in arms. My mafter, with a generolity apparallelled, on condition that thele perions are delivered up to him, confents to put Edward in policifion of Joppa and Damafcus without delay; to defin from perfecuting the profeffors of the Christian Superattion, and to conclude a treaty which shall enture their fecurity in future." Thefe words firuck the fon of Fitz-Ofborne with difmay. All! cried he to hintfelf, will Edward put the peace of Alan in competition with fuch advantages ?" " Tell thy mafter," faid Henry De Almain to the interpreter, "that we will draw off our forces, bear the Prince an account of his requisition, and conclude a truce with him for this day and the next, in order that Edward should have sufficient time to consider of his proposal."

"Tell this proud Selim," exclaimed Alan, "that though he possess the person of Zulima, her heart cannot be his, fince her faith and vows are already engaged to another. Tell him too, that Alan will fooner die than relinquish-" He paufed; he recolleded that relinquishment depended not on himself, breathed a deep figh, and turned from the interpreter, who immediately reported the purport of his words, and De Almain's reply to the Sultan. That monarch appeared inflamed with rage; he spoke fomething in a diffurbed voice to the interpreter, and be again advanced towards Alan-" The magnificent Sultan," faid he, " perceives thou dost infinuate thyfelf ri de la la

felf to be the favourite lover of Zulima.

He refents thy prefumption, and bida thee dread his unceasing vengeance, if the Prince of England accepts not his proposal."

Alan only answered this threat by a smile of disdain. The interpreter returned to Selim, and the armies separated.

While De Almain entertained the prince, our hero shut himself into his tent, and gave a loose to the most melancholy ideas. Zulima, his adored Zulima, to be torn from his hopes!—"O, why," cried he incessantly, "why was I blest in her smiles, since I lose them for ever?—If Edward—but can he refuse? Is not the public welfare interested in his compliance? Selfish Alan!—wouldst thou have him neglect the general utility for an individual? Ah! that question once had inspired me with horror—but now—Zulima, my only good! what is same, life, honour, if thou arts torn from me?——

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No, I will not faffer it!—The barbarian fhall feel my Iword.

A fummons from the Prince interrupted the course of his reflections. He followed the messenger slowly, and entered the apartment of Edward with trembling limbs and a mournful aspect. Draw near, my friend," faid the Prince, " thou haft heard of Selim's demand." What cruelty!" faid Atan, to himfelf. An involuntary frown took possession of his brow. I read thy thoughts, faid the Prince; " they are injurious. Once, thou didft refcue Edward from the thaneful bondage in which a traitor held him: thy care has fince preferred his life.-Is he fo mean of heart, as to repay fuch benefits as these with base ingratitude? Son of Fitz-Ofborne, I will not pain thee longer by fuspense. The proposal of Selim is rejected, and Zulima that till be thine. - "My Prince!" exclaimed Alan, falling at his feet. Changed from the depth of despair to the fulness of joy, his

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his emotions were too firong for expresfion. That filence fpoke more emphasis cally than the most laboured acknowledgments. Edward felicitated, raised, and embraced him. "This goodness!" cried Alan, "this goodness!-" His words were loft in gratitude and delight. The Prince renewed his condescending felicitations, and would have him communicate his happiness to Zulima. Alan hastened to this lovely personage; it seemed to him that she had been lost, and recovered; his eyes were never fatisfied in gazing at her beauty, nor his tongue in expressing his love. and or other desired bearing than

The Sultan, enraged by the fresh disappointment of his hopes, soon commenced hostilities again. Edward, now wholly restored to health, commanded his troops in person. The contending armies engaged; Selim, instanced by jealousy, and the desire of vengeance, supported the consict with spirit. Eager to find Alan, he ranged the field, and cast siery glances

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glances around for the object of his fearch. Lord William had that day affumed the fame arms of his kinfman, and the refemblance deceived the furious Sultan. He rushed fiercely towards him. Lord William, trembling, attempted to retreat from his rage; but Selim intercepted his flight, and obliged him to engage hand to hand. Despairing of succour, Lord William forced himself to wear an appearance of valour; but the fuperior strength and courage of Selim foon conquered this assumed bravery. He was thrown with a rude shock from his horse. and crouched beneath the fury of his adverfary.

Already had the incensed Selim, regardless of his supplications, raised his terrible scymetar over the head of his supposed rival, when a Christian warrior, darting like the fire of Heaven through the throng, threw himself over the prostrate Lord William, and received the impending blow on his shield. Selim,

astonished at the interposition, staggered back a few paces. The warrior listed his beaver, and discovered an aspect, at once terror striking and alturing —it was Alan himself!

The Sultan at this fight, lofing his embarrassment in rage, advanced fiercely, and raising his thining labre, simed a flroke of force at his rival; but he quickly found that he had now a more able adversary than Lord William to assault. The fon of Fitz-Ofborne, by an agile movement, avoided the blow, and foon returned it with a well directed aim of his sharp and experienced steel. It pierced the left shoulder of Selim, who still more enraged by the pain of his wound, rushed with greater fierceness than before on his antagonist. They closed, each grafped his adverfary's weapon: Alan's courage and address, ever fupereminent, now prevailed; he tore the Sultan's fcymetar from his hand, and then clasping his arms around him with a hof-

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At that moment a troop of Saracens flocked to their monarch's aid. Innumerable fabres were now brandished against the life of our hero, who still resolute, fearless, and undaunted, stood at bay to a host of enemies. Lord William, ever base, (more intent on securing his own person from danger, than on desending his preserver) sted, and sheltered himself amidst the thickest of the Christian squadrons.

Alan, mean while, kept up the unequal conflict with undiminished spirit; but mortal strength must sail. The wounds he received, and those he instituted, had already steined his armour with a primson hue; and he was just on the point of sinking beneath his soes, when Lord Pembroke, Gerald, and a body of soldiers rushed in, and changed the fortune of the encounter.

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Selim had been borne off the field, while his adherents affaulted Alan. There infidels were now obliged to change their measures, and defend themselves. After a short resistance they fell victims to the valour of the Croisades, and more pouring in to revenge their slain companions, the battle raged sencely on this spot.

Mean time Edward, who led the right wing, attacked the enemy's choicest forces, and routed them with inconceivable flaughter. A rumour ran through the unbelieving troops that Sclim was flain, and panic terrors feized them. With one confent they betook themselves to fudden flight, with an intention to take refuge within the walk of Joppa. The brave Prince purfued them, even to the gates, and gained a confiderable number of captives. During this time, Alan, Lord Pembroke, and their men, experienced equal good fortune. The Croifades gained a complete victory, and returned triumphantly to the camp: Fitz-Vol. II. Ofborne Ofborne met his fon at the entrance; he looked at his blood-stained armour—
"This is the colour of honour," (said he, embracing him) "But, my son, thy looks are pale—Ah! if I lose thee now—some fatal wound."—

"Not fatal," replied Alan, giving him a tender glance, "I am but flightly hurt." While he spoke, an unusual faintness feized him; he sunk on the bosom of his father. "Ah! Heaven," cried the Earl, "My fears were just!—my son!—my fon!—look at me—speak to me—relieve my apprehensions!"

Alan raised his head, "Toil alone—" said he, attempting to assume a voice of strength. The exertion was too much; weakness again overpowered him, and the Earl became hearly distracted. He called loudly and repeatedly for assistance. It was some time before the tumult of the camp would suffer his cries to be heard. Gerald, who by some accident had been separated from his master, was first struck by

by the found. He darted through the throng, and ran to the spot where the Earl hung wailing over Alan, who had fallen into a deep and death-like swoon. Gerald, affected almost to madness at this sight, threw himself on the ground and made loud and frantic outcries.

Several persons now gathered round them; the soldiers, who loved Alan for his virtues, and idolized him as being the preserver of the Prince, mourned his situation with sincere expressions of concern. More recollected than the Earl or Gerald, they took him on their bucklers, and bearing him to his tent, committed him to the care of the surgeons.

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While the Earl hung eagerly on the lips; of these persons, (waiting the sentence which should inspire him with hope, or consign him to despair) Mureddin entered. "Horror!" exclaimed he, rushing towards his friend, "My companion!—
my brother!—what fatal reverse!"—>
Deprived of reason by this afflicting surprise,

prise, he ran wildly to the apartment of Zulima. "He dies!" cried he, aloud —" The best, the bravest, the lovelies of mankind!—He expires this moment!"

These terrible words pierced the soul of the fair Saracen: her heart knew but one person who merited such appellations. She shrie ed, cast up her eyes with an accusing glance, and slew to the tent of her lover.

The furgeons were that moment emplayed in inspecting his wounds, and the apartment was crowded with interested spectators.

Zulima, heedless of their presence, and forgetful of her wonted reserve, threw herself on the couch of the patient, and strained him in her arms. The furgeons attempted to take her from him; the resisted with the force of despair. "Cruel men," cried she, " ye shall not divide us!—He is mine; we have but one soul—If he dies, I will not live!" In saying thus, she put her balany lips to his.

his, embraced him yet more fervently.

Alan at length opened his eyes, and beheld her antitude. "Zulima!" he exclaimed—"dearest Zulima, what happiness!" "Wilt thou live?" demanded the earnessly. He pressed her snowy hand. "O powerful Creator!" cried Zulima, "he consents!—he will live!" The surgeons again attempted to take her away. "Stop," cried Alan, "offend not my fair-one!—her endearments are the balm of my soul." "Rude men!" exclaimed Zulima, "ye hear my beloved—yet ye would force me away?—go—I will never, never quit him!" added she, folding her arms around Alan.

The furgeons now finding their exertions vain, proceeded to examine his wounds. Fitz-Osborne knelt close by the couch, his hands raised to Heaven, and his eyes fixed on these persons.

At length they pronounced his life to be in no danger: "Bleffed tidings!"

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exclaimed the Earl, flarting up, and embracing those who uttered them. "Hallowed be your lips!—O ye have rescued Fitz-Osborne from a depth of misery!—My fon! my son! praised be the Eternal!"

Joy stopped further utterance. He sunk again on his knees, and covered his face. Tenderness overpowered discretion; his words disclosed the secret, which he had meant to conceal.

Lord William had entered the tent, a few minutes before the furgeons pronounced that favourable fentence, which banished the guard of prudence from the lips of Fitz Osborne:

Curiofity, not concern, induced him to this step. The Earl's exclamation produced new incentives to the former. He inquired of the persons who stood next him, what these words meant. They were unable to resolve the question. Interested alone for Alan, they keeded not the inadvertency of his fire.

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The natural flupidity of Lord William's disposition seemed to vanish; his countenance now appeared to speak some intelligence, but his seatures, ill set and unamiable, acquired no improvement from their agitation. What would have been expression in another aspect was in his distortion.

While anxiety thus possessed his mind, and rendered his looks more forbidding than ever, Zulima gave herself up to the transporting sensations of heart felt joy. Mureddin experienced a pleasure nearly equal, and Gerald vented the sincere essuations of his honest soul.

The Prince hastened to his young friend, as soon as the first rumour of his danger reached him. Eleonora, Blanche, and her now favoured lover, with all the most eminent persons in the camp, sollowed his example. During the sew days he continued confined to his tent, they constantly attended him, and cheered the wearisome hours of pain and lassification.

tude, with sprightly and entertaining converse.

At this time the Prince received letters from his fire, entreating him to return as fpeedily to England as the pofture of his affairs would allow. Henry represented that the feebleness of age and difeafe, rendered him incapable of restraining the turbulency of the barons: who, delivered from apprehension by the absence of Edward, set no bounds to the insolence of their conduct. He added, that he had been dissuaded from requiring the presence of his son, by some perfons about him; but that he now began to perceive these disfussions were not uninterested. AND THE PLANT PROPERTY OF A STREET AND A STREET AND A STREET, AND ASSESSED.

Edward's filial duty, superior even to the love of glory, led him to gratify the wishes of the King; but he first determined to do some signal service to the cause he had undertaken to support. Selim, dispirited by the issue of the last battle, had lest Joppa, which place he imagined imagined to be no longer a fecure alylum. He had garrifoned it with a part of his army; but these men, no longer invigorated by his presence, who had been the foul and spirit of their movements, made but a slight opposition to the Christians, who now assailed the town on every side.

Their battering engines, and the fecret operations of the miners, foon made a breach in the wall, fufficient to admit a large force. Edward led a party of troops through this breach, while Henry De: Almain, and Lord Pembroke, by a feigned affault. drew the defenders to another place lefs vulnerable. The befreged, . mocking what they thought an impotent attempt, were fuddenly difmayed by the loud shouts of the Christians in the rear. Enfeebled at once by terror and furprize, they offered an easy conquest to the foe. Lord Pembroke now follow -ed the Prince, who generous as brave, . commanded his men to give quarter to the Saracens. The order was obeyer;

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be took possession of the citadel, and detained the garrison of Selim captive. Such was the result of an enterprize which gave new satisfaction to the champions of the Cross, and encreased the consternation of the deluded unbelievers. The loss of Joppa, a place at once considerable by its strength and situation, affected the Sultan of Babylon strongly. The irresistible valour of Edward and his troops, made him sear for the rest of his dominions, and his thoughts now seriously inclined to an accommodation.

Edward shortly received such propofals for a truce as surpassed his most fanguine expectations. Selim offered, (on condition that hostilities were sufpended for the term of ten years some weeks and days) to allow all the Christians within his territories the free and unmolested possession of those places which the valour and good fortune of the Prince had acquired.

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Th se proposals were too advantageous to be rejected. The Prince consented to the truce; hostages were given on the part of Selim, to ensure its observance, and the Croisades prepared to revisit their native shores.

Edward would have retarded his departure in confideration of his Knight, but that youth, now nearly recovered, declared himself well able to bear the satigue of the voyage. Fitz-Osborne, whose desire for vengeance had been suspended by concern for his son, now selt it revive with added force: he urged the Prince to hasten his embarkation. Edward wanted little to stimulate him; the ships were launched, the croisades brought on board, and savourable gales soon wasted them far on the watry expanse.

The passage, though beyond expectation quick, seemed an age to the impatient Earl. Alan, on the contrary, would have lengthened its duration if possible.

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His humane and generous foul felt for the traitorous Walter. While that mifcreant vioted in impunity, refentment actuated his breaft; but now, wit hour hope or refource, a fated victim to confusion and despair, his compassionate heart would diftinguish the miferable from the guilty. He fought to incline his fire to the fame thoughts. "What!" (exclaimed the Earl, one day, as he urged him on this fubject) " wouldft thou, the offspring of Matilda, diffuade me from avenging her injuries?" "My father," replied Alan, " he is now wholly in our power." " Weak clemency!" interrupted the Earl, frowning. "Pleadeft thou for the destroyer of thy mother's fame and life?-But I blame thee without cause-Thou knowest not her virtuesthou wert unacquainted with her person. But I-O, torture !- I knew the one to. be transcendant, and the other lovely !-Thou are not fensible of the pangs that rend this heart!-Thou art but her fon,

How unworthy of that name!—She was the bleffing of my existence!—The sum and end of my desires!—The jewel of my soul!—And shall I pardon the traitor who robbed me of this treasure?—Who by his base infinuations obliged me to cast it from me with a lavish and cruel; hand?—Boy, plead no more—May. Heaven reject my prayers if I pardon. Walter!"

Alan shuddered at that terrible imprecation! It chilled his blood, and locked; his lips in silence.

After some weeks of easy passage, the wind on a sudden veered to an adverse point, and obliged the sleet to seek shelter in the harbour of Messina. The Sicilian King received Edward with all the observance due to his birth and qualities. But the reception ill consoled him for the intelligence that followed. He learned that the King, his father, had expired not long before; and the news affected him.

him with the most pungent forrow. Unfitted for fociety, by the depth of his affiction, he hur himfelf up in his aparts ment for feveral days, and during that time would fuffer no person to approach him but the Princels and his Knight, At length time, aided by true piety, confoled him for an irremediable lofs. He began to appear in public as before; and scarce had his tranquility been re-established, when it received another shock Mesengers arrived from England with an account that his favourite fon, John, an infant of four years, had expired foon after the death of Henry. The Sicilian King, aftonished at the superior fortitude with which he supported this event, communicated to him his furprife. "Heaven may blefs me with more fons," answered Edward. " but the loss of a father can never be repaired." and all init

The Sicilian Monarch, affected by this manifestation of filial love, lauded him who uttered the sentiment, envied — Henry

Henry though dead, for possessing such a fon, and congratulated England on the happiness it was going to experience, in being ruled by such a sovereign.

In a few days the wind became favourable for the Prince's departure, The King of Sicily attempted to detain him fome time longer, but Edward entertained a firong defire to visit the young French monarch, who bad expressed as equil wish for the interview. The security of his own kingdom left him leifure to put this project in execution. The Barons feemed to have lost their restless ambition, and the general tranquility of the nation was only interrupted by an ardent defire to fee its heroic fovereign. Edward, after taking an affectionate leave of the Sicilian King, again embarked with his forces; and Fitz-Ofborne, who had been tortured by the delay, respired aftesh the hope of speedy vengeance.

The winds, as if fympathizing in his feelings, shortly carried the fleet to Marfeilles.

feifles. Edward had fcarcely landed). when he received an invitation to a triol of skill from the Count of Chalons, who was going to celebrate a magnificent tournament. Ever fond of glory, he readily accepted the challenge; and willing to have Alan a partner in the entertainment, fought to prevail on the Barl to delay his voyage to England for a time. Fitz-Osborne would listen to no diffusions; he determined to depart immediately, and Edward at length gave way to his: impatience.

In pursuance of this refolution, the Earl, Alan, Zulima, Mureddin, and Gerald, with a train of trufty attendants. who were given by the King as a guard. proceeded to Calais, and were wafted from thence to the opposite shore in a few. hours. At that moment the agonies of the unhappy Earl returned with added force. This was the land in which he: had tafted happiness; the recollection tortured and diffracted him. " Matilda!

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injured Matilda!" cried he, incellantly No other found iffued from his lips, no other idea found place within his before Zulima now changed her drefs to avoid observation, and took the habit of a page. They reached the capital, and here Alan would have perfunded his miftrefs and Mureddin to remain while he and the Earl proceeded to the Caftle of Fitz-Osborne; but his arguments were ineffectual. Zulima, to whom love had given courage, refolved to there the danger of the enterprize. "Thinkest thou not," she replied, "that Zulima would fuffer a thousand deaths, rather than bear thee from her light? Alan, dear Alan, I will never quit thee!-Art thou not my protector?—the friend on whose safety depends my peace and my existence-The pangs of absence are too terrible-Wouldst thou with me to experience them?" in standard will never be the out

These words, delivered in an energetic tone, inspired Alan with a joy that left. him.

him no recollection of the cause from which they spring. He put her beautiful hands to his lips, implessed them with a thousand servent killes, and attered all the wild, yet pleasing extravagancies of true passion.

The day following that of their arrival in London, they fet off for the Cattle of Fitz-Ofborne, attended by the faithful guard which Edward's care had provided. The fourth evening brought them within three leagues of the place of their deflination. Here the Earl halted, and obliged his companions to do the fame. He took Alan afide for a few moments.

"My fon," (said he, addressing him in a voice of trepidation) "I know not why, but my heart recoils as at the approach of sudden ill." "Yield to this impulse, my father," cried Alan, eagerly—"Let us return to the capital. Do thou give Walter Fitz-Osborne notice to retire from his usurped possessions—spare thyself the fight of the traitor." No," exclaimed

claimed the Earl, sternly, "No, I will glut my eyes with his horrors! As the values a parent a displeasure, seek no more to distunde me." "Never, never, will I willingly incur it!" replied these in a submissive accent.

This landwer appealed the Bart—"I wanted to tell thee," fold he, " of a new thought which has Aruck me. I have determined not to purfue my journey, "till the day clofes in. Right was for the work of terror; its observative will carry us undiscovered to the Castle, and then will I burst upon the miscream, terrify his guilty foot, and finish the work of retribution!"

"Thou wilt not kill him?" interrupted Alan—" My father will not become a private murderer? Recall the words of Edward." "Boy!" cried the Earl, in a tone of anger, "what avail the words of Edward to fatisfy my wrongs?—Boy, he felt no pity for thy mother, and wouldit thou fave him from my just revenge?—

No. I swear by you celestial arch, by the throne of the Omnipotent, he shall die!
—If this time-worn arm fail me not, before to-morrow's dawn, his blood shall appeale the manes of Matilda!" In saying thus, he turned suddenly, and retired to a small distance from his companion.

"What means this change in my fentiments?" faid Alan to himfelf, " A fhort time fince, and I would be the champion. of my perent's injuries-Am I no longer slive to the calls of filial affection?" "Ah! no," faid he again, "but I would brave the traitor openly-Honour should decide-Yet is not this thought injurious. to my fire? - Down-down, rebellious. fuggestion !- his feelings, afflicting and terrible, call for as great a compensation." Alan now joined his mistress and his friend; in their conversation he fought to bury his diffressful sensations, and at length the Earl approached. " Night begins," faid he, " to spread? her fable mantle o'er the earth, let us away."

awaye As these words he mounted his fleed, and his auditors taking borse also, directed their couple forward.

The moon had not yen appeared above the horizon, and darkness effectually shrouded our company from notice. They had proceeded within a few furlongs of the Cattle, when their progress was interrupted by an incident at once unexpected and alarming.

The pale Queen of Night had just displayed her borrowed beams, and shrouded them again under some amber skirted clouds; a faint light, scarcely sufficient to guide our travellers in their path, emicted from this well, when all at once from behind a neighbouring hedge, they were alarmed by a hostile saute of pointed arrows. While they yet wondered, a large band of armed men, disguised with masks, burst from the hedge, and assailed them sword in hand with determined fury.

The affailants met not to easy a prey, as they had feemed to expect. Alan, stag-

fier.

staggered for a moment by the suddenness of the actack, soon resumed his usual courage; and after placing his beloved Zulima in a situation least exposed to danger, rushed siercely on the foremost russians, seconded by Mureddia.

Edward's guard furrounded the Earl, and defended him from the firokes of the enemy, with careful valout. Fits Ofborne, struck by a sudden impulse, raised his voice— Mistaken men," cried he albud, "Whom do you attack?" The person, who seemed chief amongst the rustians, at the sound of these words, set forth a loud cry, and piercing through the midst of the desenders, seemed to seek no other victim but the speaker. The mooh at that instant danied from obscurity, and displayed the Earl's danger to his son. He shew to his rescue!

mjuft as the leader of the ruffians aimed a stroke at Fitz-Osborne's breast, Alan arrested the blow, and plunged his own weapon up to the hilt in the bosons of

the villain. " Accurled fatel cried he loudly, as he funk we ment knew the worke of the usurping Walter-" Heaven is just !" he exclaimed. "This deed Gould have been ming," faid the Earl fternly:

The ruffigns, serrified at feeing their leader fallen, betook themfelves to flight. yet not 'till the attendants of the Earl had thinned their number. Fitz-Ofborne stopped : be tore off the mask that concealed the features of his criminal brother. " Ah! caitiff!" he exclaimed " Awake !- Thou shalt not escape my reproaches!" ted to the trans on an or

Walten had funk into a fwoon; he now opened his eyes. "Look!" refumed the Earl; "Behold the man thou hatt injured !- Ah ! traitor-infernal damon!" added be, foaming with rage-"Where is the truft I committed to thy charge }-Where is Matilda i-My wife ? -Diabolical machinator !- Thy death is delign.

poor

poor compensation-May avenging to torture and good thy foul it an The countenance of Walter photon ghaftly, became now black from the tolour of his thoughts : He fixed his Man ing eye-balls on the Barl with at hordble flare. " Accorded by the arm, he wried, in a hollow tone, which wald not find its way to thy hours and double curfed the hand that fuccoured thee! Yes-at this moment I avow my haveknow; that when I most flattered thy credulity, I then most detested theel-That thy fight has been ever distasteful to mine eye, and thy voice ever grating to mine ear. In fine, that ferpents, fcorpions, toads, all the most noxious progeny of nature, were to my imagination tefs horrible than thy idea!-I loved thy wife too; I would have pollefled herbut hatred of thee, more than passion tirged me to the pursuit. Thou were the tool of my purpose-I thank thee-Thy weak credulity paved the way for my DOOR delign.

Walley

delign.—Tremble at my words the its innocent!—Thou didn administ the destruction of the control of the control

accent of diffraction, a feeling to be display to and thou, vice as thou are, were pared compared to me [Fig. 211]: 1993 a smooth

Walter replied not. The blood fitterns ed falt from his wound, and districted, did againing pain differs his features, and a malicious joy enlighten them.

Alan would have borne his fire from a spectacle, which recalled all the efficient of his mind, but the Earl, absorbed in grief, continued infentible to his carrest ties. Finding him not to be moved, Alan went towards Zuliffia, with all the tention of composing her fears. The beauteous Saracen, unused to Reites of carnage, could not yet believe herself of lover safe. She hung on his arm repeatedly enquired if the dauger was passed; Vol. H.

fed; and though answered in the affirmative, still doubted.

The attendants of the Earl now brought forward one of the ruffians, who, though wounded desperately, yet retained sufficient strength to speak. It was Maurice. He desired to be laid at Fitz-Osborne's feet; his supporters complied, and in a seeble voice, he related to that inattentive noble, the artifices he and Walter had made use of to deprive Alan of his birth-right. He then mentioned the attempt against his life by poison, and concluded in these words:

"Lord William," faid he, "gave notice to the usurper some time since, that an exclamation thou didst utter, and thy strong resemblance to his young kinsman, had insused a suspicion into his mind, that Fitz-Osborne and father Anselm were the same. This intelligence inspired Walter with consternation, yet he stove to say from the idea, 'till fresh information arriving from Lord William, turned

his doubts into conviction. He received thefe last notices from Calais, and with them, a confirmation of thy intention to furprize him in the Caffle. He shewed me the letter which contained these accounts, with evident marks of anxiety and terror. I inquired what was to be done i-" Doft thou ask?" he cried-" Is there but one refource to fave us? -Thou didst share in my crime-thou wouldst share also in my punishmentlet us avert it, by turning the defigns of those who would destroy us on their own heads. We will lie in amouth for themwe will deprive them of the means to accuse or revenge—the dead speak not." " I complied—O fatal compliance !-Accompanied by a band of milcreants. the experienced instruments of his crimes, we lay in wait feveral nights in this fpot."

Maurice was interrupted at this period by the usurper, who seemed now possessed with frenzy. "It is false!" cried he aloud. "They shall not escape me! Walter is alone worthy to be filed Lord of First Ofborne—" "Soft," faid he again in a lower tone. "Let them not hear his Maurice, thou hast forme healing ingredients—healing to my foul, because destructive to those it hatet—come hither—lay thy ear close to my lips—we are surrounded by prying witnesses—'tis well—my best Maurices—and wilt thou—?"

"O horror!—horror!"continued he, more wildly, "See Matilda!—she holds the dagger o'er my head—Ha!—that crimson stream—it drops—it covers—it sliftes me!"

He now gasped, as if for breath; life seemed to ebb apace: Convulsive starts agitated his limbs; he uttered some half formed sounds, and again cried loudly.

"See! See!" he exclaimed, "that yawning gulph—those horrible spectres!
—Heard ye the yell of despair?—Again!
—They approach—O mercy! mercy!
They rend my vitals—they tear me to pieces

Exhausted nowil alike by the violence of his frenzy, and the lock of blood, he fooke pointers and ins seve momento his dark anth guilty foul ded for even. The Earl had continued plunged in affifting thought during the preceding feene This last event, foemed not to arouse bioattentions. Also, though stude, dering with houser, was not unmindful of his fire of contion of the advanced; at tempted to footh him, and forcibly tore him from that borrid fpectacle. The Bart fuffered himfelf to be placed on his Aued without discovering either displeafure or emotion. In this state of tem-P 3 rollsl porary

porary infentibility he proceeded, his for guiding his horfe's reins, and with his whole company, foon reached the Coale of Fitz-Ofborne. The body of Walter, and the half-dying Maurice, were mean time supported to the same place, by some of the attendants.

On arriving at the most, they found the bridge drawn up, but no appearance of hostility. Gerald called loudly to the porter, who soon came forth. He was commanded to let down the bridge; but replied, that he knew not whether they were friends or enemies, and could not comply, without forfeiting his charge.

As the spoke, the domestic of the Castle rushed out, and inquired with whom he parlied. The attendants of the Earl shewed the ghastly corse of the usurper. At this sight, the domestics seeming more affected by fear than forrow, hung their heads, and manifested strong tokens of confusion. Behold! cried Alan, behold the rightful poffessor

fellor of this Calife—the true Earl of Fitz-Ofborne." He pointed to his father, and refumed. "See the reward of treachery in the fate of the wretched Walter!—Approve yourselves enemies of his crimes!—Admit us—A prompt obedience will secure ye from tharing in his punishment!"

The fervants, still more confused than before, feemed to confer among themfelves. At length, one who appeared the most eminent in authority, made a fign to the porter to let down the bridge. This was inflantly complied with. Alan dismounted. He assisted the nearly inmovable Earl to alight. Mureddin, Zulima, Gerald, and the remainder of their company did the same. They all passed quickly over the bridge, and fcarce had they reached the other fide, when the fervants of Walter, with one accord, prostrated themselves at the feet of the Earl and his fon. Alan, bidding them arise and fear nothing, led his fire

P 4

forward

http://www.

forward to the gate. Here the torpor of Fitz-Ofborne vanished; he funk on the threshold of his long forfaken mansion in an agony of grief. "In this spot," he exclaimed, " in this fpot did the most injured, and the most lovely of women last meet my eyes!-Here did the pour forth the effusions of a foul affectionate and fincere!-Yet I could, even in that moment, doubt her truth-I could think that fincerity fraud-that affection, degeitful-O. Matilda! If thou yet hoverest near the place, which thou didst love in life, look at him, who though he commanded thy death, would now endure unheard of torments to recall the moments past !- Ah! no-thou turnest away with abhorrence—The gross vapour of my guilt offends the purity of thy shade-Dear, lost Matilda !- regard me with more compassion!—be sensible of the anguish that rends this heart !- see those eyes, unaccustomed to weakness, immersed in the brine of woe!-Yet, is not

pot all two friding is - Ox then confinct ation of the state of the state of the state of afford the contraction of the co love, confermation not lead to marketer) of the business to able west in the life. helplefs childhood. Ever generousarant White the stretched Hagle thur gove Penty to the Centation to the front of Wilken appeared Leger both work premise felice her not ignorant of her hullening last intentions | Transferon forming sondecolor benelting his sorte en larprized at the light in Fiez Officeres and his for the appeared to feel only for Herfelfe, and felling at Alan's fact, betraylidyshal inpute meannels of her foul. by abject supplications in Judging of their youth's leatiments by bar awni the doubted his forgiventise She had been his confiant and avowed enemy during infancyla Walter had injured him to the utmost of his ability, and Lord William had also practifed against his life. She recollected these facts; trembled at the Alabaid tot guil 250 - digan confider-

confideration, yet cognitived crouchit at his feet a The boote breat lotte here could not retain referenciate le had long fince forgomen the indign with which the had fought to oppical the helples childhood. Ever generous and homeney pair shjudes affected the tel than prefent wretchednels. She had been infelling enworthy, but the was now diff troffed withat confideration banished the contempt which had dilplayed itself for a moment on his countenance. He woole her from the ground, louthed her in a gentle voice, and alfured her of protection. The Earl by this time had regained fome degree of composure; he walked through the apartments of the Cattle, and his agonies returned. Zulima, by the persuasion of her lover, retired to reft; and the fun now gilding the eaftern hemisphere with gold and purple rays, beheld the manifon of Fitz Ofborne inhabited by its lawful poffellors.

Alan, as the Earl, still absorbed in forrow, was incapable of acting for himself,

foon

from as the luminary of the day half attained its highest zenith, dismitted the servants of the usurper from the Castle, and the late Countess departed at the same time to the house of the Lord De Gray.

A rumour of these events soon ran through the estates, and the aged vastals of Fitz-Osborne, quitting their habitations, crouded to behold their new restored Lord and his valiant son. Alan prevailed on the Earl to go forth and greet them. At sight of their loved and long soft master their joy took the appearance of gries. Tears burst in torrents from their eyes. They thronged around him. One would touch his garment, another his hand, more sobbed aloud, and in broken murmurs expressed their wonder and delight.

Their fidelity affected the Earl with a faint fenlation of pleasure. He attempted to smile, to answer their congratulations, but fad remembrance banished the smile when half formed, and rendered the

answer

answer inarciculate. He pronounced the name of Matilda, clasped his bands together, and funk on the bosom of his for "My Father!" said Alan, tenderly supporting him, " unmixed felicity is not the lot of man: yet Heaven has not left the misery of his state without reformed; at the time it deprives him of one comfort it families him with another." "And where are mine?" said the Earl, mournfully.

In the fidelity of thy dependants," replied Alan, " and in the love and duty of thy fon." "True!" exclaimed the Farl, embracing him. "Thou art indeed my comfort—the fivestener of a bitter existence!—But my son—thy mother!—the fairest—the most virtueus—doomed by my will—!"

"She inhabits with the bleffed," replied Alan. "As the was virtuous as the was unfortunate, the is now happy. My father, the pangs of this life are preparatory to the bleffings of the future

The Languages

aufwer

-- Ponder

Pouter this truth—think of Matilda's preferm solicity, and recall the banished gence." "My son!—my pious son!" aried the Earl, embracing him. The tears of the by-standers were renewed. "Pious son!—pious indeed." they repeated. "and worthy to be beir of our master!"

The aged men pointed out to their shildren the example of their suture. Lord: these again in simple yet honest phrase, declared that his deportment nocked imitation.

The following day. Alan dispatched Gerald and an effort to the house of Geoffry for his faithful Alice; and not unmindful of his venerable friend, he hade him call at the cell of Montmorensy; yet dreaded that death had deprived it of its inhabitant.

He now related to the Earl the particulars of Arnulf's eventful life. Fitz-Of-borne gave many tears to the misfortunes of his cotemporary and friend. "If he

harted

yet lives," faid, he, fighing deeply, "I will fee him. Unhappy Arnulf!—I little imagined from whence thy neglect arofe; fimilar in our faults, fimilar in our deftinies, we are fit companions for each other!—If thou doft yet draw the breath of life, I will pour my griefs into thy bosom, and thou shalt return thine. Sad, yet not unpleasing participation! We will extract comfort from the depth of woe: we will talk of our lost treafures; we will embalm them with our tears; we will deplore our mutual crimes, and celebrate the virtues of our victims!"

Alan fought not to diffuade his fire from a thought which feemed to footh his melancholy; neither would he encourage it, but attempted with a pious artifice to steal him from it, by speaking of Zulima, extolling her beauty and her endowments, and congratulating himself on his approaching happiness.

The Earl, plunged in a deepreverie, appeared inattentive to his words. He started

Darted Suddenly at Lead me to the torne of Marita, " faid he, in the eager rone Alan trembled, ventured fome diffustive words, but on his repeating the command, went forward. RitzeOfborne followed preferving a deep fitence lad thort time they mitered the lionen . Alan pointed to the mound of earth, the Earl looked towards it, and made a fign with his hand, as if to bid his for depart Akan Refleated to obey that movement. Fire Olborne, with a mixture of anger in his countenance repeated it, and the youth retired out of fight ; yet filial api prehention would not fuffer him to quit the ferest wholly by and ther pathy and concealed himself behind the foreading foliage of the needs of flore

Fitz-Ofborne had thrown himfelf on the grave, his lips were filent, and his body immovable. After continuing in this torpid state a considerable time, he raised his head, took the cablets of Matilda (which had been given him by Alan) in his hand, read the prayer aloud, looked up to Heaven, then at the touch kill-ed the green turfithat covered it, and again relapted into his former attitude. At length he changed his possure, bent his knees, and appeared to offer up found fervent ejaculations. Net hill filent, his lips moved without emitting any found. Alan, attentive to his actions, took heed not to disturb a forcer he respected.

aff some particles of the clay that coveried the grave, and pressing them thrice to his forebead and to his dips, tore off a piece from his voluments, wrapped the clay within it, and placed to his bosons. He now arose, and proceeded out of the forest wish lingering steps. Alsh quitting his biding place, hastened to meet him. The Earl appeared to have attained some degree of chearfulness; the resisted not the endeavours of his son to south him, spoke on the topic of his love, and managed.

funds

tioned his intention to folemnize his nuptials with Zulima speedily.

The fair Saracen was goode acquainted with the subject of their discourse. The beautiful tind of modelly heightened the roses of her cheeks, and in accents, where helitation became elequent, the faultered a fweet affent to Alan's happing nels.

Early the following more, that youth, pursuing a purpose which his piety had fuggested, repaired to the forest, accompanied by a band of vallals, whom he had commanded to attend; there having obliged them to open the grave, he gathered the respected relics of his parent, and placing them on a bier, which had been prepared, covered them with a fable pall-"My mother," faid he, kneeling, "accept the office which filial duty pays."-He kiffed the pall, arofe, and giving the bier to four attendants, commanded them to direct their course to a neighbouring priory. They obeyed; Alan covered his

tempted

his face, and croffing his hands upon his breaft, followed in a melancholy and penfive fitence. They had reached but the verge of the forest, when Fitz-Offorne met them. His beart told him all. He looked at the bier, groaned, and funk into the arms of his fon. The bearers stopped as if instructively; Alan made them a fign to go on-" No," faid the Earl, in a voice hardly articulate-I will once more fee,"-he pauled, went to the bier, raised the pall, and utrerest a loud cry-" Save me! fave me from the fight, and from the thought!" exclaimed he, rushing back. " Are those the remains of Matilda? the lovely, the blooming Matilda! This haggard fcull, thefe unfeemly bones, are they the remains of Heaven's most perfect work? I-criminal and miserable! I have produced the change, I who doated and yet destroyed. I, who loved, and was a murderer!"

Alan again made a fign to the bearers to go on. They obeyed. The Earl attempted

foughts him so go bickers the Cantel Who septied havin a determinal took who had a too will attend the obligation of Matilda. Was I not her bithout who shall diffusive with the bithout and the Barl leasured his flow forter and they proceeded convard. The barl has reached the priory in a front time. The liely Abbet greeted them in a mingled tone of pleasure and concerns. He performed the funeral rives. The vault which contained the ancestors of Fitz. Oborne was opened, and the remains of Matilda were committed to that confectated and facred repository.

In a few days Gerald returned, bringing with him the faithful Alice, and the pleafing intelligence that Montmorency yet lived. The meeting of Alan and his nurse was such as hight have been expected from persons of their sensibility. When the first transports had given place to a more tranquil joy, the son of Fitz-

His

Ofborne

Oftende led last deer Alice to the one fence of his adored Zulima, M. Arbitrell of my deftiny," faid he professing diee; "behold the guardian of my linfancy; the directrels of my fentiments, in fine my motheriby affection from the light of w 175" Men mother ted Todried I Zuliana elesping her arms seemed her Alibes Arrick with wonder at her charms land her condescention, stept back a little, and gazed at her in Glence. At length-"Thy lovelines," cried the this more than human, yet thy goodness exceeds it Beauteous lady, thou art indeed worthy to be the spouse of my son !- Yes, lady, the lowly Alice prefumes to give him that appellation; he is the child of her cares, and of her love. O the pride the joy of that thought! Her child is the favoured of the Almighty, graceful in his perfor virtuous in his heart, the first and most deferving of the human race ! " 1984

The Earl, who had been ablent at the arrival of Alice, entered as the spoke.

His

His appearance at once changed her countenance and her voice. She Reggered, furned pale, and fource could prevent her tottering frame from fishing on the earth. " Alice," find the Barl. " O bulled both of Heaven!" the exclaimed, covering her face. ... The Earl advanced towards her-"Alice," faid be again, " when I law thee laft-O Alice, that hour!" Bitter Tobs interrupted his words. Alice uncovered her face, and fell proftrate. "My lord! my matter!" the cried, weeping aloud and My lord! my malter 2 repeated the again, unable to articulate more. Alan and Zulima, agitated fpectators of this affecting interview, flood alook and paid the tribute of fentibility to the scene. At length the Earl raised Alice, and obliged her to fit befide him. They indulged in the luxury of grief They fooke of Matilda, mingled their tears and their exclamations; cominually ministered to each other's weer by affecting recollections, and as often attempted of with bards of histous fellinity called

to footh these remembrances by mutual

Earl named the day which was to enfure Alan's happiness. The chapet of the priory was fixed on for the place of their union, and at the appointed hour the Abbot celebrated the nuptial rites. Mureddin was the same day received into the bosom of the church, and with the Earl, Alice and Gerald, made up the company, and the attendants. The lovely Zulima betrayed to reluctance, on giving her hand where her heart was already placed, and the enraptured Alan received it as the first and most valuable gift of Providence.

The holy rites accomplished, our hero led his beauteous confort back to the Castle, amidst the acclamations of a joyous multitude; yet mindful of the Earl's unhappy state, he would have no rude mirth insult a sorrow so just and so acute. The harps of the minstrels were silent, no noisy bursts of riotous festivity called mimic

fence.

mimic Echo from her vaulted cell. But the happiness of Alan and Zulima needed not the factitious aids of blazenty. It was feated in their hearts, pure, serene, unclouded, not stormy or obtrusive.—
True joy best speaks in silence, unlike its hollow counterfeit, which vaunting gladness deceives the misjudging many with salse appearances. Joy sincere, vents itself not in words, but kindles in the harbinger of thought, the eye intelligent, heaves the pleased bosom, and deepens the tincture of the ruddy cheek to a more crimson hue.

But two morns had dawned fince the commencement of our hero's felicity, when the Earl proposed a journey to Montmorency's cell. Alan, though reluctant to part from his loved Zulima, even for so short a time as this visit required, forgot not the claims of duty. He bade a lingering farewell to his beauteous bride, and charging Alice and Mureddin to amuse her concern for his ab-

fence, fet off with the Earl for the habi-

The third evening of their journey they reached the cell. Alan entered first, will Montmorency, usering a cry of joy, fell on his neck. While they yet embraced, the Earl appeared My fire," faid Alan. Arnulf looked towards him. Fitz-Ofburne rufhed into his arms ---friend! my brother!" were the only founds articulated. Montmorency at length drew back a little; he took the Earl's hand in his-" Thou art changed," faid he, regarding him carneffly. " And trust me, fo art thou too," faid Fitz-Ofborne, preffing his hand. "Thefe wore another colour when I faw them last," added he, pointing to the white locks of Montmorency. The least to fact.

"Time—affliction," replied the Barron, "but fost, let us wave remembrance for a while." A tear started into the eye of Fitz-Osborne; he attempted to hide it, but nature mocked the effort,

and

have found this wea hidd thou chait thine with Links and real that the more built Marned to least forward to there place where wie I that be no thorn Wer three knows the conferior the take balin of the position and wounded facil to Betekt life be fore thee FREE IN this youth, Whie detegate of thes vents whole, the amonth of the Jan the cheerer of the afflicted !-- The thy offspring & Lieft pride Bladdible!

Alan defitited his gratitude for these praises, yet modernly titled them partiality. The Blangraped Montmoreney's hand—" Those loved him to tone of emotioning the thopped it was repeated the Baron I be thopped it was solved. II.

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suntecessarysto go on lisT but exclamation had spoken more forcibly than a thouhad thoused which meals oshrow but

The Earl again addressed his friend. "I was unkind to thee," faid he " Never l'araplied Manusanency." The Earl would not allow this affirmation to be just; Montmorency Gill, maintained it. This generous contention beguiled Fire-Ofborne of his forrow; he talked of their youthful days, of their mutual ardour in the field of honour; Arnulf enlarged on the topic and both entered into an interesting recapitulation of former heroic deeds. Alan finding them thus engaged, passed put, unwilling to interrupt their the the sied of the raffiched Lalinoslib

On entering the cell again, the Earl addressed him, in a voice which seemed to imply a doubt that what he was going to fay, might inspire his auditor with more displeasure than content:

My fon," faid he, " I have taken a resolution, which I fear thy mistaken IL Jo love love will attempt to congrue. About held my friend of have refolved to append to the product his for example of the confidence metal and the confidence metal for the world, and the depleted for the world, and the deplete lights; my fole with my fole confident on its the idea of quitting it for every and fixing my shed in this call off the the profession and the call and the profession and will use the profession with moderation much and the the metal and will use the professional with moderation.

in What my fether it onclaimed Alten in fo food to logs thee to Hierarch I have have I will fly to expiate a firm of the state of the s

tendency, "thou half no infence to est piate; thou are all goodness, all duty. The resolution I now declare, is not newly formed. From the first moment I learned the certainty of Montmorency; existence, I determined to bear thing company, during the residue of my days

Top of this Publishened thy marriage Pardonine, my for; Bear with the his thicy of my Youl , they happineds teching ed the more forcial of that the which my own blind folly had deprived me. A withelstof thy felicity, it impaell the with more negret, than please I thought of the hours wever to be rece el Or God of the of he bear, and all most envied thee langage was the Tenta tion, but T could not conquer its 100 fon, the mutual endearments of thee and Zulime, tore my heart with pangs unutterable wester, would styled fuch was Mattlea's love fuch my affection O torture, it is past !" He pauled, wiped away a trickling drop of forrow, and refined : My Ion, I cannot relide in the Canle; it was once the feat of my happines; every object within it is now a remembrancer of my woe. My pre-Sense would only serve to cloud thy determined to pear clyot caro, during the refidue of my days

fions:

ostio Pario fatheri i sanchimal diancin TENCHER (BASENSIAN SALKSEE PRINS AND woulde first refugial, the Parkett but ham also de la la chien al chien ar My for a law also pacqueioned with one on and the state of the state of the state of Charles refresered to aurenderies, fixed a hardle informations to describe the party reat, and willhalach him to make good the gift that his great the way from beginster for Laurenchip diamesta. and here of the second airestal and the second and the second airestal airesta fought, with all the frangels of argument 19) Starting the application of his fire But the had the grief to had his ende Voyer intlicated in the Barbalil paralest and our beren after spending three days: in vain attempts, returned to the Calle. prerpowered with a regint which reverthe contemplation of Zulima could not an Allicanian of people instance aliqued . Not yet devoid of hopes he visited the cell again thorsty. Still were his diffus-

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of

Bons Huidels of the Earl even appeared entinoused with the melaneholy and and kerities of his tituation of Akar procures a letter from the King, to fecond his own perfushions, and this was as moluccefaful as the real of He at length yielden to an obstinacy he could not conquer Time; which generally allevales all he man cares, weakened his begret. The encreasing tendernels of Zulima, the felenamic well-wovending and the attach ment of Alice and of Genet, gave him. if nor the policifish of perfect happiness, at leaft as much as mortality bould experionee. It was foon heightened by the birth of a levely boys the image of this mother's beauties Scarce had he began to take the exquisite feetings of parchual love, when the royal Edward returned from the Continent, covered with new the contemplation of Zulima convonst

All ranks of people hastened to the capital, to greet a sovereign so beloved, and so respected. Alan neglected not

Zulima with him; but that fair one, wholly given up to maternal cares, refuled to unit her himing charge for courtly pomp. Alan, less displeased at the refulal, than gratified by the motive, folded his lovely spoule in a tender embrace, present the vervel lips of his instant of attendants. It was a contract to a tender of attendants.

The King testified much pleasure at the fight of his young friends He congratulated him on the attainment of his hopes; and warm in the praises of Zulima, inquired with a condescending and minute solicitude into the conduct of his houshold, and estates, and finally been sought him to accept a place of trust and profit in the government.

"Will my Sovereign," replied the fon of Firz-Olborne, "pardon the indidifferential of his fervant, if his landwer

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hould feel to infulnthis offered beauty.

by a denial Mills and a mild this was a more and the grantests

more characters of the more many griese, then

they cannot offend me. M. Amon visulos

" Emboldened by this goodness irea fumed Alago of a will give the reinstitut min Sugenity Heaven ben bleft me wall many felicisies to impossible to wealth fufficient for my wants, and my defiteso! my dependants ferve me with a zealous loves l'and united to the cholen of my foul, a loude, genele, affectionary and beautiful; the has given me a metions. pledge, the coment of our tenderness. Shall the phantom of ambition lure me from the possession of a certain happinels, to the purfait of an imaginary good? No, my liege, I will dare to be happy, to prefer the cilm and delightful fenfations of private content; to the value pomp, the fadtaffic, and mistaken pleasures of public life! I will confine my defices within the pale of that domestic circle which

which walm our falints is known appear variety for the farmer of much shows the farmer for the state of the state him with. This hab dead to an architecture with the house state the fall the path of the fall th

This sature fatisfied the boart of Alangard his content was fully. After spending a foundays at court, he determined to repurp speaks specially his wishes were extended and confined. Edward birry stock him by a proposal of bearings him company to his mansion, unattended which and directed of the marks of royalty. Alangard a grateful associated and with ment more than departed association as our than constituted at court, by the define of the Kings who practiced to give him and

copleyment fuitable to his maker reum from this fourney of file and hipoth VEdward would her faiter allance white Zulima notice of her vilitor; new Miss to Airprize her in the discharge of those maternal duties which the formet fula Hed Having low their steeds to the case of forme portions at a diffance from the Caffey, our royal traveller and his companion entered the Court and penetrated to the apartment of Zulima unperceived Here the King beheld a speciacles which at once affected him, and proved the reloc lation of the fon of Firz-Ofberne to be just

Allee fite on the ground, supporting the finiting babe on her knees. The blooming Zulima hung over thom with looks of cordial love one from hand twined within the chubby fingers of the infant, the other extended to Alice as if the paint out the opening lideas which investive affection fancied of News would the tender parent prefs the little charmer to her breaft, now throw him off again. -ma.

w.th

with playful foodness; then would bid Alice mark the build supplies of his eyes, the hundid caraction of his lips, touch those lips softly with her own; and ask if those innocent orbedid not already spar-kle with intelligence.

unutterable, and the feelings of the King; fell not far thort of his.

Zulima turned her head, sprang from the ground with the agility of the antelope, and cast herself into the arms of her husband For fome time engroffed by mutual endearments, Zulima perceived not the King, nor did Alan recollect his being prefent. At length he bethought him of his neglect, and advanced towards Edward, with Zulima in his hand -- That amiable Lady paid him the compliments of hospitality with a grace inimitable, and all her owner Edward answered with an air of: mingled tendernels, respect, and affabihay. Lady," faid he, fmiling, " my intrution

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intrution merits not a reception to Battering, yet I cannot repent a sudentife which
has given me a light of nature in her men
captivating diels.

Zulima answered this compliment with a modest, yet dignified sweems of The monarch, more charmed than ever, terned to the son of Fitz Olborne. Thou art indeed happy, said he, in an emphatic accent.

Zulima stepped lightly across the apartment, and taking the infant in her arms
again, approached the King. Thous
must thank the condescention of our fovereign and thine, faid she, smiling ather innocent burden. My little Edward, own thy acknowledgments for his
goodness."

that his appellation?" "Even fo, my liege," answered Alan, "with those partion the prefemption of his parents in giving him a name, the first in their esti-

mation,

marion and the male honored appropriate the property of the binding the characters of the binding and the binding and the binding and the binding of the binding and the binding of the property of the property of the property of the property binding and the property between the binding and binding the property binding the binding and binding the binding

Mulina now propaned so entersia her revaled again inducted their harps in the failing bound once more failed jecund, and the vaulest hall rang with the praises of the heroig Edward. He continued in the California days, one of which had exceeded the menture of his purpose. The third morning he took a reluctant leave of his hosts, and was essented back to London thes too paryloung nebbs whom he had ordered to attend him.

when William, the fon of the usurping.
Walter

Walter (who had cominged fluce his are rival in England at the Lord De Grante in a defpiled-ableuries), was accused by an affortate, of confpiring against the flate and person of the King Edward, lefs inclined to fulpicion than to juffice, examined into the uffair with a forume lous impartiality. The levent of his enquiry was cauting William and his grandfire, the Lord De Gray, who was accufed, to be taken into cuttody. The fon: of Walter (vicious enough to imagine mitchief but not policifed of boldness fufficient to execute his delign, or wildon to conceal it), foon divulged all the circumflances of his guilt, yet fought to exculpate himfelf by accuring his mother and the Lord De Gray as the prime inflisgators. Methodor and less in the birth

This confession, which well proved the meanness of his heart; ferved line to mitigate the anger of this judges. He Lady Fitz-Osborne, and the Lord De Gray, were sentenced to die, and their

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betteriotice of offerbia perelling die Elfe litterente dowof the culpains Two days metro stranskil Edingral with City oftanians a pand thint i manarchie justificiani die berbarbupbik privisular ligiusias and the remembrance of those which the interceller had fuffered, fill cominged. differenced fring of Alang yasstereben of Antengibs pur hero gained the Queen to bid party, and their mutual supplicar sions prevailed. But life only could be obtained for the offenders ; they were leanthed and prohibited ander pain death from ever vifning England again; A bare competence to fultain natures which the King allowed them out of their confilered effaces, was chereafed by the munificance of Alan to an confiderable former days after their banish ment, Edward prefented Mureddin with the deeds of their effates, and willed him

to take the manger little Orbonal of her feel of the Boldson most who is all a feel of the property who is a state of the boldson most who is prifting in the bis is new acquired walfels; who by his affect is deposed them of their for merchanic them of their for merchanic terms and for merchanic terms and for merchanic terms and for merchanics as their pre-feel bloods and many of the merchanics.

The King, well acquainted with the difinterested spirit of Alan, was sensible thoughe benefits consensed on Maneddin were quore grateful to his hear, that it he himself had received them; solicitous atonce to oblige his friend; and to some income its new Fitzsolborns, he described at provide him within spoule who should attract his loud by her virtues, and entereste his fortune by her wealth. The fifter of Lord Pembroke, newly, introduced at cours, became the lady of his election. Fortunately the inclinations of Mineddin corresponded with his views, nor was the lady averse; their puptials

were former of the the Calle of Figure
Officers in Bore Track which with a Committee of the Calle of Figure
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Zelianta inches had the festively entirely the state with the distribution of designation with all the misch of designation of martial provess; at another the festive board, and sprightly dance called them to a softer relaxation. Sometimes Zolian and her female guests, habited in reral attire, would pace the velvet lawn in elegant rusticity, while Alan and the young nobles appeared as attendant swains,

At length this gay company departed from the Castle, and retired to their respective habitations. The rejoicings ceased, but neither apathy or lassitude succeeded. Alan and Zulima depended not on foreign aids for pleasure. Loving and

beloved:

beloved; —dispensing "the bleshings the others which they done to be active." In the caste and because they because, and infinitine endearments of the young to ward, adored by their dependants, tipe worth, adored by their dependants, tipe worth, adored by their dependants, tipe which to envy, and worthly of their hours received no shade, but from that metally sentiability, which regards the woest of short as its own, manually as a sunt only

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would pace the velver lawn in elegant rufficity, we will AM I at the young hobbes appeared as execudant fusions.

At length this gay company diparted from the Caffley and refred to their reference babications. If he rejoicings centred, but neither apathy or lathrade file centred. Also and Zaffink depender not on foreign side to pleasure. The my and beloved a beloved.

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